

The only newspaper in Washington with the Associated Press news every mornin' in the year.

The Washington Post.

Weather—Increasing cloudiness and not so cold today, followed by rain tonight and tomorrow; warmer tomorrow; moderate northeast and east winds.
Temperature yesterday—Highest, 31; lowest, 25.
Weather details on page 12.

NO. 18,436.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER POSTOFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WASHINGTON: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1926.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES

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TWO CENTS.

POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"The man who gets his education from the daily papers," says Josh Billings, "if he happens to miss one, has lost all he is going to know for the next 24 hours."

The year draws on to its close dripping with fat and the American people have to hire private secretaries to collect their dividends. As Mr. Dooley, of Archey road, remarked: "Th' defeat in Humanity be Prosperity was wan in th' results in th' illiction."

Forty years ago Grover Cleveland found himself with a \$300,000,000 surplus in the Treasury, and it worried him so he couldn't sleep nights until he had thought up tariff revision as the best way to get rid of it. The surplus is still where it was in 1886—and so is the Democratic party.

Three bandits stick up one of our leading bakers and the loafers get away with the dough.

King Ferdinand nowadays regards any operation as slight that doesn't involve an amputation of the crown.

Il Duce will teach Italy to play—Thus once did Cromwell strut his stuff a day.

Hail! Mussolini, while we garlands bring—You did not have to chop away a king.

The House prepares in a breath, so to speak, to honor the memory of "Uncle Joe" Cannon, and restore to places of power and prestige the "insurgents" who tore the old car from his throne. John M. Nelson, ringleader in the revolt against the Speakership sixteen years ago, can hardly wait to get his chairmanship. "And thus the whirligig of time brings in his revenges."

An historic lieber charge is nolle prossed in Alabama. Mr. Brandon seems to have considerable influence with the Governor.

The government at Canton has reached the point where if it will just stand still for a minute Great Britain can recognize it.

It's all very polite and full of senatorial courtesy and all that sort of thing for Senator Willis to offer Senator Ernst one of his mints, but how did such a stalwart dry happen to have 'em with him? The Antislavery league ought to look into this.

That Republican majority in the Senate recalls John Sharp Williams' story about the old Mississippi lady during the civil war, who so continually darned her silk stockings with cotton that by the time Lee surrendered they were all cotton. "But," concluded the famous raconteur, "so powerful was her imagination that she always referred to them as 'my silk stockings.'"

The mining congress should prove most diverting to those who are interested in deep stuff.

The strikes, riots, robberies, outrages and general disorders in China are encouraging evidence that our celestial friends are rapidly approaching the point where they are capable of self-government.

It seems that the 50-room mansion London presented to Consuelo Vanderbilt by her father is about to be divorced from the Duke of Marlborough.

Senators Curtis and Robinson, and Representatives Tilton and Garrett take a taxi up to the White House and notify President Coolidge that the trouble has begun.

Senator Simmons wears a black skull cap to the Capitol as a protection against poison ivy, but just whom does he suspect of getting ready to hand him a bouquet?

The Senator will get over a little thing like poison ivy, but if this had been a sign that he was for "Brother Charlie" Bryan in 1928 he probably never would recover.

Mussolini imposes a tax on Italian bachelors, but is most chivalrous when it comes to the spinsters. It's a wise dictator who knows when to quit dictating.

"The breaking waves dashed high. On a stern and rock-bound coast." "Even vessels are wrecked in a storm which sweeps New England. When the Pilgrim Fathers finally got ashore they probably thought that coast was Heaven."

Comptroller General McCall reports that "millions of dollars are being expended illegally by the government." What! With McCall on the job?

It is indeed gratifying to note that a Russian opera can be produced in Washington, but was Secretary Kellogg asleep at the switch?

NAVY PLANS SPARED AS OIL TESTIMONY OF ROBISON IS ENDED

\$50,000,000 Profit To U. S. Believed by Him in Doheny Contract.

CALLING OF WILBUR NOW NOT EXPECTED

Petroleum Company Shown Not Bidding Because It Had Lost in War Work.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

Cross-examination of Rear Admiral J. K. Robison by Owen J. Roberts, of government's special counsel, featured yesterday's proceedings in the Fall-Doheny conspiracy trial but the question of the navy's war plans in 1921-22 was not pressed. As a result, the international dynamite involved in the relationship between the protection of the Pacific and the Doheny Pearl Harbor contract was protected from further sparks and it may not be now necessary for the defense to call Curtis D. Wilbur, Secretary of the Navy, whose official order sealed the lips of Admiral Robison on Saturday.

Admiral Robison left the stand at 2:45 p. m. after Roberts and Atlee Pomeroy had punctuated his redirect examination by frequent objections which blocked his testimony concerning navy oil contracts and the method of awarding them prior to the Doheny contracts and leases.

The defense did succeed in getting before the jury Robison's statement that he believed the government would make \$50,000,000 through its contract with the Doheny Pan-American Co. and Wilton J. Lambert, counsel for Fall, succeeded in bringing out the fact that Japan had not ratified the Washington conference treaties prior to the December 11 contracts and that the policy of the Navy Department was not to divulge how much oil it had or was going to have either at Pearl Harbor or along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts.

Judge Sustains Lambert.

Roberts objected when Lambert asked Robison if the naval reserves were not originally set aside for the use of the navy but Justice Hoehling upheld Lambert and permitted the witness to answer.

"Yes," replied Robison.

"That was during the disarmament conference wasn't it?" continued Lambert.

"Do you know of the report made by Secretary Fall to the President of the United States while the disarmament conference was in session, referring to the oil situation in Hawaii?"

"Yes, sir, the oil situation in Hawaii," replied the witness.

This was the only pointed reference made to delicate international matters by the defense attorneys who have so far sought to stress the fact that navy war plans were responsible for the Doheny contracts and leases. The government's special counsel, on the other hand, referred to the Washington disarmament conference in order to make their point that the need for secrecy about war plans had been minimized at that time by the very fact that the disarmament conference was in session.

But counsel for the defense maintained that it would not have made a favorable impression on foreign powers if they had known of the Pearl Harbor project and other navy war plans being pressed to completion at the very time the disarmament conference was in session.

Character Witnesses Heard.

After Roberts completed his cross-examination, there were a few character witnesses placed on the stand for Doheny and the wind-up for the day was featured by a series of objections by government counsel followed by conferences of attorneys who huddled.

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COLUMN 2.)

FALL, SINCLAIR LOSE TEAPOT DOME APPEAL

Supreme Court Refuses to Relieve Defendants of Conspiracy Indictments.

(By the Associated Press.)

The government's oil counsel won another point in their long legal battle yesterday when the Supreme Court refused to grant Harry F. Sinclair and Albert B. Fall any relief from the criminal conspiracy proceedings pending against them.

These proceedings are somewhat similar to the case against Fall and Edward L. Doheny, now on trial here, except that in the Sinclair case the lease involved in that by which the Sinclair interests took over Teapot Dome.

After criminal conspiracy indictments against Fall and Sinclair had been returned, the defense demurred in the local court on the ground that an employee of the Department of Justice had been present in the jury room. The trial court sustained the demurrer, as did the Court of Appeals.



Memory Sketches of Figures in the Fall-Doheny Trial.

ROMANIA IS ALARMED OVER KING'S OPERATION

Public Uneasiness Not Allayed by Doctor's Optimism; Family Near.

CAROL BARRED BY QUEEN

Bucharest, Roumania, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Former Crown Prince Carol must remain away from Roumania. A family council composed of Queen Marie of Roumania, and her daughters, Queen Marie of Yugoslavia; former Queen Elizabeth of Greece, and Princess Ileana, and Prince Nicolas, has decided not to invite Carol to return, the king's condition not warranting it.

Several doctors remained in the palace over-night. Latest reports from the bedside say the king is "doing as well as could be expected for a man of his age, whose physique is enfeebled by long illness."

A minor operation on King Ferdinand was performed today by the French surgeon, Prof. Hartmann. Not more than a quarter of an hour was occupied in performing the operation.

Only the age of the patient justified giving the name "operation" to the minor incision which was made today, one of the doctors remarked. Official information was to the effect that the incision was nearly an inch and half long.

Queen Marie, Princess Ileana and Prince Nicolas awaited the outcome in (CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COLUMN 3.)

MOTORIST IS SHOT AS TWO HOLD UP CAR

Men Believed Hijackers, as They Make No Attempt at Robbery.

J. C. Coughlin, 26 years old, of Hyattsville, Md., was shot in the neck by hold-up men a short distance from Hyattsville last night while en route to Washington in an automobile. He was taken to Casualty hospital, where it was reported that his condition was believed not serious.

According to the story told police, Coughlin was on his way to the city with a friend when in the middle of a lonely stretch of road just out of Hyattsville his car was overtaken by another that forced him in a ditch.

The machine stopped, two men jumped out and ordered Coughlin and the youth with him to throw up their hands. They got out of their car and a fight ensued. One of the men in the holdup began firing, and Coughlin was wounded in the neck. The men entered their car and fled. Police offered the theory that the men may have been hijackers who mistook the car for one containing liquor, since apparently no effort was made at robbery.

Sacasa Is Nicaraguan President, Says Vaca

(By the Associated Press.)

Notice that J. B. Sacasa, former vice president of Nicaragua and now head of the liberal opposition to the Diaz government, recognized by the United States, had "assumed the presidency of Nicaragua," December 4, was transmitted to Secretary Kellogg yesterday by Dr. Seydell Vaca, Sacasa's representative in Washington. It evoked no comment from the State Department.

Notable Audience Attends Opening of Capital Opera

Jewels Flash as Stars Sing "Pique Dame" in Russian Before Brilliant Assemblage From Diplomatic, Official and Social Life.

Tschalkowsky's little known opera, "Pique Dame," was sung for the first time in Washington last night and for the second time in America in Russian at the new auditorium by the Washington National Opera Company assisted by a group of operatic stars, including Dmitri Smirnov, the famous Russian tenor, and Elena Rakovska, prima donna soprano, also of high European reputation.

A representative audience, drawn from officialdom, the diplomatic corps and society generally, as well as the music lovers of the city, assembled to witness the debut of the opera and the debut of the stars in Washington.

The boxes and main floor presented a brilliant spectacle rivaling in general effect the gala nights at the Metropolitan in New York in the display of beautiful gowns and jewels.

Many compliments were paid Edouard Albion, general director, and his wife, Peggy Albion, for their enterprise in giving Washington this novel operatic treat. At the close of the second act Albion was called to the stage to receive an ovation. Altogether it was an auspicious opening of the Washington National Opera's season and an augur, for the future success of the remainder of its opera program.

The various acts had the atmosphere of novelty for practically all of the audience, as nearly every one was totally unfamiliar with either the score or the music. The gems of the opera came to the audience with spontaneous rather than anticipated charm. It is said the opera has not been sung for fifteen years. Its other presentation in America was at the Metropolitan Opera house, March, 1910, when it was sung in German with Destinn, Slezak and Gluck in the cast. Last night's production in the native tongue of its composer, was monumental for that reason as well as for others.

An innovation was that the chorus also sang in Russian, it usually giving the ensemble work in English rather than in the general language of the particular opera. The effect was quite good, although Russian, spoken or sung.

Homes Dynamited; 12 Families Escape

Pittston, Pa., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Two three-story dwellings were dynamited early today. Twelve families escaped without serious injury.

The apartment house of Nicholas Marino, a former policeman, and Rizzo's meat market, across the street, also occupied as an apartment house, were wrecked, and the structure adjoining Marino's home was badly damaged.

Marino could give no reason for the dynamiting.

The sale price is reported to have been set at between \$70,000 and \$80,000, which is much below the cost of the house, one of the most magnificent mansions in England.

(The marriage of Consuelo Vanderbilt and the Duke of Marlborough recently was annulled by the Roman Catholic Church on the grounds that Miss Vanderbilt had been coerced into the marriage. The couple was divorced in 1920 and each has remarried since then.)

Ford Plants Resume Following Inventory

Detroit, Mich., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—All departments of the Ford Motor Co. factories here resumed work today after a brief shut-down for inventory, officials announced.

The company expects to be operating again on a full-time schedule before Christmas.

COUPLE LEAVE NOTES AND DROWN IN SURF

Mining Expert and Woman Die Together Swimming at Tampa.

Tampa, Fla., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Lewis F. Sweeney, 44, New York mining expert, and Mrs. I. Mainiot, 35, Port of Trinidad, were drowned yesterday, while swimming in the surf here. Each left a note naming relatives to be notified in case of accident.

Sweeney, formerly secretary to J. F. Stevens, who preceded Gen. Goethals as chief engineer of the Panama canal, and Mrs. Mainiot were registered at different hotels. Yesterday morning they were taken to the beach at Venice by M. L. Robb, a friend. While swimming together both were noticed to be in apparent distress and before aid could reach them they went under. Their bodies were recovered.

BLAST KILLS 5, HURTS 9 AT PLANT OF DU PONT

2,800 Pounds of Powder Lost in Explosion Opposite Wilmington, Del.

2 BUILDINGS ARE BURNED

Penns. Grove, N. J., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Five workmen were killed and nine injured in an explosion today of 2,800 pounds of powder at the Du Pont Powder Works at Carney's Point, N. J., opposite Wilmington, Del.

The dead were: William Tonden, Salem, N. J.; Ezra Herman, Deepwater, N. J.; John Kelly, Penns. Grove; George Wirtel, Penns. Grove; Winfield Blaes, Carney's Point.

The injured, all of whom are expected to recover, are: John Graham, Samuel Freas, Walter Keen, George Mills, John Loveless, Ralph Morris, Alfred Bradway, Fred H. Borden, James Kelley.

Further explosions were feared for a time because of the heavy blast. The explosion was followed by fire that swept quickly through two small buildings.

Men working in or near the buildings narrowly escaped with their lives. Those injured were carried out by fellow workmen, treated at the plant emergency hospital, and then sent to the hospital here.

KIDNAPING SCHOONER IS SEIZED BY MEXICO

U. S. Dry Agents Who Were Taken From New Orleans as Ship Fled, Are Safe.

New Orleans, La., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—The French run schooner Arzene J., which kidnapped J. B. Matthews, assistant prohibition administrator of the Gulf zone, and Petty Officer Handley, after the officers had captured the boat, has been retaken after a week's search. The schooner which made off with the coast guardsmen tonight is in custody of customs officers in Puerto, Mexico, a small port 100 miles southeast of Vera Cruz.

First word of the safety of the government representatives was received here late tonight in a cablegram from Matthews to O. D. Jackson, administrator. The message made plain that Handley also was safe.

The cablegram follows: "Arrived here today 10 a. m. with Arzene J. and crew. Handley from coast guard with me. Customs officer has schooner in custody. Crew of schooner in penalty. Took us out of intended course. Acting American Consul J. Starks. Cable instructions his care."

RAIN TO ELIMINATE CITY'S HEAVY SNOW

Weather Man Promises Higher Temperature to End Capital's Sledding.

The next offering from the skies will be rain, according to the weather bureau. It is expected to fall tonight. Today, the forecaster said, will be cloudy and warmer.

The mantle of snow that enveloped Washington Sunday was viewed with mingled feelings yesterday and last night. To the youngsters who had sleds it was a blessing. But to grown-ups that had to wade through slush after the sun came out it was quite the contrary.

Forecaster Weightman could not say for sure whether there would be sufficient snow for coasting tonight. The low temperature of last night converted many sidewalks into virtual skating ponds and made walking extremely perilous.

Chacon Wins Peaceful Guatemala Election

(By the Associated Press.)

The presidential election in Guatemala was carried out December 3, 4 and 5 "very peacefully," and Lazaro Chacon was elected by a large majority, said a message received last night by the Guatemalan legation.

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UTILITIES MEASURE PASSED; LIBERALIZED ANNUITY LAW ASKED

Bill for Construction of Stadium Here Seating 100,000 Offered.

Final passage was effected yesterday of the bill creating a new public utilities commission and the measure now goes to the President.

At the same time, Representative Lehigh, of New Jersey, introduced a bill providing for further liberalization of government employees' retirement, and Representative Gallivan, of Massachusetts, submitted a measure authorizing the construction of a stadium here to seat 100,000 persons.

Aside from Mr. Lehigh's retirement bill, Representative Campbell, of Pennsylvania, introduced one providing that regardless of what the retirement annuities are, 50 per cent of them are to continue to the dependents of beneficiaries after death.

The utilities measure, providing for two members not connected with the District government and the engineer commissioner, together with a people's counsel, was passed at the last session but was not engrossed. The necessary final touches were put to it yesterday. It will become law as soon as signed by the President.

Carries Salaries of \$7,500.

The civilian commissioners, to be appointed by the President, are to serve terms of three years each at annual salaries of \$7,500. This also will be the pay of the people's counsel, for which office William McK. Clayton, long identified with the utilities rights of the Federation of Citizens Associations, seems to be slated.

There is a provision in the bill that one of its members should be appointed for a term of two years commencing last July 1, as it was thought the bill would have been definitely passed by that time. This, however, according to legal authorities who have examined the measure, will not affect its passage at this time.

Mr. Lehigh's retirement bill follows in the main the measure which was supported by the government employees' organizations at the last session. It would use the figure 40 as the divisor in computing the annuities instead of 55, however, which would make the graduating annuities attainable under its provisions higher up to the maximum of \$12,000. The bill also carries the optional retirement feature at the end of 30 years' service. The employees would contribute 3 1/2 per cent as they are now doing under the terms of the bill passed at the last session which makes possible a maximum annuity of \$10,000.

Mr. Campbell's is a separate proposal designed to make retirement benefits (CONTINUED ON PAGE 3, COLUMN 6.)

GOVERNOR CLEARED AS DRY FINE IS PAID

Member of Brandon's Hunting Party Claims Ownership of Seized Liquor.

Hay Minnette, Ala., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Charges of violating the prohibition law against Gov. W. W. Brandon, seven of his friends and a negro servant were nolle prossed in county court here today after Jack Daniels, of Birmingham, the ninth member of the governor's party taken in a raid on a fishing camp where he was a guest, had pleaded guilty to ownership of thirteen quarts of whiskey seized in the camp.

Daniels was fined \$200 and costs, whereupon the other cases were dismissed on recommendation by Solicitor Hall in a trial which lasted only 45 minutes.

Gov. Brandon and four of his co-defendants did not appear in court. They were David R. Castleman and William H. Castleman, Louisville business men; Addison R. Smith, vice president of the Louisville & Nashville railroad; and Will R. Reed, negro servant. The others whose cases were dismissed were Charles P. Anderson, brother-in-law of Gov.-elect Bibb Graves; Atticus Mullin, newspaper man; both of Montgomery, and Joe Beth and Carr McCormick, both of Birmingham.

GOULD BRIBE CHARGE LAID BEFORE SENATE AS CONGRESS OPENS

Challenge by Walsh, of Montana, Is Surprise to Republicans.

LOWER HOUSE SEATS FOUR AND UPPER FIVE

President's Annual Message Expected to Be Sent to Capitol Today.

A brief flare-up accompanying the seating of Senator Arthur R. Gould, Republican, of Maine, which will be revived today, marked the otherwise tranquil and routine opening of Congress yesterday.

The Senate seated its five new members and adjourned in less than 30 minutes, out of respect to the late Senators Cummins, of Iowa, and Fernald, of Maine. It took the House 15 or 20 minutes longer to call its lengthy roll, then it made known that it, too, was ready for work, and adjourned, out of memory to the two senators, seating meanwhile its four new members.

President Coolidge was notified that Congress was ready to receive his message by a committee composed of Senators Curtis and Robinson, majority and minority leaders in the Senate, and Representatives Tilton and Garrett, party leaders in the House. It is expected the President's message will be delivered to the Capitol today by messenger.

The mere fact the House had a session, however, opened the bill hopper, which long after dark had the bill room clerks grappling with its contents.

The attack on the new Maine senator appeared unexpected to the Republicans and it is not believed more than three or four Democrats knew of it.

As Gould, tall and ruddy and with graying touches to his brown hair, stood before the Vice President to be sworn in, Senator Walsh, Democrat, of Montana, rose and said there were some charges concerning him he believed should not go unnoticed by the Senate.

Whereupon the newcomer was subjected, in the presence of the crowded galleries and amid a general atmosphere of amenities, to a recitation of the charge repeated in his campaign that he had bribed a former Canadian prime minister.

Mrs. Gould Hears Charges.

The recitation was embodied in a resolution which the Montana senator offered providing that while Gould be permitted to take the oath in the absence of any official information on the charges before the Senate, the privileges and elections committee be directed to investigate. Mrs. Gould sat in the gallery.

Standing before the dais with him were Senators Walsh, of Massachusetts; Flavel, of Missouri; Stewart, of Iowa, and Robinson, of Indiana, also waiting to take the oath, and Senators Curtis, majority leader; Robinson, of Arkansas, minority leader; Gillett, of Massachusetts, and Hale, of Maine, who were escorting them.

Senator Curtis promptly made the point of order that the oath-taking ceremony could not be interrupted, a point that may mean much in connection with the Democrats' planned attack on Vane and Smith, but Senator Moses of New Hampshire, relieved Vice President Dawes of the necessity of ruling on it by pointing out that the resolution under the rules should go over until today.

Gould afterward said the incident had not embarrassed him in the least and apparently it did not. He gave the appearance of a veteran campaigner, the back of whom sheds attacks as a duck sheds water. His natural features when set, as they were, formed a disadvisable scorn.

No Significance, Says Walsh.

The Republicans believed at first some carefully planned strategy was involved in the unusual time which Senator Walsh selected for the presentation of his resolution, but later study disclosed and Senator Walsh said there was no significance in it.

Sensor Walsh explained it was the first opportunity he had before Gould was seated. It was not believed to be a party move.

The attack, staged as it was, however, did give the new senator the maximum of a Democratic burn.

While the resolution will come in for some debate today, undoubtedly, after the President's message has been disposed of, the Republicans do not plan to contest its adoption and an inquiry will follow. Thus the minority party will have something to harp on while biding their time for the scalps of Senators-elect Smith and Vane.

All save the diplomatic gallery was filled with spectators on the Senate side while the galleries which encircle the more expansive House chamber did not show a gap.

On the Senate floor were Attorney General Barger, Secretary of State Kellogg, former Senator Smith, of Michigan, and others. Senator Blaes, of South Carolina, in his preferred gray suit, was first at his desk, angering a stack of papers which encumbered it. Senator Copeland, of New York, stood out astorically with the characteristic red rose in his lapel, while the return of Senator Walsh, of Massachusetts, (CONTINUED ON PAGE 4, COLUMN 6.)

USE OF WAR CASES OPPOSED BY BURTON AT PEACE MEETING

Representative favors Treaty to Prohibit Poisonous Fumes in Future.

PROPOSES TO MAINTAIN BUREAU FOR DEFENSE

Columbia Professor Lays Down Economic Evils as Cause of Clashes.

That the United States sign the treaty for the prohibition of poisonous gases in warfare, but retain a chemical bureau in which to develop poisonous gases for defense purposes, was the recommendation of Representative Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio, before the conference on the cause and cure of war held by nine national women's organizations at the session last night in the Washington hotel.

The country should be able to defend itself, Representative Burton said, but the event some nation broke faith, or another refused to become a party to the treaty, and for that reason should maintain a chemical bureau for the sake of preparedness. No nation that really desired peace, he said, would wish to retain such an instrument of war. Representative Burton scoffed at the contention of poisonous gas advocates that it is "humane." He said:

"That argument is disproved by the fact that tens of thousands of young men in this country are still suffering from the effects of being gassed. This contention overlooks the terrible destruction of life, and the fact that non-combatants are endangered."

Peace Plan Proposed.

Dr. James T. Shotwell, of the Carnegie Institute for International Peace, advocated a plan for peace, by which the President, acting upon a joint resolution of both Houses of Congress, could issue a proclamation to the effect that the shipment of war materials to an aggressor nation that had broken the peace of Locarno would be extended not to the nation attacked.

Possibly two years hence, he submitted, an international conference could be held for the revision of international law, particularly the laws concerning neutrality, whereby among other things this plan could be extended to all nations, and none provide arms to the aggressor without becoming an accomplice in the aggression.

To make the policy of the transgressor hard is the policy of seekers of peace in Europe, Norman Angell, English lecturer and author, declared. He declared that the "deprecatory" attitude of Europe in requesting this country to join the League of Nations, and "pull her out of a mess she has created," Europe should solve her own tangle first, he declared.

Capital Cases Fear.

Prof. Edward Mead Earle, of Columbia university, declared that the great barrier to disarmament is fear, and that any program for disarmament must first have to remove this fear, which he explained is centered less in invasion than in the attendant circumstances which the war might bring.

In answer to another question, Prof. Earle said that the increase of American investments abroad tends to promote and intensify this fear, especially in countries whose plan could be extended to all nations, and none provide arms to the aggressor without becoming an accomplice in the aggression.

Calls Nationalism Absurd.

The latter, he declared, is a "mathematical impossibility," and can never be attained by any nation. It is the course that has been pursued by nations for centuries, he said, but can not now go on. The spirit of nationalism, he asserted, has run into "absurdities," and a program for peace must strive to "mitigate" these, as well as it must endeavor to avert the course of the nations from this effort to attain "self-sufficiency."

The assistance of American statesmen could best be given by "constructive proposals," he said. He declared that a general "hands-off" policy would tend to promote world peace, but that nations would not follow it.

Special Police Squad To Hunt Shoplifters

A special squad of 35 picked men from all precincts in the city was organized yesterday to fight shoplifting in downtown stores during the Christmas season. Members of the squad, which will be commanded by Headquarters Detective Edward Kelley, will be placed in every large downtown store today.

The policemen will be attired in citizens' clothes and are ordered to watch every suspect. Last year the squad headed by Kelley arrested more than 80 shoplifters during December.

Tavern Proprietor Faces Dance Charge

Stuart C. Browne, proprietor of the Toll House Tavern, on the Coleville road, near Silver Spring, Md., was arraigned in the Rockville police court Saturday on a charge of allowing dancing in the tavern on Sunday. He was arrested late Sunday night by Policemen Earl Burdine and Guy L. Jones.

The policemen said that when they entered the tavern, approximately 20 couples, most of whom were from Washington, were dancing to the strains of the tavern's orchestra. Browne was taken before Justice of the Peace Samuel R. Kyle, of Takoma Park, and deposited \$75 collateral for his appearance in court.

Couple Elope Second Time After Four Years

Dick Leibert and Miss Mary McClintic Drive to Baltimore for Marriage.

FIRST WEDDING ANNULED

"Love will find a way," laughed Dan Cupid last night, as Dick Leibert, theater organist and dance orchestra leader sped on his way to New York on a second honeymoon with his bride, the former Miss Mary McClintic, daughter of the Representative from Oklahoma, following their elopement to Baltimore, and marriage in the Old St. Paul's rectory, yesterday afternoon.

The two were married in Marlboro, after a similar elopement, four years ago, but their marital bliss lasted only one day, the parents of the bride objecting to the plan. The bride was then the grounds that their daughter was not of age.

"If four years from now you still care the same for each other, I will give my consent to the match," Representative McClintic is quoted as saying.

The eloping couple decided not to ask for the parental blessing yesterday, however, and neither Mrs. McClintic, residing in the city, nor the bridegroom, who is now in the city, were present at the wedding.

After hastily packing for the trip, the couple sped down to Baltimore by Mr. and Mrs. Walter Emory Dougherty, to whom their plans had been known for some time.

Arriving in Baltimore at 3:55 o'clock, the party proceeded immediately to the courthouse, where Leibert procured a license. He gave his age as 23 and that of the bride as 21.

Mrs. McClintic received her first word of the match last night when called by newspaper men.

"I am not prepared to make a statement until I have my daughter's word that it is true. I desire her happiness more than anything else, but I had hoped that she would finish college before taking such a step." The bride was in her junior year at George Washington university.

Prof. Earle declared that two of the major tendencies among nations in recent years are "discouraging" to a program for peace. These are the spirit of nationalism which is a marked development since the war, and the striving for "self-sufficiency" by the powers, in which they try to be economically independent, consuming what they produce, and able to produce their own necessities.

Commissioners Hit Group of Citizens

Traffic Director's Auto Tag Control

Regulation Changed to Check Preferential Treatment in License Distribution.

WHOLE POWER VESTED IN WADE COOMBS' OFFICE

Reservation of Special Low Numbers for Friends of Officials Eliminated.

The District commissioners, on motion of Lieut. Col. J. Franklin Bell, yesterday did away with the special handing out of automobile license tags bearing low numbers to friends of District officials, lodging sole dispensing of tags with Wade Coombs, superintendent of licenses, who is charged by law with responsibility for their issuance.

This action was taken as a result of recent developments which called for attention of the commissioners to the fact that Director of Traffic M. E. Eldridge last year kept in his office the tags numbered from 1 to 999, inclusive, reserving those numbers for persons who applied to him personally for preferential treatment in the matter of tags.

In addition to these, former Commissioner Cuno H. Rudolph had personal charge of issuing licenses numbered from 1 to 99, inclusive.

Regulation is Amended.

When the new plan of restricting license numbers to figures with four digits, by prefacing the numbers with letters, was adopted, the commissioners included in the regulation governing the matter a provision that tags numbered from 1 to 1,000 be reserved for distribution by the commissioners, including those to be issued for embassy cars, and that A1 to A1000 be reserved for noncommercial cars belonging to the United States and District governments.

These provisions were amended yesterday to read as follows:

Licenses numbered 1 to 1,000 and A1 to A1,000 for commercial cars belonging to the United States and District governments, including numbers to be assigned to cars of foreign embassies and legations."

The word "for distribution by the commissioners" as applied to tags 1 to 1,000, were stricken out.

Right to Stop Cars for Liquor Upheld

No Warrant Needed if Intoxicated Are Found, Appeals Court Decides.

Prohibition agents and police may take a "sporting chance" in stopping and searching automobiles suspected of carrying liquor, and if they find proof of violation, they need not obtain a warrant to establish the legality of the arrest and seizure, the Court of Appeals decided yesterday.

The decision arose in the appeal of Morris Cohn from a sentence of 90 days in jail for a charge of unlawful possession and transportation of liquor. The case originated from a "hunch" of a police officer, who saw Cohn, who was stopped on a highway near the city, and who saw that Cohn had been mugged in liquor cases. Cohn was stopped on a highway near the city, and who saw that Cohn had been mugged in liquor cases.

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OLSON GIRL KILLED BY MISSING YOUTH, INQUEST JURY SAYS

Verdict Based Chiefly on the
Letter Found With Body
in Shallow Grave.

BRING MONEY, HE SAID,
IN ELOPEMENT LETTER

Murder Victim Urged Father
of Boy to Require Him to
Marry Her.

Prairie du Chien, Wis., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Basing its verdict on a letter revealing plans for an elopement, a coroner's jury within ten minutes tonight decided that Clara Olson, farmer's daughter, was beaten to death by her sweetheart, Erdman Olson, 18, Gale college student, who is sought.

The jury's verdict was unnecessary to hold the 18-year-old youth for murder, however, as a warrant charging that crime was issued last week before the authorities were positive she was dead.

He has been missing since September 27. A few days after the warrant was issued her body was found in a shallow grave near the youth's home.

The letter on which the jury based its findings was found on the girl's body and gave elaborate plans for the elopement, which was to be a marriage, the letter was unsigned, but the writing was identified as Erdman's by the girl's sister.

The letter, which was read by District Attorney G. S. Earl, follows: "Dear friend—I suppose you think me awfully neglectful but I have been to the hospital for a while and had a couple of operations."

"I have decided that the time is ripe for us to show action. Now we'll not leave for good, but will go and get the money over with and then come back in a week or so and let them know, if they don't know. Of course, we'll have to wait a while, but I thought we could skip. You'll have to ask your brother to take you down to Seneca to the dance Sept. 9, and I will get you there."

"Then go to Hendrum, Minn., which is the same as Winona. Do not take any more clothes than what you wear, as taking more will cause suspicion, but try to get as much cash as possible that is necessary for us to wish to make a pleasant trip of it. I have some myself, of course."

Told Her to Leave Hall.

"I will be at Seneca between 9 and 10 o'clock and when you see me, leave the hall and walk up the street until I will get you."

DIED

TRUMAN—On Saturday, December 4, 1926, at Falls Church, Va., LIZZIE HENNING, 75 1/2, in the seventy-sixth year of her age.

Funeral services at the funeral parlors, 3034 M street, Georgetown, on Tuesday, December 7, at 10:30 a. m. Interment private.

CHAMBERLIN—On Sunday, December 5, 1926, at Rockville, Md., MARY M. CHAMBERLIN, aged sixty-six years.

Remains will be removed from last residence, 1711 Lander place, on Wednesday, December 8, at 1 p. m., for interment at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

COLFORD—On Sunday, December 5, 1926, at her residence, 1303 Park road, N. W., Mrs. J. M. Colford, beloved wife of Edward M. Colford.

Funeral from her late residence, on Wednesday, December 8, at 10:30 a. m. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

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Dreaming of a Body, He Unearths Skeleton

Lebanon, Pa., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Dreaming night after night of a body buried in his cellar crying "dig me out, dig me out, I've been here 40 years," John Wentzel went to the cellar and found a skeleton buried near the foot of the stairs.

Wentzel reported his find to the police; also what impelled him to make the search. He is to be questioned as to how he came to locate the bones on his first response to the alleged call from the dead.

The bones are those of an adult. The Wentzel home is on the border of what was once a cemetery. Evidence of a box, found with the body, gave some color to speculation that the body may have been properly buried.

Wentzel and his family have lived at the place 8 years. The bones were evidently in the ground upward of 15 years.

I find you and remember that everything is on the "Q" rule. So write a note and leave some place where it can be found in a day or so and say that you are going away for a while but not to worry as you'll be back some day, but don't mention why you are going nor my name.

"If you can't come to the dance, sneak out of the house about 12:30, and come toward the road. If I am not there keep on going until I meet you. Don't let any one see you. Please destroy this letter and all my other letters and act hard toward me to your folks."

"Do as I have asked you to do and everything will be O. K. If you don't, your child might be shot and I might make a scarce hubby. So if you wish to avoid disgrace do as I say and keep him. See you tonight, as ever, as usual."

"But remember to do as I say and destroy all my letters."

Followed Instructions.

Alice, Clara's sister, at the inquest today, told how Clara burned all of the letters but the two which were found in the bosom of her dress at the autopsy.

The second letter was an old one, written in pencil and wholly indiscernible.

District Attorney Earl followed the reading of the letter by reading the note left by the girl when she vanished, written almost word for word after Erdman's instructions. He pointed out that she followed directions in every particular, slipping from home at the stipulated hour and disappearing.

Most of the witnesses at the inquest repeated the story of the girl's flight, her disappearance, the father's search for her, Erdman's return, and the girl's college after a visit from Clara's father and finally the discovery of the body by a searching party last Thursday.

The only new evidence at the inquest was offered by Albert Olson, Erdman's father, who told that Clara had written him and his wife last August, begging them to make Erdman marry her because she expected a baby soon after Christmas.

She Refused to Leave Home.

The boy's father said he sent his son to the girl and told him to take her to a physician for an examination, but that she refused to leave her father's home. His only conversation with his son after that time about the girl, Albert said, was when he told the boy that he had not been responsible for Clara's condition because he had been completing his junior year at Gale college and was not at home until late in April, 1926.

Clara's funeral will be held tomorrow with services first at the home and then at Grace Lutheran church. Search for young Olson, in progress since before the body was found, has lagged with failure of officials to identify any of more than a dozen suspects held in various parts of the country.

Authorities have asked navy officials at Washington to investigate reports that the boy joined the navy under an assumed name and have broadcast his description to many cities.

Mrs. Albert Olson related that after their son returned to school about September 28, he asked in his first letter home "has the party who made his disappearance come back?" In a second letter he asked that his parents send his clothes and described himself as "very busy." In his last letter, he said Chris Olson, and "visitors" had been to see him.

"Did Not Have Rolls of Money."

Erdman's mother said Clara's father and then he had men making inquiries at Gale college about the boy and that he understood the youth had "rolls of money."

"I told him he was not the truth," the mother said, adding that her son did not have much money when he left school.

"You don't know what he might have been doing," she was asked. "He was going to school."

"But he might have been doing something else."

"Not when he was under supervision."

The district attorney pressed no further into reports which have come to him that the boy had been known to sell liquor around his community and that he possibly had engaged in such activities at college.

DIED

ELLIOTT—On Monday, December 6, 1926, at his residence, 811 North Washington, Limback, 2929 N. street northwest, MARY E. ELLIOTT, 62, wife of John H. Elliott, and daughter of the late John H. Elliott.

Funeral from above address on Thursday, December 9, at 10:30 a. m. to Mt. Olivet cemetery, where mass will be said at 11 a. m. Interment at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

GASKINS—On Monday, December 6, 1926, at his residence, 811 North Washington, CHARLES H. GASKINS, 87, beloved husband of Mary A. Gaskins (nee Mullin).

Funeral services at family residence, Cherry Lane, Va., on Thursday, December 9, at 11 a. m.

JONES—On Sunday, December 5, 1926, at 2 p. m., at the residence of his wife, Mrs. Jones, 1009 D street northwest, ANNE J. JONES, 62, beloved wife of John H. Jones (see Mullin).

Funeral from above residence on Tuesday, December 7, at 10:30 a. m. to Mt. Olivet cemetery, where mass will be said at 11 a. m. Interment at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

McCLURE—On Monday, December 6, 1926, at 10:30 a. m., at her residence, 1470 Street place northwest, ANNE J. McCLURE, 62, beloved wife of John H. McClure (see Mullin).

Funeral from above residence on Tuesday, December 7, at 10:30 a. m. to Mt. Olivet cemetery, where mass will be said at 11 a. m. Interment at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

PUMPHREY—On Saturday, December 4, 1926, at 2 p. m., at her residence, 1470 Street place northwest, ANNE J. PUMPHREY, 62, beloved wife of John H. Pumphrey (see Mullin).

Funeral will be held on Tuesday, December 7, at 10:30 a. m. to Mt. Olivet cemetery, where mass will be said at 11 a. m. Interment at Mt. Olivet cemetery.

STRIKES AND RIOTS FOLLOW MARCHING ARMIES OF CHINESE

American Merchants Suffer
at Swatow; Demands of
Warlords Resisted.

RADICALS AT FOCHOW
BATTLE THROUGH NIGHT

Weak Vengeance on Sleuths
Who Opposed Them Before
City Was Captured.

Peking, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Strikes, riots and radical agitation are following in the wake of the marching armies in China's civil war, which has embroiled most of the provinces of the vast country.

Merchants, oppressed by militarist demands, have formed an association in the three provinces of Anhwei, Chekiang and Kiangsu to resist these levies of funds with a general strike and refusal to pay taxes.

Nearly all of the American firms of Swatow, in the province of Kwangtung, from which the Cantonese a few months ago began their victorious northward march, are suffering from strikes or have been threatened with them.

Thousands of students of radical proclivities through the streets of Fochow, virtually in control of the affairs of that capital of Fukien province following its evacuation by the troops of Marshal Sun Chuan-fang and the entry of the Cantonese soldiers, with whose nationalization program they sympathize.

Sun's Troops Retreat.

Many student riots took place Saturday and Sunday. The disorder and confusion was heightened by mob who, attempting to arrest members of the defeated Fukien government, broke into British and Japanese properties. Sufficient Cantonese troops have not entered Fochow to preserve order, but the southern flag has been hoisted and their officials have replaced Sun's appointees.

Thousands of troops who remained loyal to Sun Chuan-fang retreated from the city toward the Chekiang province frontier. They are expected to join the forces there in resisting the intended invasion of that province by the Cantonese. Foreigners in Fochow have not been molested.

The situation at Hankow is better. Belated dispatches, interrupted by disorganized means of communication, stated that the general strike called for last Saturday had not materialized. Many industrial disputes had been settled, but some employers were concerning their methods to combat unreasonable demands.

Students Weak Vengeance.

Fochow, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Fochow students who had sympathized with the Cantonese swept through the city unopposed after the southern army had routed the defending northern army and took advantage of the change in regime to wreak vengeance on sleuths. Several detectives who aided in convicting them of radical activities have been killed.

An outstanding victim was Chang Kuo-hua, a Christian police official who had been instrumental during the past year in the arrest of many leaders of the student body, and a student organization. A mob of students surrounded Chang Kuo-hua in the office of the Osaka Shooka Kaisha, Japanese Steamship Co., which he had fled, hoping to escape to Formosa.

An all-night battle ensued. The students paraded the body through the streets, and the police, who were armed and ready, but he defended himself valiantly until his ammunition was exhausted. Then he was captured and killed.

Throughout the following day the students paraded the body through the streets, and the police, who were armed and ready, but he defended himself valiantly until his ammunition was exhausted. Then he was captured and killed.

British Are Reassured.

London, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—News that the threatened general strike in Hankow has failed to materialize and that the situation there has become easy enough to make it likely that British marines will withdraw from the foreign concession, has removed a great deal of anxiety from official quarters and the public mind.

These developments were interpreted here as indicating that the Cantonese government has an effective hold on the situation. That the government, however, is fully alive to the still existing seriousness of the question was seen in the fact that Premier Baldwin today assumed personal control of the foreign office during the absence of Foreign Secretary Sir Austen Chamberlain in Geneva, with a special eye to Chinese policy.

Former Premier J. Ramsay MacDonald, the labor leader, today added his voice to that of former Premier David Lloyd George and the liberal and labor press, in opposing the employment of coercion in China and advocating an attempt to negotiate with the Chinese government. In a statement to the press, Mr. MacDonald expressed the opinion that the government at Canton had reached a point where Great Britain can recognize it.

FILIPINOS OPEN FIGHT
OVER CONTROL BOARD

Quezon's Group Recognized
by Coal Company in Test
of Power.

Manila, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Two boards of directors were named today by the National Coal Co., opening the fight between Gov. Wood and legislative leaders over the chief executive order abolishing the insular board of control.

The governor general was put on the defensive when Alberto Barretto, president of the company, recognized the board appointed by Manuel Quezon, president of the senate, and Speaker Roxas of the house, both of whom were excofmo members of the board of control as originally created. This move was that Gov. Wood will be obliged to bring quo warranto proceedings in court in the attempt to force recognition of his appointees.

When Wood abolished the board he announced he would take over its duties. Quezon and Roxas refused to accept the order, and held a separate meeting today to vote the government stock. Wood, who is recuperating from the effects of a recent operation, is at Baguio, and was represented by his chief counsel, Fred C. Fisher.

MINISTERS HOPEFUL FOR A RHINE ACCORD FOLLOWING PARLEY

Stresemann Is Optimistic;
Vandervelde Says They
Will Agree.

LEAGUE COUNCIL OPENS
ITS DECEMBER SESSION

Canton Party Presents Claim
to Sole Right to Represent
All of China.

Geneva, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Abolition of interlarded military control in Germany is believed to be a step nearer realization, although the "big five" powers, meeting in secret conference today, failed to reach an agreement.

The powers represented were Great Britain, France, Germany, Belgium and Italy. Sir Austen Chamberlain, British foreign secretary, acted as chairman. On emerging from the conference the statesmen appeared hopeful.

Gustav Stresemann, German foreign minister, who came to Geneva rather downcast, but hopeful that what German wanted would be granted, seemed more optimistic than at any time since his arrival.

M. Vandervelde, Belgian foreign minister, remarked: "It was not so bad. An agreement will be reached."

M. Briand of France, had nothing to say, and Signor Scialoja, appearing in behalf of Premier Mussolini, of Italy, was equally silent. The communiqué contained this comment: "We are satisfied with the progress made. We will have further meetings, and hope that an agreement will be reached."

League Meeting Is Opened.

This conference of the "big five" was subsequent to the opening session of the forty-third council of the league, which is to take under consideration the relations between Germany and the other powers, particularly with respect to the Rhineland occupation and interlarded military control in Germany.

With respect to military control, the German spokesman said that if the modernization of the German army along the Polish frontier alone was holding back French and Polish acquiescence in the plan to substitute investigation of Germany's armaments by the League of Nations for interlarded control, Germany was willing to blow up the fortress improvements, because fortresses without heavy artillery were valueless anyway.

It is generally thought that Dr. Stresemann would prefer to come to some terms with the other powers in the way of conversations rather than the interlarded business was transacted by the council. Lack of definite news from the ambassadors council in Paris hampered further progress tonight, but the conversations will continue tomorrow.

The foreign ministers also discussed the internal situation in China, which was brought strikingly to the attention of this session by the Canton party's communications. Canton said that it alone has the right to negotiate new treaties, to replace the old and "unfair" treaties. This communication, in the form of a petition, was presented by the European delegation of the Kuomintang party, in behalf of the Cantonese government. The petition denounces the Peking government as not representing the desires of the Chinese people.

Death of McKinley

A Matter of Hours

Martinsville, Ind., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Senator William B. McKinley, of Ohio, was reported by his attending physician to be slowly dying late today at the Homelan sanitarium here.

Dr. Robert H. Egbert said that "the end is not far off." That it was only a question of hours. "The senator is, in fact, slowly dying now," the physician added.

Sensor McKinley took a sudden turn for the worse this morning. He spoke much weaker than usual and continued to sink throughout the day as his heart action showed signs of failing. His extreme weakness, however, has been due to his inability to take nourishment, Dr. Egbert said.

Fascisti Will Control

All Sport Activities

Rome, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Sporting activities in Italy henceforth will be under the control of the fascist party.

After a lengthy inquiry into the operation of the various clubs and associations, Secretary-General Turati announced tonight that he had ordered the national Olympic committee to become an instrument of the party.

Deputy Ferretti, president of the Olympic committee, will be ordered by the secretary of the party, and the committee will be empowered with direct supervision of all the sporting and physical educational activities of the nation.

Palm Olive-Peet Soap

Merger Up for Vote

Chicago, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Tentative plans for the consolidation of the Palm Olive Soap Co., large manufacturer of toilet soap, and the Peet Bros. Soap Co., manufacturers of laundry soaps, were announced here tonight by Charles S. Pearce, president of the Palm Olive Co., whose headquarters are here. The proposal has been submitted to stockholders for a vote, December 17.

According to B. H. Masse, vice president of the Palm Olive Co., the consolidation would make the proposed Palm Olive-Peet Soap Co., the second largest in the country. The capitalization and assets of the proposed company will be around \$45,000,000.

3 Youths Get \$50,000

In a 4-Hour Robbery

St. Paul, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Three youths, believed by police to be Easters, blasted open three safes in the Schuneman & Mannheim department store early today, obtaining \$50,000 in currency and bonds valued at \$15,000. They worked for 4 hours.

When Wood abolished the board he announced he would take over its duties. Quezon and Roxas refused to accept the order, and held a separate meeting today to vote the government stock. Wood, who is recuperating from the effects of a recent operation, is at Baguio, and was represented by his chief counsel, Fred C. Fisher.

Consider—

The Convenience

and Economy

of a reliable

supply of

good milk

at the

neighborhood

store

—then

particulate

on

Simmons Milk

—at all grocers

—at all times

JULIUS GARFINCKEL & Co.

WASHINGTON
PARIS

New Furs
Are Arriving Here
Constantly

OUR customers have been so very enthusiastic over our furs, and we have sold so many this season, that we have been continually on the alert for new, different models to replenish our stocks.

WE have NOW a most unusual beautiful assortment of coats in fine broad-tail, mink, ermine, caracul, squirrel and seal, also sports coats in leopard, leopard cat, civet cat, Australian opossum and raccoon.

F STREET CORNER OF 13TH

5 WOMEN ARE AMONG 11
NAMED ON CANTON JURY

One Still to Be Chosen to Try
McDermott in Killing
of Mellett.

ANGRY AT HIS BROTHERS

Canton, Ohio, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Eleven tentative jurors were selected today at the opening of Patrick Eugene McDermott's trial for the murder of Don R. Mellett, Canton publisher, slain on the night of July 16.

Opposition to capital punishment and the opinions of McDermott's guilt resulted in the dismissal of 16 of the 34 veniremen examined. When Common Pleas Judge Edwin H. Diehl dismissed court for five women and six men had been temporarily seated, with prospects of an additional venire of 75 being called before the jury is completed.

ROBISON COMPLETES STORY AS IN 3 DAYS STAND

Proud of It, He Says, Furnishing
Key to Contract
Efforts.

ROBERTS DISCONCERTED
BY CANDOR OF ADMIRAL

Defense Fails to Progress as
Smoothly After He Ends
Testimony.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.

Rear Admiral J. K. Robison, star witness for the defense in the trial of Albert B. Fall and Edward L. Doherty on the charge of conspiracy in criminal division No. 1, concluded yesterday his three-day story from the witness stand.

Along toward the closing minutes of his testimony he turned from his own mouth the key to everything he had to bring about the Pearl Harbor contracts and the character of his testimony when he said: "I am proud of it."

The fullness of the former navy officer's pride in the accomplishment of what he believed a necessary mission was better illustrated by the reaction of the questions which just preceded the statement.

"The records of the navy council, when you were placed in charge of fuel matters," said one of the government counsel, "show Secretary Denby said, in regard to the leasing question, 'It is full of dynamite and I don't want to have anything to do with it.' Is that correct?"

"Yes," replied Admiral Robison.

"But he did have something to do with it," asked the government counsel.

"He did," said Admiral Robison, "and I am proud of it."

The same spirit characterized Admiral Robison's testimony from start to finish. It was evident from his words and the way in which he said it that he was convinced as far as he was concerned that he had done nothing wrong and that he believed the navy and the nation required for its security.

He presented the constant picture of a navy man fighting for the navy's share and holding the navy's interests paramount.

He gave the impression through word and action that he was sincerely convinced that what he obtained from Doherty was what the navy needed then and he even said that he was going to the international situation, which was his motive in 1921, that the same set of facts could be applied to the present.

Admiral Robison was on most occasions more than willing to take the responsibility for what had been done and at times took an even greater burden of responsibility for the progress of negotiations than the government wished.

He was, moreover, not in the least concerned with such discrepancies as the government might be able to show between his testimony now and in the civil suit in Los Angeles.

He said in that trial he was not trying to square his statements with anything he might say in the present trial, but only telling the truth to the best of his recollection.

Pride Disconcerts Roberts.

When that statement was called to his attention yesterday he reaffirmed his position with the explanation that he was unable to recall all of the events which happened five years ago or those of two years ago, but that he could only tell what to the best of his recollection he believed now to be true.

The very evident pride that Admiral Robison took in what had been done and his candor in explaining those events which he could remember served in a measure to disarm the government, but it was impossible either to shake the belief of Robison in what he had done or to confuse the witness by reference to what he previously had said on the stand.

It was evident to the courtroom that Admiral Robison started out with the conviction that the government was wrong and that he was right. He was not a man who was easily disconcerted, and he was not a man who was easily misled.

He was a man who was sincere and who was honest. He was a man who was proud of his work and who was proud of his country.

He was a man who was brave and who was courageous. He was a man who was loyal and who was devoted.

He was a man who was wise and who was thoughtful. He was a man who was kind and who was gentle.

He was a man who was strong and who was firm. He was a man who was gentle and who was kind.

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ROBISON'S STORY TESTIMONY CONCLUDES

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

about the judge's bench in order to argue points without being heard by the jury.

Lionel T. Barneson, president of the General Petroleum Co., was the last witness of the day and he was still on the stand when an early adjournment at 4 o'clock was taken in order that Doherty, who is still suffering from an infected arm which he carries in a sling, might return to the care of his physicians.

The General Petroleum Co. was one of the large oil companies which declined to enter into the Pearl Harbor contract and the lease of the Elk Hills reserve, and Hogan tried hard to use this witness to offset the charge in the government's indictment that specific companies, including the General Petroleum, were excluded in favor of the Pan-American.

"Would your company have entered into that lease with the United States?" Hogan asked, shortly after the 3 o'clock recess.

"I object, if your honor please," interjected Roberts. "It is certainly irrelevant what some companies would or would not have done."

Hogan reads indictment.

Hogan read the indictment, showing the specific reference to the General Petroleum Co. But Roberts still objected. The court sustained the objection, whereupon Hogan called for another huddle about the judge's bench.

As these huddles became more and more frequent, in consequence of repeated objections by government counsel, there was a suggestion of calling in the in-lieu of consultation.

When counsel returned to their respective places Hogan continued:

"Mr. Barneson, were you present at any conference among officials of your company and Mr. Bain in Los Angeles in 1922?"

The witness said he was present at such a conference.

"What did Mr. Bain say in substance?" asked Hogan.

"I object," interposed both Pomerene and Roberts before the witness could reply. There was more argument among counsel and the court sustained the objection.

"Why did your company not accept Bain's offer, aside from the legal question?" persisted Hogan. This question followed another huddle about the bench in the course of which Hogan had presumably informed the judge of the nature of the reply which the witness would make.

Company Lost in War Contract.

Barneson, when permitted to answer, said his company had had a contract with the government during the war and had sustained a Joseph sustained.

"And you thought we had had enough of government contracts," the witness added.

After Barneson said he knew Doherty and that his reputation for honesty, integrity and patriotism "was the best in the State," he was asked by Hogan:

"Can you tell us the profit per barrel derived from refining, producing and marketing oil in your company in 1922?"

"I object," said Roberts.

Hogan promised to link the pertinency of this testimony up but Roberts still objected and the court sustained him. There was another huddle and court then adjourned.

George L. Cochran, president of the Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co., and identified with other business and civic activities, and a Methodist active in church work, John Joseph Cantwell, Roman Catholic bishop residing at Los Angeles, were put on the stand by Hogan as character witnesses for Doherty. Both testified to his honesty, integrity and patriotism.

Shortly after the lunch recess Roberts led up to the cross-examination of Admiral Robison, which proceeded as follows:

Pressed by Public Inquiry.

Q. Well now, admiral, you say you took this up with Mr. Doherty because of the great use that was then on your mind for getting this storage built and built promptly?—A. Yes.

Q. You thought that there was some kind of a public necessity for it?—A. I do.

Q. As part of the defense plans of the United States?—A. I do.

Q. Yes. You had talked that over with the secretary of the navy, didn't you?—A. Yes.

Q. Did you take it up with Congress?—A. I did not.

Q. Did you take it up with anybody else?—A. With anybody else—yes, sir.

Q. Did you take it up with the operations of the Navy Department?—A. I did not.

Q. Did you take it up with the naval affairs committee of Congress?—A. I did not.

Q. Did you take it up with any other citizen to get him to put tanks out there?—A. No, sir.

Q. Any other citizen than Mr. Doherty?—A. None.

Q. Did you take it up to get any appropriation to do this thing?—A. I did not.

Q. You assumed, then, to fix the policy of the United States regarding this, you and Secretary Denby?—A. No, sir.

Q. You and Secretary Denby and Mr. Doherty seemed to have been the only people who were let in?—A. No, sir.

Q. No? You knew, admiral, did you not, that on the 12th day of November 1921—A. I don't know the date, but about that time.

Q. Well, you know it was in session at the time, to reduce naval armaments, don't you?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And you knew it was in session at the time to make a four-power treaty?—A. Well, I don't know. It was during that time, yes, about that time.

Questioned on Naval Pact.

Q. Well, don't you know it met on the 12th day of November, 1921—A. Well, it was that is the date approximately, yes, sir.

Q. And don't you know that the limitation of armaments treaty, which was signed in 1922, was signed on February 6, 1922—A. I don't know when it was signed.

Q. Don't you know it was signed about that time?—A. I think it was not signed until about 1924 or 1925—A. I don't know.

Q. Now, you were in Washington in February, 1922, weren't you?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And as a naval man, you were interested in what was going on in cutting down navies?—A. I know that it had been prepared in February, 1922, yes, sir.

Q. Did you know that the people, the plenipotentiaries or ambassadors, who were sitting here in Washington signed it on February 6, 1922?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. The delegates to the convention?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And didn't you know that it was approved by the Senate of the United States on March 22, 1922?—A. I don't know what that date was, at that time; about that time.

Q. But if you were in Washington you knew it?—A. It was about that time.

Q. Yes. And didn't you know that the four-power treaty was signed on the 13th day of December, 1921, a day or two before you talked to Mr. Doherty?—A. I don't know when it was signed, but it was about that time.

Q. Right when you were talking to Mr. Doherty?—A. Approximately that same time.

Q. And you knew that was approved by the Senate of the United States on the 24th of March, 1922?—A. About that time. The exact date, of course, I don't know.

Q. A month before the contract of April 25, 1922, was signed?—A. Prior to that contract, yes, sir, I know that.

Q. And that was in accordance with the naval reserve policy for keeping the oil in the ground there?—A. And in accordance with it.

Q. With which policy both you and Fall were familiar?—A. Yes, sir.

Hawaii Storage, Navy General Plan.

Q. Now, did I understand you to say that Pearl Harbor was not discussed at the October conference?—A. I do not think I made such a statement.

Q. Well, it was in fact discussed, was it not?—A. In detail as to quantities, I do not know.

Q. No? I mean the storage there?—A. That was should be stored at Pearl Harbor, yes, sir.

Q. That had been part of the general plan of the navy for some time before that, had it not?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. That they would either from Congress or in some other way get means to build more storage at Pearl Harbor?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. That had been a part of the so-called war plans for doing things that the navy wanted to do, had it not?—A. I do not accept your definition of the war plans, but they had been a part of the war plans for some time.

Q. And Congress had been asked to appropriate for that storage and they had failed to do so, had they not?—A. I do not think so, sir.

Q. You say they had not?—A. I do not think so, sir.

Q. I say I do not think so, no, sir.

Q. Admiral, did Secretary Fall tell you at this October conference that they expected a bid from Mr. Doherty on the tankage?—A. No, sir; he did not.

Q. He did not say a word to you about it?—A. He did tell me he could get a figure as to what commercial tankage was costing from an oil friend of his. He told me who that man was. He had criticized the cost of navy storage and I agreed that the commercial storage was equally expensive and that we should get something like the figure he mentioned, of 25 cents a barrel, we had better change our mind.

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Q. As a result of these conferences, one or more, with Secretary Fall, you drafted a letter which was originally dated the 25th of October, 1921, for Secretary Denby's signature, did you not?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And you signed that draft to Secretary Fall before you had Secretary Denby sign the letter, did you not?—A. At least parts of it, yes, sir.

Q. No. In the first place, in paragraph 2 it states: "That the amount of drilling, with consequent exhaustion of the reserves, shall be kept as low as possible without making the depletion of the reserves by other parties."—A. Yes, sir.

Q. That was a matter of discussion between you and Secretary Fall before that was formulated into type, was it not?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. And that was in accordance with the naval reserve policy for keeping the oil in the ground there?—A. And in accordance with it.

Q. With which policy both you and Fall were familiar?—A. Yes, sir.

Hawaii Storage, Navy General Plan.

Q. Now, did I understand you to say that Pearl Harbor was not discussed at the October conference?—A. I do not think I made such a statement.

Q. Well, it was in fact discussed, was it not?—A. In detail as to quantities, I do not know.

Q. No? I mean the storage there?—A. That was should be stored at Pearl Harbor, yes, sir.

Q. That had been part of the general plan of the navy for some time before that, had it not?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. That they would either from Congress or in some other way get means to build more storage at Pearl Harbor?—A. Yes, sir.

Q. That had been a part of the so-called war plans for doing things that the navy wanted to do, had it not?—A. I do not accept your definition of the war plans, but they had been a part of the war plans for some time.

Q. And Congress had been asked to appropriate for that storage and they had failed to do so, had they not?—A. I do not think so, sir.

Q. You say they had not?—A. I do not think so, sir.

Q. I say I do not think so, no, sir.

Q. Admiral, did Secretary Fall tell you at this October conference that they expected a bid from Mr. Doherty on the tankage?—A. No, sir; he did not.

Q. He did not say a word to you about it?—A. He did tell me he could get a figure as to what commercial tankage was costing from an oil friend of his. He told me who that man was. He had criticized the cost of navy storage and I agreed that the commercial storage was equally expensive and that we should get something like the figure he mentioned, of 25 cents a barrel, we had better change our mind.

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Tuesday, December 7, 1920.

THE BORLAND AMENDMENT.

The Court of Appeals of the District handed down an opinion yesterday which will have a decided and important bearing upon real estate operations in the District in the future, and especially upon the sale of lands in the unimproved sections. The court in an opinion by Mr. Justice Van Orsdel decides that the cost of paving of streets is rightly chargeable to the general fund, and not to the individual property owner whose lands happen to front upon the streets to be improved.

Up to the time of the incorporation in the District appropriation act of the so-called Borland amendment in July, 1914, all street improvements, in the way of paving and repairs, were charged against the general revenues of the District. Such improvements were deemed to be for the general good of the taxpayers as a body, and not for the private benefit of the individual property owner. Under that system all the original paving in the center of the city and upon all of the main thoroughfares leading to the outskirts was done. But Mr. Borland, of Missouri, then a member of the committee on appropriations, came to the conclusion that the system of front-foot assessment which prevails in some other cities would be a good thing for this community. His amendment prevailed, with the result that owners of unproductive property very naturally did nothing toward securing pavements in front of their property, but on the contrary, in many instances, set up all sorts of obstacles in the way of improvements.

The immediate cause upon which the opinion of the Court of Appeals was rendered arose out of the appeal of the trustees of the title owners to 46 acres of land on Rhode Island avenue, between Brentwood road and Fifteenth street northeast, against a special assessment of upward of \$6,000 which had been upheld by the District Supreme court when the plaintiffs sued to have the assessment quashed. The Court of Appeals differentiates between the front-foot assessment policy in the matter of charges for such improvements as sewers and water mains, which are primarily for the benefit and use of the property owner, and street paving, which is for the benefit of all the citizens and all users of the streets. Such paving, it is held, is not a local improvement, and "to this tax all or an unequal portion of the burden of a general improvement against the property of a single person or group of persons to the exemption of the public generally, falls within the constitutional inhibition forbidding the taking of private property for public use without just compensation."

Whether the decision of the Court of Appeals will result in suits against the District to enforce the return of moneys thus improperly and illegally collected is not determined. But the probabilities are that many such suits will be instituted.

MANSLAUGHTER BY PROXY.

Early in the morning of November 16, 1924, the owner of an automobile and a companion, both under the influence of liquor, picked up a passer-by, who also had been drinking, drove with him to a secluded lane, halted the car, and robbed the stranger of a watch and a small amount of money. The original occupants of the machine then resumed their positions, except that the owner turned the wheel over to his companion. The stranger meanwhile was staggering up the road, and when the machine attempted to pass, was run over and killed.

The owner and occupant of the automobile were apprehended, and both were arraigned in a local court on a charge of manslaughter. The owner of the car sought to evade responsibility for the death by claiming that the car had been surrendered to his companion before the tragedy occurred. A jury found them both to be guilty of involuntary manslaughter, however, for which each was sentenced to five years in the penitentiary. The case was appealed immediately, and yesterday the judge of the appellate court handed down a decision upholding the lower court, and saying in essence that the owner of a dangerous instrumentality like an automobile who puts that instrumentality in the immediate control of a careless and reckless driver, and who sits by his side and permits him without protest to operate that car so recklessly and negligently as to cause the death of another, is as much responsible as the man at the wheel.

At first glance this appears to be a rather unusual statement of law, although in every respect it seems eminently just and fair. Certainly in the case in question, both morally and legally, the owner of the machine was jointly responsible for the death. It will be interesting to see, however, in what manner this decision will become a legal precedent. Would the owner of a shotgun, who had passed it into the hands of an inexperienced com-

panion, be responsible in case an incorrectly aimed shot inadvertently caused death? Would the owner of a bread knife have to answer to the courts should a maid of unsound mind use that knife to attack a grocer boy making deliveries?

IS EXECUTIVE INFORMATION PRIVILEGED?

An extremely interesting question has been raised in the Doheny-Fall case. The Constitution provides that in all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor. Capt. John K. Robison, U. S. N., retired, was subpoenaed by the defense, but was directed by the Secretary of the Navy not to reveal information obtained by him in his official capacity. He testified that he had imparted this information by direction of the former Secretary of the Navy to Edward L. Doheny, and that Mr. Doheny, in the light of this information, consented to undertake the work of installing a supply of oil fuel at Pearl Harbor.

The rule of law which places executive communications and transactions in the category of privileged communications is thus stated in Underhill on Criminal Evidence:

The common law has always regarded as privileged all information in the possession of executive officials as such; and has uniformly declined to compel them to divulge facts of which they have obtained knowledge in any official capacity. This rule has been most frequently invoked in civil cases. In this country the various executive departments of the government, both Federal and State, acting under the power conferred by the legislative branch to formulate rules for the proper conduct of departmental affairs, have forbidden their subordinate officials to disclose official information, unless permitted or required to do so by their official superiors. The true rule, therefore, now is that the chief executive officer is the sole judge of the propriety of refusing to testify or producing papers and of permitting his subordinates to do so. The privilege as regards executive communications is not absolute in the sense that professional communications are absolute and can not be divulged.

Communications between an attorney and his client, and between a physician and his patient, are absolutely privileged; but apparently in a criminal case, in which the liberty of the accused is in jeopardy, the court in its discretion may require a witness to divulge executive communications. In the Doheny-Fall case the official information seems to have been divulged by direction of an official superior. It may be necessary for the jury to have this information in order to determine its bearing upon the action of the accused. Can the successor to the superior official who ordered the information divulged now seal the lips of the witness and prevent the information from reaching the jury, to the possible prejudice of the accused?

Reports from Japan state that the country is excited on account of the testimony in the Doheny-Fall case, tending to show that Japan was contemplating war upon the United States in 1921. The Secretary of the Navy is acting wisely in endeavoring to prevent the disclosure of official information which might affect the good relations of this country and Japan. At the same time, disregard of the constitutional right of an accused person to compel a witness to testify in his behalf might send an innocent man to prison.

The fact that the official information in question was actually divulged, by order of superior official authority, seems to take it out of the class of privileged communications. This matter may have further light thrown upon it during the course of the present trial.

SAVINGS DEPOSITS.

Savings deposits form a fairly good barometer of the business and economic condition of the country and serve as a forecast of business conditions for the next year. Capital for future use and investment in the production and distribution of wealth is obtained from the savings of the people.

The year 1926 has been one of the best in the country's history, as indicated by the increase in production and consumption, volume of wages, and increase in savings deposits. It is estimated that on December 1 the savings deposits reached the enormous total of \$25,260,000,000. This is more than three times the estimated savings in the mutual and stock savings banks ten years ago.

This large increase of savings deposits is a measure of the country's ability to accumulate wealth and to conserve this wealth for further production. Most of these savings are invested in projects for the further production of wealth, in which every investor shares. Thus savings lead to more savings, increasing the number of small capitalists to the financial and material benefit of all.

This rapid accumulation of savings increases the consuming power of the people and in turn makes profitable the further production of wealth and the employment of more labor. All signs point to an unusually prosperous year in 1927. Domestic trade is more than three times our foreign trade, and is worth many times the foreign trade. It would be a serious mistake to take any step that would curtail domestic trade and reduce the consuming power of the people.

USING AMERICAN SHIPPING.

Chairman O'Connor, of the United States Shipping Board, says that "if American importers will insist that American ships be used when they order foreign commodities brought into this country we will have a merchant marine which will be financially profitable, and it can be sold."

This appeal to importers sounds good, and has a suggestion of hope in it; but importers as a rule are the last persons on earth who would listen to any such suggestion. Importers who purchase foreign goods and commodities and place them on their shelves to sell to the American public do so because they can make a larger profit on foreign than on similar domestic goods. They have no interest in building up American shipping. Indeed, some of their profit may be, and in many instances is, augmented by an agreement whereby the shipments are made on the vessels of the country manufacturing or producing the goods imported. Thus the purchase and the transportation work to the importer's profit. An appeal

to importers, therefore, is futile. Cheap foreign goods and low foreign freight rates have a more potent influence than an appeal to patriotism.

An appeal to American exporters might be made with much greater effect. Their profits lie in quick transportation, reasonable rates and prompt delivery. The employment of American ships by American exporters tends to promote the building of more American ships, the increased consumption of American commodities in the building of ships and the widening of markets for American goods. All of this is to the interest of American exporters. Hence, when financial interest and patriotism work in the same direction, it may not be idle to hope that exporters may be induced to use American shipping.

VIRGINIA'S ROAD PROGRAM.

For the last decade the State of Virginia has been paying the penalty of bad roads. Throughout the country she has earned the name of being backward. Rural sections, because of poor transportation facilities, have been slow to develop. Land values have been checked in their natural tendency to increase. Tourists have been warned away from some of the most attractive areas on the eastern seaboard, and what should be a resort business bringing millions of dollars into the State never has had a chance to get started.

Far-seeing citizens of the Old Dominion have been awake to the situation, and from time to time attempts have been made to start the good roads movement. Five years ago, for instance, a road building bond issue was placed before the people. It was badly beaten. Later, however, a tax of 3 cents was imposed upon every gallon of gasoline sold, the proceeds of which were to be used for road building and maintenance. Other funds for this purpose were and are obtained from automobile title fees, license fees, personal property taxes and, of course, Federal aid.

Now it is announced from Richmond that a five-year road-building program to cost \$65,000,000 will be undertaken immediately. So heavy is the consumption of gasoline that the "gas tax" will pay for the good roads program without placing an additional penny of debt upon the State. Gov. Byrd, it may be remembered, was elected on a platform containing a pledge that his party would promote the road-building movement. This tangible evidence that campaign promises are to be fulfilled.

The Virginia authorities have announced that first efforts will be put forth to complete the north-and-south highway to the North Carolina line. The northern half, between Washington and Richmond, will be completed within a few weeks. The Lee highway from Washington to the Shenandoah National park will be pushed.

The highways of the nation have become capital resources. The State without good paved roads is severely handicapped in its relations to the rest of the Union. Unfortunately the individual does not often "visualize" the problem as affecting his personal interests. The benefits following this Virginia program will reach every citizen of the State, besides increasing the revenues of the State itself.

A RUSSIAN CENSUS.

Neither old Russia under the regime of the czar nor the new Russia under the soviet has ever had a complete census. In 1897 the imperial government undertook to gather facts and figures regarding the entire Russian empire, but the peasants in many villages thought the questions of the census takers portended trouble of some sort, and the investigation resulted in uprisings. Troops had to be sent to many sections to restore quiet, and the census was abandoned.

Again in 1920 soviet authorities undertook a census. War was being waged throughout the country, however, and the task eventually had to be abandoned with little accomplished. This month, however, a force of 170,000 civilians, carefully drilled beforehand in their tasks, will start out to ask fifteen questions of each individual in the entire country, in an attempt to take stock not only of the Russian population, but also the number and value of animals, farm machinery, factories, houses and many other matters. The work, it is said, will cost at least \$5,000,000.

The money, however, would be well spent if the sum involved was many times that figure. Periodical stock-taking is one of the primary principles upon which all successful business is built. It is equally necessary in the management of government. Population, industrial equipment, buildings and lands all are assets of any government. Upon them, together with natural resources, much of the national credit standing depends. It is interesting to speculate whether the soviet will not find concealed assets of inestimable value and what it will do with any treasure it may unearth.

CONGRESSIONAL PIES.

The luck of Representative MacGregor is proverbial. Like his ancestor, "The" MacGregor, his place at the head of the table is assured, as every pie-eater in the House of Representatives is ready to testify. Readers of The Post will recall that early in the last session of Congress there was a general disposition to criticize the pies furnished in the House restaurant, which, by virtue of the fact that he is chairman of the committee on accounts, came under the supervision and jurisdiction of the Buffalo congressman. He changed the pastry cook after the complaints had accumulated, and a committee of members' wives approved the change.

But Mr. MacGregor was not entirely satisfied with the improvement. His goal was absolute perfection; and right here is where Lady Luck came to his aid. Last week a pastry cook out of a job just happened to apply to the manager of the restaurant, who was getting ready for the session which opened yesterday. He was tried out. He was willing to demonstrate his artistry. He produced apple pie, pumpkin pie, mince pie, custard pie, and a full dozen others. Each was superior to its predecessor. He was engaged right off, and today the savor of the Clan MacGregor is blushing receiving the congratulations of his colleagues. He has a pie architect superior even to that Superman who made the pies of the Senate when Page ran the restaurant, in that golden age when the pies of the Senate were the envy of the world.

That chap who executed Peking editors without trial might tell an interesting story of rejected manuscripts.



A Big Job With a Little Shovel.

PRESS COMMENT.

Sleeping Like a Top.
Philadelphia Record: There is no such thing as "sleeping like a top" for eight hours—the period of slumber generally supposed to be necessary to the average human—if we may believe Prof. H. M. Johnson, of the Mellon Institute, Pittsburgh, who has been making experiments with sleeping persons whose rest was recorded by apparatus attached to a hanging bed on which they slumbered. But if the sleeper upon awakening in the morning is convinced that he has had eight hours of continuous sleep he has had it, for all practical purposes, and that's all there is about it.

Even Though Democratic.
New York Commercial: The Democrats of the House of Representatives will ask the repeal of the nuisance and automobile tax levies. Every now and then the Democrats think of a good thing. We hope they win their present demand.

How Quickly Fame Fades.
New York Sun: If Dempsey's trainer had waited a week or so longer before making his charge that the ex-champion was poisoned before Gene Tunney administered an artistic beating to him most hero worshipers would have forgotten who he was.

Inevitable Phenomenon.
New York Evening Post: A financial man declares that the boys of the present generation are the most honest in history. We always have plenty of reasons for the wickedness of the younger generation, but what can explain this curious situation?

It Has Always Been Thus.
Memphis Commercial Appeal: Several of the big league baseball club managers have been fired, but so far the directors have not selected a single successor from among the wise guys on the benches.

Broadcast These Tidings.
Cincinnati Enquirer: City prisoners in Cleveland get no food for the first 24 hours, unless they pay for it themselves. The right kind of publicity on this matter should help to relieve Cleveland's crime problem.

Unfair Discrimination.
Kansas City Star: "Should the Deaf Drive Motor Cars?" is a question frequently discussed, but it seems nasty to discriminate against the deaf as long as so many apparently blind continue to enjoy the freedom of the streets.

Democratic Program.
Indianapolis News: To other features of the Democratic program for the short session of Congress the man who announced it should have added that the usual effort to obstruct the Republicans will be made.

And Eating.
Philadelphia Ledger: New York health commissioner says the shaking of hands breeds infection. So does breathing. Can't something be done to stop it?

Necessary Detail.
New York Telegram: Lighter-than-air ships will give control to the firm warning nation that learns to control the weather.

Federal Paternalism.
New Albany Tribune: The extent to which paternalism is being pushed in our country is worth noting. To determine how to make a good apple pie, the Department of Agriculture, through the chief of the bureau of home eco-

Thrill Hunters
By ROBERT QUILLEN

WHEN an exciting baseball game or football game is finished, or a spectacular fire is at last extinguished, people gather in little groups to discuss what they saw. Their discussion is an effort to prolong the thrill. The cause of excitement is gone, leaving the sense of drabness and emptiness and people are reluctant to return again to their humdrum affairs. The World War was a crime, but it was also entertainment. People at home could not visualize the horror of it, and they actually enjoyed the thrill of it. They were keyed high; their nerves were taut; they lived constantly in a state of excitement. When the ghastly business was finished, the boys who came home unharmed wandered about restlessly, unable to settle down. The life offered by peace seemed commonplace to them. They were bored beyond all measure. A similar reaction affected those who remained at home. Deprived of the war, they craved thrills as a drug addict craves his daily poison. Alarmists think the war broke down the moral fiber of the race, but it did nothing of the kind. It did not alter human nature, nor did it take from ethical men a respect for ethics. People do many things they would not have done before the war; they are more reckless; but at bottom they are no whit less decent. Restlessness is not a crime. It is merely a habit of mind, and the only way to get rid of it is to let it wear off. The people who gad about in search of thrills are on the right track to find a cure for what ails them. The cure is safety. When they are fed up, as they will be, they will ask for nothing more than slippers and a book.

conomics, has been giving advice as to whether apples should be sliced or minced, put in the crust raw or cooked, &c. And then no decision is reached because tastes vary so widely.

A Great Success.
New York Evening World: In his speech before the Economic club, Gen. Lincoln C. Andrews created no end of merriment by his assertion that he has stopped the supply of liquor. As a prohibition enforcement officer he is a success—as an after-dinner speaker he is a failure.

The Meanest Man.
Trenton State Gazette: Richard E. Westaway, of Elizabeth, is charged by his wife, who is seeking a divorce, with having stolen the cream from her baby's milk and, if this is true, we would suggest that he not only be divorced but also delivered to the torturers.

It's a Great Old World.
Tulsa World: With the Republicans pledged to further tax reductions and the Democrats fighting for even greater reductions than the Republicans want to make, the public feels that it has nothing much to worry over.

Honest in Reason.
Ohio State Journal: As we understand it, our hardened old professional reformers have no particular objection to a candidate's being honest, provided he is reasonable about it.

Insulted or Inspired.
Los Angeles Times: The question for every American tourist now should be: Shall we go abroad and be inspired or shall we get acquainted with our own great country and be inspired?

Wasted Words.
Pittsburgh Gazette-Times: The news dispatch stating that the man who jumped from the top of the Washington Monument "escaped to his death" added an unnecessary detail.

Slit and Sow's Ears.
Topeka Daily Capital: Artificial slit has become a staple article of commerce as everybody knows, but now a German chemist has a process of producing slit from lobster and crab shells. The old proverb that "you can't make

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

The Citizen's Federation.
To the Editor of The Post:—Sir: The newly elected president of the Federation of Citizens Associations, Mr. Yaden, has injected virility and action into the federation. He has done this by the simple process of appointing a representative minority on all committees, which, unfortunately, was not done under the leadership of Mr. Suter.

The result at the first meeting of the federation over which Mr. Yaden presided was that there were minority reports as well as majority reports, which made all the delegates attending "sit up and take notice." Out of these contending and differing reports came, as a result of debate on the floor, a decision that standing committees will hold public hearings on mooted questions. The first will be held at an early date. This departure is as revolutionary as the protest which overthrew the "Uncle Joe" Cannon regime in the House of Representatives, which has been so interestingly told by George Rothwell Brown in his book, "The Leadership of Congress."

From now on, if Mr. Yaden has that rare and eminent capacity for leadership he evidenced by his forceful and tactful action as presiding officer of the federation, the federation is destined to be a power in the community second to none.

Congress can no longer say and the commissioners can no longer say that the federation is moribund; that it is composed of "packed" committees, that it is no more than a one-man affair giving out pronouncements full of glorified platitudes.

The federation can, if it will, lead in crystallizing local public opinion in civic matters; but the leadership must take a broad view, it must on all occasions recognize the minority as Congress has always done save when a "czar" has ruled to his own party's ruin. And the federation should meet once a week instead of once a month—there is much work to do.

That's That.
To the Editor of The Post:—Sir: "Let All Sides Be Heard," your liberal caption to an interesting letter in your paper, has prompted me to test your sincerity on this point. So, here you are:

The District citizens' only hope for civic and economic betterment lies in a complete debunking of his citizen organizations. The District citizen that's awake and alive is interested in such questions as decent living wages; 5-cent street car fares, coal at reasonable cost, and citizen officials that represent him rather than the coal dealers association.

The well-established superintendents and reactionary guardians who control the citizen organizations, stand for everything that's "safe and sane"—and what is that? Simply nothing.

PHILIP EBERT.

Independence Street.
To the Editor of The Post:—Sir: Among all the patriots who have gone to their last reward there are none to be found more worthy of memorializing than those who conceived and declared our independence. Why do you not suggest that one of the streets of the city, say Sixteenth street, be named Independence avenue, and have statues of the 56 immortals placed at the several street intersections? The White House would be at the south end, Crown the north end with a magnificent symbol of liberty.

AMOS HAWKINS.

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The President and Mrs. Coolidge have as their guests at the White House, Mr. and Mrs. William V. Hodges, of Colorado. Mrs. Coolidge received a group of guests by special appointment at the White House yesterday afternoon.

The Speaker of the House and Mrs. Longworth entertained at luncheon yesterday in the speaker's room at the Capitol, after the opening of Congress.

The Secretary of Commerce, Mr. Herbert Hoover, returned to Washington last evening from New York, where he passed the week-end.

The Italian Ambassador and Donna Antonietta de Martino have departed for New York, where they will stay until Thursday. They are accompanied by Signor Leonardo Vitelli, secretary of the embassy, and are at the Ritz-Carlton hotel.

The Minister of Czechoslovakia, Mr. Zdenek Fierlinger, was the ranking guest at dinner last evening of Senator and Mrs. Guy Despard Goddard, who entertained the Counselor of the Hungarian Legation and Mme. Peleeny, Senator Stanislaus M. Shortridge, the Assistant Secretary of State and Mrs. J. Butler Wright, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mrs. W. Harry Browne, Mr. James M. Beck, Col. and Mrs. Arthur O'Brien and Mrs. B. Carroll Reece.

Latvian Minister to Speak.

The Minister of Latvia, Mr. Seva, will go today to Baltimore to address the Maryland Academy of Sciences.

Brig. Gen. George A. L. Dumont, military attaché of the French embassy, entertained at dinner last evening at the Wardman Park hotel. Later, the party attended the supper dance at the Carlton club, where they were the guests of Mr. Lionel Edwards, of Calcutta, India.

Mrs. Theodore Douglas Robinson, wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, will be at home tomorrow afternoon from 4:30 until 6:30 o'clock and will have assisting her Mrs. Curtis D. Wilbur, wife of the Secretary of the Navy; Mrs. Edward W. Eberle, Mrs. John A. Lejeune, Mrs. F. Trubee Davidson, Mrs. Amory Perkins, Mrs. Francis Whiting and Miss Margaret W. Brown. The Secretary and Mrs. Robinson will entertain at dinner next Tuesday evening.

Senator and Mrs. James W. Wadsworth will entertain at dinner on Sunday evening.

Former Senator and Mrs. William M. Butler, of Massachusetts, arrived in Washington yesterday and are at the Mayflower.

Senator Edward I. Edwards has reopened his apartment at the Wardman Park hotel and has with him his daughter, Miss Elizabeth Edwards. Mrs. Edwards will join them on Thursday, and will be accompanied by the senator's niece, Miss Phoebe Edwards, who will attend the diplomatic reception at the White House with them that evening.

Senator Kenneth McKellar, of Tennessee, is at the Willard, where he has taken an apartment for the winter.

Mrs. Ferris to Entertain.

Mrs. Woodbridge Ferris, wife of the senator from Michigan, will entertain a party of six at luncheon today in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower, following the first of the series of morning musicales given by Mrs. Lawrence Townsend, when Mary Garden will be the artist.

Col. and Mrs. Arthur O'Brien and Miss Allison Roebeling have issued invitations for a dance on Monday evening, December 27, at their home, Esta Brook.

Representative and Mrs. Ernest L. Ackerman have reopened their apartment at the Wardman Park hotel. Mr. and Mrs. Ackerman passed the summer

in Europe with the latter's brother-in-law and sister, Col. and Mrs. Frank L. Hatch.

Representative and Mrs. William B. Bankhead, of Alabama, have leased an apartment in the Mayflower.

Miss Mabel Boardman will entertain at luncheon at the Carlton hotel Thursday.

Mrs. William N. Valle, wife of Representative Valle, will arrive Thursday after passing the summer at their home in Denver, Colo., and will join Representative Valle, who is already in Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Alsop, who have been at the Mayflower for the last few weeks, will depart Sunday and will sail December 15 on the Berengaria for their home in Paris.

Tea for Miss Amory.

Mr. and Mrs. Copley Amory entertained at a large tea yesterday afternoon from 5 to 7 o'clock, when they presented their daughter, Miss Katherine Amory, to society.

Mr. Archibald Wells entertained at the Monday Evening Bachelors club dance at the Carlton club last evening, having as guests Mr. and Mrs. Thomas I. Mott, Dr. and Mrs. Walter Wells, Mrs. Alexander Glass and Mr. Thomas Jenkins.

Miss Idanthea Moffat will depart this afternoon with Mrs. Edouard Albion for Baltimore, where she will attend several debutante parties and the opera before returning to Washington in a few days.

Mrs. Blaine Lipscomb will entertain at a dinner dance for her daughter, Miss Rebekah Lipscomb, in honor of Miss Adelaide Douglas, at the Wardman Park hotel Saturday evening following the tea dance given by Mrs. David Hunt Blair to present Miss Douglas to society. Miss Lipscomb, who was returned from Plainfield, N. J., where she was the guest of Miss Helen R. Thomas, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Thomas. Miss Thomas will come to Washington Saturday to attend Miss Lipscomb's dinner that evening, and will be her guest at the Wardman Park hotel.

Entertain at Opera.

Entertaining parties at the opera "Pique Dame" presented last evening by the Washington Opera company, were:

Mrs. Herbert Hoover, wife of the Secretary of Commerce, who occupied her box, had several friends with her.

Mrs. Robert Nelson Stanfield, wife of Senator Stanfield, entertained in her box Mrs. John B. Kendrick, wife of Senator Kendrick, and Senator and Mrs. Andrews A. Jones.

Mrs. William J. Boardman had in her box Miss Mabel Boardman, the Minister of Portugal, Viscount d'Alte, and the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Charles S. Dewey.

Senator Lawrence Phillips entertained in his box Mr. and Mrs. C. Brooks Fry, Mr. and Mrs. Bernice Bartolov, Miss Dorothy Dent and Miss Gertrude Anderson.

Mrs. Charles Henry Butler's box was occupied by her sister, Miss Plagg, who entertained Mr. and Mrs. John A. Kratz, Mr. and Mrs. James Sloane and Miss Laura Harlan.

Mrs. Francis Berger Moran entertained in her box the Minister of Panama and Senor de Alfaro, Capt. and Mrs. Walter Crosby, and Mr. and Mrs. John Melton Hudgins.

Mrs. Emerson Howe, Col. and Mrs. George C. Tipton and Senator Arthur Capper occupied a box.

With Dr. and Mrs. Boyd Carpenter in their box were Mrs. Jesse E. Moffat and her debutante daughter, Miss Idanthea Moffat. The other guests were Dr. and Mrs. Larned, and Judge and Mrs. Adolphus Graupner and their son, who came from Princeton university.

Col. and Mrs. Robert Harper had as their guests Mrs. David Kinchloe, Mrs. Baylies F. Shepherd, of Los Angeles, Calif., Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Barbard and Mr. Charles Frederick Polson.

Miss Sara Woodward entertained Mrs. George Chickester, of Philadelphia, and a guest of Mrs. Chickester. Mrs. Stokes Halkett had as her guests Mrs. Copley Amory and Dr. George E. McLean.

Mrs. Edward C. Walker had as her guests in her box last evening Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Langhorne, and Miss Fanny Lay.

Mr. and Mrs. Edouard Albion had with them Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Dodd, Mr. Deems Taylor, of New York, and Mrs. Rinsky-Korsakoff.

Mrs. George Mesta entertained Mr. and Mrs. Tullio Serafin, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Normant, Mrs. Lawrence, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John L. Hull and Maj. Joseph Reddy. Mrs. Mesta later took her party to the club St. Marks.

Rear Admiral Winslow Here.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. George F. Winslow have arrived at the Willard from Boston, and plan to remain about a month here, going later to Florida where they always spend the winter.

Mrs. Morris Evans entertained a distinguished company at luncheon at the Chevy Chase club in honor of the Persian Minister, Sir Debood Khan, and Mr. and Mrs. Glenn Stewart, on Sunday.

Mrs. Stokes Halkett has returned and is at 1809 Phelps Place.

Mrs. W. Harry Brown will entertain at a supper and dance following the White House reception Thursday evening.

Mrs. Edith Grayin McCartney announces the engagement of her daughter.



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ter, Miss Annette Foxall McCartney to the Rev. John Shapleigh Moses, of Chestnut Hill, Mass. Before accepting a call to the Church of the Redeemer, Mr. Moses was rector of St. John's church, Georgetown. The wedding will take place in June.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Hubbard went to Baltimore yesterday to attend the Bachelor cotillion at the Lyric.

Cadet John D. Cray, of West Point, who will pass the holidays at the home of his sister and brother, Maj. and Mrs. Stuart A. Howard, will have with him, as his guest, Cadet Frederick H. Smith, Jr., whose father, Maj. Smith, is military attaché at Constantinople.

Miss Mary Lu Bishop is visiting her parents at their home in Owensboro, Ky.

Lord Loch and Mr. Walter Seton, of London, are the guests of Mr. David E. Finley.

Boxholders for Ball.

Miss Sally Hewes Phillips will take the character of Queen Mary and Mr. John Walwright will be King William in the tableaux to be given tonight at the ball at the Mayflower for the benefit of William and Mary College.

The boxholders for the ball are Countess Szechenyi, Miss Kibbey, Mrs. Joseph Washington, Mrs. Henry W. Fitch, Mrs. Frank Anderson, Mrs. Gillell Hill, Mrs. Charles L. Mariatt, Mrs. Ze Barny Phillips, Mrs. Swagar Sherrey, Mrs. William Bailey Lamar, Mrs. Philip Morrison Jullien, Mrs. Joseph Thorp, Mrs. Copley Amory, Mrs. Walter R. Tucker, Mrs. William E. Fendall, Colonial Dames of America, Chapter III; Mrs. George Huntress, Mrs. Frank Hight, Mrs. A. Geary Johnson, Mrs. Gilbert Grosvener, Mrs. Henry Fitzhugh, Mrs. Charles Boughton Wood, Mme. Hellmann, Mrs. Charles Patterson, Mrs. John H. Gibbons, Mrs. Cary T. Grayson, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mrs. Alvin T. Hart and Mrs. Arthur MacArthur.

Additional patronesses are Mme. Radewa, Princess Cantacuzene, Mme. Ciechanowska, the Hon. Mrs. Knothe, Mrs. Charlton, Baroness Maltzan, Mme. Alfaro, Mme. Willin, Mrs. James M. Beck, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mrs. Eugene Pomroy, Mrs. John H. Gibbons, Mrs. Ralph Jenkins, Mrs. John Towne.

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Women's Silk Handkerchiefs, hand-painted, with French prints; lace-trimmed. 50c to \$2.50 each

Women's Initial Colored and White Linen Handkerchiefs, with hand-embroidered corners. 25c to 75c

Women's Fine Linen Handkerchiefs, with cut corners. 6 in box; 3 styles. Box of 6, \$4. Box of 12, \$7

Women's Hand-embroidered White and Colored Handkerchiefs, with new hems. 50c to \$3 each

Women's Lace-trimmed Handkerchiefs, in a wide selection of lovely styles. 50c to \$25 each

Children's Nursery Rhyme Handkerchiefs, three in a box. Attractive styles. 50c and 75c box

Children's Colored Linen Handkerchiefs, with Irish Prints or figures in colors. 25c each

Boys' Fine White Linen Handkerchiefs, with white initials. 25c each

Boys' Linen Handkerchiefs, with popular colored borders. Three in box. 50c box

Men's Fine White Linen Handkerchiefs, with neatly-embroidered initials. 25c to \$1 each

Men's Fine Hand-rolled Hem Linen Handkerchiefs, with tape borders. \$1 each

Men's White Linen Handkerchiefs, with the new French cut-out initials. \$2 each

Men's French Handkerchiefs, with colored borders and initials. \$1.50 each

Men's Silk Handkerchiefs, with the new English Prints, in many designs. \$3.50 up each

Men's French Woven Silk Handkerchiefs and French Silk Handkerchiefs for evening. Woven Silk, \$2 up each. For evening, \$4

Men's Japanese Silk Handkerchiefs, in popular styles. Priced \$1 up each

Men's Linen Handkerchiefs, with narrow and wide hems; tape border; rolled cord. 25c to \$4 each

Men's Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs, with colored initials—a popular style. 25c each

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Sale to Aid Missions.

A sale of special importations of Oriental wares will be held at the residence of Mrs. Alexander Mackay-Smith, 1325 Fifteenth street, Friday and Saturday under the auspices of the Women's auxiliary of the Diocese of Washington, for the benefit of their missions in China and Japan. Those who have consented to act as patronesses are Mrs. Charles L. Mariatt, Mrs. James

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 8, COLUMN 3.)

LUCAS

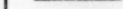
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PERU MEMORANDUM CAUSES NEW DELAY IN TAGNA DISPUTE

Question of Self-Determination of Provinces Raised in Note to Kellogg.

DETAILS OF PROCEDURE FOR TRANSFER SOUGHT

Chilean Communication Is Taken by State Department as Acquiescing in Plan.

The question of "self-determination" of the inhabitants of Tagna and Arica in carrying out the solution of the long outstanding dispute between Chile and Peru over these provinces, as suggested by Secretary of State Kellogg, was injected into the situation yesterday by the Peruvian government. In a memorandum delivered to the Secretary of State by Dr. Herman Velarde, and made public by the "Peruvian" embassy, the United States government is asked to rule again in effect on the plebiscite question.

While no comment was forthcoming from the State Department on this new development, the move taken by the government of Peru is expected to further delay the final acceptance of the Kellogg plan, which provided for the transfer of the disputed area to Bolivia upon payment to Chile and Peru for the territory and improvements.

Text of the Memorandum.

The text of the memorandum made public by the Peruvian embassy follows:

"To be able to take a proper decision, and as a necessary clarification of the 'memorandum' presented by his excellency, the Secretary of State, on November 30, ultimo, the government of Peru desires to know if in the opinion of the Secretary the suggested transfer of the inhabitants of Tagna and Arica will be made without taking into consideration the self-determination of those inhabitants. In the case this consultation is to be held, what forms of procedure would be employed in its execution and what authorities would act."

The Chilean note of acceptance "in principle" of the Kellogg settlement is construed by the State Department as a "practical acceptance" of the plan. Although the department does not believe the acceptance by Chile was "unconditional," it was stated on behalf of Secretary Kellogg that his proposal left several conditions in the settlement open to discussion and agreement between Chile, Peru and Bolivia. The references made in the note are considered by Secretary Kellogg as having to do entirely with the proposal itself, and not to any demands on the part of Chile in a previous settlement in connection with the Tagna-Arica plebiscite.

You will know plenty about what to give for Christmas when you read the "Holiday Hints" appearing every morning in The Washington Post.

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SOUTHBOUND		NORTHBOUND
2:55 p.m.	Lv. Washington	Ar. 1:45 p.m.
6:05 p.m.	" Richmond	" 10:35 a.m.
6:45 a.m.	Ar. Savannah	Lv. 10:00 p.m.
11:00 a.m.	" Jacksonville	" 5:50 p.m.
12:25 p.m.	" St. Augustine	" 4:20 p.m.
1:45 p.m.	" Ormond	" 3:03 p.m.
1:55 p.m.	" Daytona Beach	" 2:52 p.m.
7:30 p.m.	" West Palm Beach	" 9:20 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	" Palm Beach	" 9:00 a.m.
9:30 p.m.	" Miami	" 7:20 a.m.

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COLORED CATHOLICS END 2-DAY CONVENTION HERE

Will Meet in New York September 4 on Invitation of F. W. Farrington.

THANKS CURLEY FOR AID

The Federated Colored Catholics of the United States ended a two-day convention at the Holy Name guild yesterday to meet in New York September 4 of next year, on invitation of F. W. Farrington, a delegate. Resolutions were adopted expressing thanks to all who participated in the proceedings and setting forth renewed fealty and devotion to the Pope for many acts of consideration, and especially for his recent encyclical on behalf of native clergy.

For financial cooperation toward up-building of Cardinal Gibbons institute, thanks were extended to Archbishop M. J. Curley of Baltimore, to the Society of the Divine Word, to Bishop Gallagher of Detroit, and to Archbishop McNichols of Cincinnati, appreciation was extended for interest in development of negro clergy.

Dissemination of publicity concerning activities of the federation was the subject of a paper read by the Rev. John LaFarge. An editorial board was appointed with Victor Danilch, president of Cardinal Gibbons institute, as chairman. Plans were perfected for a \$30,000 drive for a new girls' dormitory at that institution.

Visits were made yesterday to Walter Reed hospital, to Soldiers' Home and the Franciscan monastery. Officers elected were Thomas W. Turner, Hampton institute, president; W. J. Reid, of Columbus, Elmer Anderson, of New York; Joseph Wilkinson, of St. Louis; Frank L. Mitchell, of Brooklyn, vice president; W. A. Prater, field agent and organizer; E. M. Smith, secretary; Caroline Cook, of Baltimore, treasurer; A. R. Feliciano, of Detroit, recorder; and Peter M. Quander, sergeant-at-arms.

Watch "Holiday Hints" regularly. New offerings are presented every morning for your convenience in The Washington Post.

ARLINGTON COUNTY SUPERVISORS BACK BRIDGE BOULEVARD

Straight Route From Virginia Terminus Asked of Park Commission.

MORE FIRE APPARATUS SOUGHT IN JEFFERSON

New Water Rates in Aurora Hills Protested; Another Hearing Advocated.

ARLINGTON COUNTY
BUREAU OF THE POST.
Tel. Clar. 500. Clarendon, Va.

Indorsement of the straight-to-the-bridge boulevard was contained in two resolutions adopted by the supervisors of Arlington county yesterday.

The first resolution expressed the sense of the board that any system of highways and boulevards outlined by the National Capital park and planning commission should include a road from the Virginia terminus of the Arlington memorial bridge through Clarendon and Ballston to Falls Church. This is the so-called straight-to-bridge route which has had the backing of organization of citizens in Clarendon, Ballston and Falls Church.

The second resolution indorses the petition which the straight-to-the-bridge boulevard association presented to the State highway commission December 2. This petition requests the State highway commission to build a State highway approach to the memorial bridge along the "straight-to-the-bridge" route.

The resolutions were presented to the board by Ashton C. Jones, chairman of the board of directors of the straight-to-the-bridge boulevard association.

The need of more fire apparatus for the Jefferson district was stressed by W. Glen Bixler.

E. C. Turberville, chairman of the board, stated the board finds itself without funds, but assured Bixler that as soon as possible assistance would be given.

Edward Duncan, member of the board from Jefferson district, stated he favors the purchase of three pieces of apparatus, one for Cherrydale, one for Arlington and one for Jefferson. This, he said, he hoped to put through at the January meeting. "I further am in favor of the county placing two paid men at each firehouse," said Duncan.

With the increase of 60 per cent to the water rates allowed to the Aurora Hills Utility Corporation by the State Corporation a storm of protests have been voiced. The matter coming to the attention of the supervisors, Commonwealth Attorney William C. Glott was authorized to notify the State Corporation and request another hearing on the matter.

The board approved the request of Asa E. Phillips, chief engineer, that the sale of the remaining \$540,000 water bonds be at the Arlington county courthouse December 21 at 3 o'clock, and not on the 15th, as previously announced. It was explained that there was not sufficient time to properly advertise the sale of the bonds.

The presenting of an amendment to the present existing plumbing ordinance by Dr. P. M. Chickester, county health officer, brought forth a discussion lasting more than two hours resulting in no action by the board. The proposed amendment follows:

"A fee of \$5 shall be paid into the county treasury with each plan of a new building, plans shall not be required for work of remodeling existing plumbing systems, or the adding of fixtures thereto, but a notice of intent shall be filed for the type of work."

"At the time plans are filed for approval, or when notice of intent to remodel is filed an inspection fee of \$5 shall be paid the county treasurer for plans for new building, or \$2.50 to accompany a notice of intent to remodel, or to add a fixture or fixture. No fee will be required for repair work, but if the repair work is on the sewer side of a trap an inspection will be necessary."

The petition presented by State Senator Frank L. Ball asking permission to include six acres to the grounds now occupied by the Columbia Garden cemetery was granted. Senator Ball stated it is planned by the Alexandria Park association, owners of the property, to erect a suitable chapel.

Miss Marie Petrionovich, principal of the Lyon Park school, gives out the following honor roll for the month of December—Jack McCarthy, William McGeeley, Second grade—Edward Oray, Richard Lunsford, Bobby Matern and Bruce Halstead. Those having a perfect attendance record are Royal Allen, Gordon Carr, William Dager, Charles Johnson, Chester Montgomery, Frances Tetreault, Polly Jane Reddy and Jack McCarthy.

During November 800 deeds were recorded with a total since January 1, 1920, to December 1, of 6,074, which is an increase of 650 over the same period for the year 1920. There were 353 county hunting licenses, 519 State, 46 nonresident and 4 angling, totaling 916.

\$65,477,365 IS SOUGHT FOR WATERWAY WORK

Chief of Army Engineers Includes \$10,000 for Capital in Annual Estimates.

\$150,000 FOR POTOMAC

To improve and maintain the nation's seacoast and inland harbors and its waterways and rivers will require \$65,477,365 during the fiscal year, beginning July 1, according to the annual report of Maj. Gen. Edgar Jadwin, chief of engineers of the army, which was submitted to Congress yesterday. This is a little more than \$2,000,000 above the cost of the work for the fiscal year of 1920.

Appropriations recommended for the Washington district by Gen. Jadwin are as follows: Potomac river at Washington, \$10,000; below Washington, \$150,000; Occoquan creek, Virginia, \$5,000; Nomin creek, Virginia, \$14,500; Rappahannock river, Virginia, \$22,000; Mattaponi river, Virginia, \$5,000; Pamunkey river, Virginia, \$5,600.

Proposed operations in the Potomac river here include dredging. Of the money already appropriated for proposed improvements in the Potomac, a total of \$106,138.45 remained unexpended June 30. This money is being spent on the following projects: Reddressing the Virginia channel; maintenance of a levee around the Columbia island and spoil basin; preparation of new deposit basin at the tidal gates, and miscellaneous matters, such as care of government property.

Since Congress has been spending money on improving the Potomac, a total of \$3,843,875 has been appropriated. No expenditures for new work have been made since 1922.

Commerce on the Potomac river for the calendar year of 1920 in this section was reported as 1,511,385 short tons, valued at \$15,900,600. The principal items were sand and gravel, gas-making oil, general merchandise, brick and forest products.

MOVE MADE TO KILL
WORLD COURT PACT

Trammell and Robinson, of Indiana, Join Hands to Work for Repeal.

An effort to rescind the resolution passed by the Senate at the last session making the United States a member of the world court started yesterday with the opening of Congress when Senator Park Trammell, Democrat, of Florida, announced that he would introduce a resolution today definitely severing relations with the court.

Senator Trammell, who has announced the active support of Senator Arthur R. Robinson, Republican, of Indiana, will try to speak on his resolution today and if this is not feasible he will do so at the first opportunity. He said he believed the sentiment of the Senate was more favorable to such a resolution now than ever before.

It is understood that Senator Robinson may put in another resolution, having the same object in mind, but directed so as to direct the Secretary of State to inform the foreign countries which have not yet answered the American reservations that it is no longer necessary for them to do so and that all negotiations may be considered at once.

Fools' Paradise

The Startling Story of a Girl's Great Folly

AS private secretary to Fred Joyce, the prominent attorney, Jane's position was a fortunate one. She held a post of importance. Her hours were easy, her salary good.

Yet she was unhappy. She continually dreamed of escape from the sordid world of business into a world of freedom and gaiety.

Then came her opportunity. One morning her employer took her hand and said:

"Little girl, we've been working hard in this office. We both deserve a holiday. Let's take one. We'll do Paris, London, the Continent. Winter in Naples, summer at Deauville. I'll buy your hats, gowns, everything your heart desires. Will you go?"

Jane's senses whirled. The Continent! Paris! The mecca of every girl's dreams! But her finer instincts warned her that the thing her employer proposed could only end in tragedy.

She was about to refuse when Joyce brought out a magnificent rope of pearls—slipped them around her neck, where they lay like a soft caress. Her head swam; and when her tempter whispered: "Will you accept them?" his voice seemed to come from far away.

His picture of luxury and pleasure rose vividly in her imagination. Torn between desire and self-loathing—she fought for the strength to say no! But when finally she slowly turned her burning face to his, he read her answer in her eyes.

Had Jane counted the cost in bitter sorrow and agony that was to grow out of that mad compact, she would have destroyed herself rather than take that first foolish, fatal step.

Her pitiful story, with the names disguised for obvious reasons, appears in the January issue of True Story Magazine. It is entitled, "My Dangerous Paradise." Those who think there is no price too high to pay for leisure and luxury, will find in this girl's sad story a lesson they will never forget.

Other Heart-Gripping Features in January True Story are:

"When a Man Forgets"—Until Ellie met Manfred Ellis, she had not dreamed that

any man could be so handsome—and Ellie's heart near burst with gladness when he singled her out as his future mate. Long drives in beloved moonlit lanes became their nightly program—and then one day he brought her a message that was to bring her love castle tumbling about her ears, and fill her life with tragedy. A powerful lesson-story every girl should read.

"What His Wife Found Out"—Genevieve realized that her love for Holden was wrong; that she could never hope to win him from his doll-like wife. Yet she could not give him up—could not steel her heart against him when he declared his undying love for her. But when the crash came—

"My Taste of Life"—This is a story of a woman's discontent—of a woman who had every comfort that money can buy, including a loyal husband's love—but who longed for the gay lights of the city, the revelry of the night clubs, theatres, dancing, dining. An invitation to visit a friend for a few weeks gave her the excuse she wanted. She went. Every girl, every wife, who is deluded by the so-called gay life of the city should read this startling true-life narrative.

—Says Prominent Minister

For some time, I have been interested in TRUE STORY MAGAZINE. I think it an excellent publication. In the first place the stories are couched in language which will not give offense to the most fastidious. In the second place, it teaches the great lesson of caution in dealing with life and sounds a warning to young people such as every pulpit in the land aims to declare. The greatest lessons in life are those gleaned from experience, either in our own lives or the lives of others. Therefore, in the trials related in its pages, the great lessons of life are clearly and graphically taught. I would like to see TRUE STORY MAGAZINE in every home in the land.

Very truly yours,
Rev. Wm. L. Robinson.
54 Central Ave., Albany, N. Y.

Read Also in January True Story

I Wanted Love and So— The Revealing Kiss
His Neighbor's Wife Ignorant of Life
Evil Tongues Flaming Jealousy Fools' Gold
The Price on His Head His Butterfly Wife
In Search of Love Let My Husband Alone!
In the Face of Convention The Shadow Between

The Penalties of Ignorance

Most wrong-doing can be traced directly to ignorance. The only cure for ignorance is education; and the quickest, surest form of teaching is that based upon example—lessons learned by others like ourselves in the sad and often tragic School of Experience.

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The taste is the test

The Housekeeper

Nancy Carey

HORROR upon horrors! We have bragged and bragged about our beloved carrot pudding, and now when we publish it, by some hook or crook the wrong one takes its way into the column—for there are two of them—and although not alike—there is a shading of similarity, and thus, in copying the recipe in the error came about. Here and now we are going to give the carrot pudding that is our pride and that we wish to recommend as a delightful substitute for the heavy, expensive, indigestible result of our effort at fruit pudding for the holiday season. This pudding of ours calls for carrots and potatoes—raw, ground and a bit of suet. It is inexpensive and a splendid substitute for its extravagant cousin.

Carrot Pudding
(As He Should Be.)
1 cup grated carrots (raw).
1 cup grated potatoes (raw).
1 cup brown sugar.
2 cups chopped raisins.
2 tablespoons boiling water.
1 cup chopped nut meats.
1 cup finely cut citron.
2 scant cups flour.
1 teaspoonful mixed spice.
1 teaspoonful nutmeg.
1 teaspoonful cinnamon.
1 level teaspoonful soda.
1 teaspoonful salt.
1 cup seeded currants.
1 teaspoonful cinnamon.

Mix all the ingredients thoroughly. It is well to do this with the hands, as the success of the pudding depends largely on the well-blended mixture that goes into the pan to steam. Steam for three hours in a closely covered can or mold. Serve with hard sauce.

A reader has asked us why her cake comes up to the top of the pan in the oven before taking it out, and then proceeds to fall when she removes it. She gave me no details as to how she went about the baking—whether or not she moved the cake during the

time—whether her oven was left at one heat, or what not. Therefore, our advice must be general. A cake should be placed in the center of the middle shelf of the oven, and it is safe to move it only during the first few moments it is in the oven, and then again during the last, say, quarter of its baking. For in the middle of the operation of baking, the cells containing the gas are not formed with solid walls and they break down if moved. I should judge that your cake had not cooked long enough, but that your oven was so hot that it gave the impression of being done, and therefore you removed it. If the cake tends to "boil up" out of the top—that is, to break the crust and come through the surface in a would-be volcano, you must depend upon it that the oven is too hot, for the hard crust forms before the cake has a chance to rise to its full capabilities, and therefore the underneath breaks open the premature crust. Try cooking your cake more slowly, Mrs. J., and try it with a broom straw that has been washed (emphasis on the last operation) and if the cake does not stick to the straw, ease it out, and cool it in the pan. Do not remove it from the pan until cold, however great the rush. Not in the least do I blame cakes that fall when removed from the pan before they are cool. Even the best performer would do just that when subjected to such treatment. So have care in the treatment when removing your handiwork from the oven, and gently place it where it will cool placidly and be ready to frost, still proud and distinguished looking, with a crested surface.

Months ago—last winter, in fact—we at times offered two rather than one menu—thereby providing for the left-overs that today, suggesting a small ham tenderloin for Tuesday and a way to make over the remnants on Wednesday, which brings us to Thursday, and an entirely new intake of provisions. We have rather consistently had letters from readers that suggest that the carry-over plan was a "workable" one. We can not always plan for the week's meals in this manner, for the subject matter that has to be taken up is sometimes sufficient to take up much of our space. When it is possible, however, we shall give two rather than one menu.

TUESDAY DINNER.
Vegetable Chowder in Cups.
Baked Ham Tenderloin.
Creamed Spinach.
Candied Sweet Potato.
Hot Biscuit.
Carrot Salad.
Toasted Crackers.
Whipped Applesauce.
Chocolate Cake.
Tea Coffee Milk

WEDNESDAY DINNER.
(An oven dinner.)
Tomato Bouillie.
Pickled Onions.
Ham en Casserole.
or
Ham With Jelly Sauce.
Baked Potatoes.
Graham Muffins.
Fruit Salad with Cream Cheese.
Tea Milk

Vegetable Chowder.
1/4 cup split peas.
1/4 cup dried white beans.
1/4 cup diced celery.
1/4 cup diced carrots.
1/4 cup strained tomatoes.
8 tablespoonfuls butter.
A bit of chopped parsley.
3 small onions thinly sliced.
1 1/2 teaspoonfuls salt.
Soak the dried peas and dried beans over night in cold water, and in the morning turn off the water, and with fresh water to cover boil them until they are quite tender. Add the other vegetables and cook until all are tender and then add sufficient water (or stock made of bouillon cubes) to make in all about a quart and a half of chowder. Add the seasoning—pepper, also, if it is desired—and the butter and serve with toasted crackers.

With the exception of the carrot salad all of the recipes that go to make up the first menu are very familiar to us.

Carrot Salad.
Put a cup of peeled carrots through the food chopper, then put one small peeled onion and a handful of raisins and nuts through the chopper. Combine and season with French dressing. Arrange with mayonnaise on crisp yellow lettuce leaves and there is, by the way, no reason why we should not indulge in lettuce at this time, for California grown lettuce is plentiful and especially good. The markets offer a slight variety of prices for excellent lettuce, and likewise celery.

Ham en Casserole.
Place the ground cold boiled ham in the bottom of the casserole dish which has been well buttered, and add a half cup of cold milk. Sprinkle over this a scant tablespoonful of flour and cover with rings of sliced green peas. Break an egg into each of the rings and cover with a cup of grated American cheese, and over this sprinkle a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce and a few—very few—drops of tobacco. Bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes.

Ham With Jelly Sauce.
Into a chafing dish put a half tablespoonful of butter, a third cup of currant jelly, one cup cold ham cut in thin strips, a few grains of cayenne, a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce and let simmer seven minutes. This may also be served with toasted bread or on crackers.

Fruit Salad.
1 can sliced pineapple.
1 small can pears or peaches.
8 teaspoonfuls grated cheese.
Boiled salad dressing.
On a lettuce leaf place a slice of pineapple and with it a pear or peach. Pour two tablespoonfuls dressing over the top and a teaspoonful of cream or grated American cheese on that.

Boiled Dressing.
1 egg.
2 teaspoonfuls sugar.
1/2 teaspoonful salt.
Dash of paprika.
2-3 teaspoonful mustard.
1 teaspoonful cornstarch.
1/2 cup milk.
2 tablespoonfuls vinegar.
Beat the egg well and add all the ingredients except the vinegar. Stir well and just before putting on the stove add the vinegar. If added sooner the mixture will curdle. Cook in a double boiler until thick. When cold add one gill of cream, preferably sour.

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Daily Radio Programs

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 7.
LOCAL STATIONS.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
NAA—Arlington (435)
10:30 a. m., 3:15 p. m. and 10 p. m.—Weather reports.
WRC—Radio Corp. of America (469)
6:45 to 7:45 a. m.—Tower health exercises.
11:55 a. m.—Arlington time signals.
12 m.—"Crops Flasher," prepared by the Department of Agriculture and the University of Maryland Extension Service.
12:10 p. m.—Kathryn Hill Rawls, organist, from the Homer L. Kitt studios.
1 p. m.—Irvine Boerstein's Washington Broadcast.
4:15 p. m.—Eleanor Glynn, pianist.
4:30 p. m.—Dorothy Wright, instructor in Denzilcraft, broadcast jointly with WEAF.
4:45 p. m.—Eleanor Glynn, pianist.
5 p. m.—"Housekeepers' Chat," by Dorothy Wright.
5:15 p. m.—"Fruit Cake and Plum Pudding," by Mary E. Turner of the Potomac Electric Appliance Company.
6:45 p. m.—"Things Talked About," by Mrs. Nina Reed.
7 p. m.—Daniel Breekin's Raleigh Hotel orchestra.
7:15 p. m.—B. P. Keith's Treasure Hunt.
8 p. m.—"Champion Sparkers," from WJZ.
9 p. m.—Eveready hour, from WEAF.
10 p. m.—8:30 p. m.—Meyer Davis' Swamp Synchronizers.
WMAL—Lee Radio Co. (284)
7 to 7:15 p. m.—"Girls Who Don't Leave Home," in popular songs.
7:15 to 8 p. m.—President Columbia University school and of the American Pedagogical Protective association.
8:25 to 9 p. m.—Polio-Jarman, mezzo-soprano, and Elizabeth Gardner, soprano, concert pianist, in joint recital.
9 to 9:30 p. m.—Phil Hayden and "The Three Sisters" in popular songs.
9:30 to 9:45 p. m.—"Personal Identification by Means of Finger Prints," by C. Bennett, of the bureau of identification, Adjutant General's office, War Department.
9:45 to 10 p. m.—The Rialto trio, Florence and Darling and James A. Barr, tenor, in novelty numbers.
10 to 11 p. m.—Hospital Fund (256).
11 a. m. to 12 Noon—Current events.
11:30 a. m.—Police reports.
DISTANT STATIONS.
KDKA—Pittsburgh (368)
2:30 to 3:15 p. m.—Continous.
7:45 p. m.—Address.
8 p. m.—Sacred songs.
9 p. m.—Fairland.
11:35 p. m.—Post concert.
KFI—Los Angeles (467)
8:30 p. m.—Matinee.
9 p. m.—Continous.
KFTO—St. Louis, Mo. (545)
7:30 p. m.—Music.
KMOX—St. Louis (286)
6 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continous.
WBAI—Baltimore (246)
7 to 12 p. m.—Continous.
FWX—Havana, Cuba (400)
8:30 p. m.—Melodies.
9 p. m.—Play.
9:15 to 11 p. m.—Songs.
KOA—Denver (322)
8 p. m.—Stocks.
9:30 p. m.—Lesson.
11 p. m.—Frolic.
KTHS—Hot Springs (375)
9 to 11 p. m.—Frolic.
KYW—Chicago (535)
1 to 7 p. m.—Program.
8 p. m.—Studio.
9 p. m.—Classical.
10 to 12 p. m.—Music.
WABG—New York (316)
Silent.
WAIU—Columbus (284)
6 to 8:30 p. m.—Continous.
WBAI—Baltimore (246)
8:30 to 9:30 p. m.—Continous.
7:30 p. m.—Quartet.
8 to 12 p. m.—Continous.
WBAF—Fort Worth (476)
8:30 p. m.—Trio.
9 p. m.—Orchestra.
10:30 p. m.—Ensemble.
WBBM—Chicago (226)
5 to 12 p. m.—Continous.

WBZ—Springfield, Mass. (333)
6:10 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WCMA—Culver, Ind. (259)
Silent.
WCX—Detroit (517)
9 p. m.—Ensemble.
10 p. m.—Club.
WEMC—Berrien Springs (286)
Silent.
WENR—Chicago (266)
6 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WFI—Philadelphia (395)
1 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WFBH—New York (273)
6 to 12 p. m.—Continous.
WGBS—New York (316)
1 to 7 p. m.—Interview.
8:30 p. m.—Dramatic readings.
8:30 to 11 p. m.—Continous.
WEAF—New York (492)
4 to 6 p. m.—Program.
6:15 p. m.—Dinner music.
7:10 p. m.—Lecture.
8 p. m.—Vikings.
9 p. m.—Eveready.
10 p. m.—Bridge game.
10:30 p. m.—Orchestra.
WFAA—Dallas, Tex. (476)
7:30 p. m.—Concert.
9:30 p. m.—Bridge game.
12 p. m.—Orchestra.
WGIP—Detroit (270)
6 to 8 p. m.—Studio.
8 p. m.—Studio.
9:30 p. m.—Band.
WGY—Schenectady (380)
6:30 to 8 p. m.—Program.
8:15 p. m.—Studio.
10:30 p. m.—Dance.
WGR—Buffalo (319)
6:30 to 8 p. m.—Program.
8 p. m.—Same as WHEP.
WHAM—Rochester, N. Y. (578)
7:30 p. m.—Theater.
8:30 p. m.—Weather.
WHAR—Atlantic City (375)
7:30 p. m.—Trio.
8 p. m.—Lecture.
8:30 p. m.—Girls.
WIN—New York (361)
7 to 12 p. m.—Soloists.
WHO—Des Moines (326)
7 to 12 p. m.—Continous.
WIP—Philadelphia (508)
1 to 11 p. m.—Continous.
WJR—Detroit (517)
7 p. m.—Stage.
8 p. m.—Lecture.
8:30 p. m.—Girls.
WJZ—New York (454)
7 to 12 p. m.—Program.
10 to 12 p. m.—Continous.
WKRC—Cincinnati (422)
10 p. m.—Dance.
10:45 to 12 p. m.—Music.
WLIT—Philadelphia (395)
1 p. m.—Continous.
WLW—Cincinnati (422)
7 p. m.—Piano.
8 p. m.—Talk.
8:30 p. m.—Entertainment.
9 p. m.—Orchestra.
WLWI—New York (288)
9 to 10:30 p. m.—Paulist program.
WMCA—New York (341)
7 to 12 p. m.—Continous.
WMAK—Buffalo, N. Y. (266)
6:30 p. m.—Orchestra.
7:15 to 10 p. m.—Dance.
WMAQ—Chicago (448)
6 to 9 p. m.—Program.
WPG—Atlantic City (300)
7 to 8:45 p. m.—Program.
8:45 p. m.—Soprano.
9 p. m.—Orchestra.
10 p. m.—Lecture quartet.

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SPINSTERS ESCAPE TAX; NOT AT FAULT, IS VIEW

Italian Bachelors Must Help Support Maternity and Infancy Board.

VIOLENCE IS ATTACKED

Rome, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Italy's bachelors will have to pay for their freedom from matrimonial responsibilities after the first of the year. Her spinsters, however, will not be penalized for their unmarried state.

Premier Mussolini's cabinet, which handled an enormous amount of work today from the creation of seventeen new provinces to a report on recent border demonstrations, instituted this tax on male celibacy, on the suggestion of the premier in furtherance of his campaign against birth control, which he initiated eight months ago with the declaration that "Italy is a prolific nation and intends to remain prolific."

The measure, which was approved by the cabinet as a decree law to become effective January 1, 1921, provides an annual tax on a progressive scale for men between the ages of 25 and 66 who abstain from marrying.

Spinsteres were excluded from the penalization of singlehood because, as the premier stated, "the failure to contract matrimony does not depend on the desires of women."

The money raised by the tax will be used by the national organization for the protection of maternity and infancy, which cares for 30,000 indigent women and 29,000 needy children.

Complete orderlies reign throughout Italy, Premier Mussolini told the cabinet, reporting as minister of the interior, on incidents which occurred after the Bologna attempt on his life on October 31. The reprisals, which affected only a few provinces, were caused by irresponsible trouble-makers and agents provocateurs, the premier said. These persons have been expelled from the ranks of fascists.

"The demonstrations against foreign consulates—disgracing remnants of the petty old Italy, which I shall check at any cost—were infinitely stupid and condemnable as were those against Catholic property and personages," declared the premier in discussing the demonstrations which occurred after the attempted assassination.

The nature of the premier's day and night labor, since he assumed the portfolio of the interior came to light today with the adoption by the cabinet of a scheme completely reorganizing the provincial structure of Italy. This provides for the suppression of all sub-prefectures, the abolition of fourteen townships, a wholesale shakeup of prefectures with the appointment of a number of fascist prefects, a declaration of the eligibility of deputies as postmasters, which can be linked up with the recent expulsion of the opposition from the cabinet and the creation of 17 new provinces. These are Aosta, Bolzano, Brindisi, Castro Giovanni, Grosseto, Gorizia, Matera, Nuoro, Pescara, Pistoia, Ragusa, Rieti, Savona, Terni, Varese, Vercelli and Viterbo.

Virtually dictatorial administrative powers were granted to the royal commissioner to Milan and to Prince Potenziani, who was officially appointed the new governor of Rome.

Columbia Hospital Clinic for Visitors

Members of the Gynecological and Obstetrical Travel Club of the United States came to Washington yesterday to visit Columbia Hospital for Women.

The visitors attended a number of the clinics at the hospital and were guests at luncheon there.

The club members arrived in the morning and were met by Dr. W. F. Morrill, superintendent of the local hospital. During the forenoon the visitors witnessed operations performed by Drs. Robert Y. Sullivan, J. Wesley Bovee, G. Brown Miller and Huron W. Lawson. Later in the afternoon they were entertained at the army medical museum by Maj. E. R. Callender, of the army medical corps, culturer.

Christmas is coming, but don't let that "Holiday Hint" mislead you. The suggestions under "Holiday Hints" will help you make it a merry one!

Mystery Man Sends 3d Conscience Gift to State

Lincoln, Neb., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—The mysterious individual who has already contributed \$300 to the State treasury offers as "conscience money" bobbed up again today to add \$650 to his credit.

"I. M. Nest," as he signs his name, has foiled efforts of officials of two States and Federal postal inspectors to establish his identity.

His first contribution came early this year, when he mailed \$150 in bills to the State treasurer. The second came several months ago and contained \$150. This time "Nest" explained that he was formerly employed by the State and had "juggled" his stamp account.

The letter today contained six \$100 bills, two \$20 notes and one \$10 note.

"I can't imagine who it is," said State Treasurer Charles D. Robinson. "He must have known that the State is \$4,000,000 in the hole, judging from the amount he sent this time."

J. G. BLAINE TO HEAD FIDELITY TRUST CO.

Election by New York Firm Announced; Formerly Lived in Capital.

Samuel S. Conover, president of the Fidelity Trust Co. of New York, announced yesterday that at the January meeting of the directors, James G. Blaine, formerly of this city, would be elected president. He also announced that the three chief executive officers of the company, after the election, will be Mr. Conover, executive chairman of the board of directors; John T. Sproll, chairman of the executive committee, and Mr. Blaine, president.

Mr. Blaine is the grandson of James G. Blaine, who served as Secretary of State under Presidents Garfield and Harrison, and was the Republican candidate for the presidency in 1884. He resides in Old Westbury, L. I.

Here he served with the American Red Cross under the late Henry P. Davidson and Harvey D. Gibson, president of the New York Trust Co. From 1920 until 1924, Mr. Blaine was Eastern treasurer of the Republican national committee and until recently was chairman of the committee on national affairs of the National Republican party. Mr. Blaine is the husband of Mrs. Blaine, who is the daughter of James G. Blaine.

At this week's meeting it will be determined how far into the neighboring States the plan should extend to bring about an orderly and proper development of the region.

It is indicated now that the region should include considerable portions of Montgomery and Prince Georges counties, Md., Arlington county, Va., and portions of Fairfax county, Va.

ST. LOUIS PARK EXPERT ARRIVES FOR MEETING

Commission This Week to Arrange Major Features of Highway Plans.

L. D. Tilton, associated with Harland Bartholomew, city planning expert, St. Louis, employed by the National Capital park and planning commission to prepare a comprehensive development plan for Washington and its environs, arrived yesterday for a meeting of the commission Friday and Saturday, at which major thoroughfare features of the project will be arranged.

Working with Maj. Carey H. Brown, engineer officer for the commission, Mr. Tilton has investigated conditions necessary in determining the layout of a comprehensive highway system for what ever areas of Maryland and Virginia are agreed upon for inclusion in the plan of Greater Washington.

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Andrews, Character Witness for Green

(By the Associated Press.) Lincoln C. Andrews, chief of the prohibition forces, has given a deposition as a character witness for Ned M. Green, former dry administrator at San Francisco, who will be tried this month on charges of embezzlement of seized liquor.

Gen. Andrews and Green served in the same regiment overseas during the war.

Move to Oust Steek Denied by Stevens

(By the Associated Press.) Senator Stevens (Democrat), Mississippi, has given no consideration to a move to oust Senator Steek (Democrat), of Iowa, from the Senate, he said yesterday when shown Des Moines reports that he might take such a course.

Dispatches quoted the Des Moines Register as saying Des Moines Democrats alleged improper distribution of funds given Steek by the Senate for attorneys fees in fighting his election contest against Senator Brookhart.

STROLLERS PRESENT "DADDY LONG LEGS"

St. Gabriel Players Repeat Success in Play Given Last Year.

The Strollers, dramatic players of St. Gabriel's church, last night achieved their second success with the presentation of "Daddy Long Legs" at St. Paul's auditorium.

"Daddy Long Legs" is a play well-known to all but not yet tedious in the repetition. The romance of the little orphan, who falls in love with the man who incoincidentally adopted her and sent her to college, will always find a sympathetic audience. For perfection the cast, too, should be sympathetic—as the cast of the Strollers is. Margaret Frawley, niece of the late Dan Frawley, characterizes Judy, the little orphan, with a charming naturalness. Dan McGrath is exceptionally good as Daddy Long Legs. Special commendation is due also to Mrs. C. W. Chamberlain, who plays the matron of the orphan asylum; James Gessford for his two roles as trustee and butler James Quigley; another trustee, Mary Madden; and Anne Sweeney, the two college girls; and Kathleen Baker who is Miss Semple, and the final supporting cast.

It will be repeated at St. Paul's auditorium tonight at 8:15.

Most fathers will feel a lot more like Santa Claus after they have looked through the Christmas Gift Suggestions under Holiday Hints in The Washington Post.

SHOALS LEASE IS ISSUE FOR FARM FEDERATION

Members, Meeting, Disagree on Indorsing Either of the Bids Made.

RELIEF ACTS DEMANDED

Chicago, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—"Today the farmer's market is the world."

This assertion was made in the report of Frank Evans, general marketing counsel of the American Farm Bureau federation, at the opening of its annual convention here today. He contrasted the situation with that of two generations ago, when the farmer's market was his immediate neighbor. The people of Florida and California were evicted their supply of tropical fruits, and the cow country folk their fresh cuts of beef.

"But today," said Mr. Evans, "the corner grocery offers everything that is produced anywhere in the United States or elsewhere."

President Sam H. Thompson called upon American farmers to play an aggressive role, "to insure the future of American agriculture—that it shall be an institution of self-respecting home-owning men and women."

He proclaimed that "we have a right to expect whatever additional legislation is necessary" to effect further stabilization and expansion of cooperative marketing.

Outside the chamber Mr. Thompson said there was a difference of opinion in the membership as to whether the organization should indorse one of the bidders for the long-dormant Muscle Shoals project, or simply indorse development, leaving Congress to decide as to who should have the job. The bidders are the Cyanamid Co. and the Associated Power Co.

S. P. Storres, of Watumpka, Elmore county, Ala., said the South needed fertilizer urgently, but that he and many of his neighbors believed that confederation should not commit itself to a specific interest. George Putnam, of Concord, N. H., a member of the resolutions committee, received a telegram strongly advising indorsement of the Cyanamid Co., which has headquarters in New York, from O. L. Felker, New Hampshire agriculturist c. chairman, and E. H. Jones, who holds the same office in Vermont.

RENE GARZA ISSUES ATTACK ON CALLES

Declares Catholic Church Is Assailed Because It Blocks Communistic Policy.

The Mexican people should not be held to blame for the acts of President Calles or former President Obregon, according to a statement issued here last night by Rene Garza, vice president of the National League for the defense of the religious liberty in Mexico. These two men, he said, are not the legitimate representatives of the Mexican people, but are the oppressors of these people.

Garza, who organized the commercial boycott in Mexico, described Calles and Obregon as "despots" who are trying to destroy the Catholic church because it stands in the way of their communistic policy.

"The Mexican people can not be held responsible for the errors and crimes of this despotic regime," he said. "As an example, we point to the present controversy over the alien land and oil law. This law has outraged legitimate foreign rights. However, this problem, together with others, will soon be solved in accordance with justice and equity now that the Mexican people are to recover their liberty."

WIFE IS HELD IN KILLING OF "TWO-GUN" OFFICER

Mrs. Luther Bishop in Custody After Pistols, Fired, Are Found in Closet.

MYSTERY IN OKLAHOMA

Oklahoma City, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Mrs. Luther Bishop late today was held for investigation in connection with the killing here early yesterday of her husband, a State detective.

She was taken into custody after being questioned by a coroner's jury. Two revolvers were found late today in a closet in the home of the detective. Both had been fired recently, the police said.

Bishop was one of Oklahoma's "two-gun" officers, trained in the days when quick shooting often played a major part in law enforcement. He was shot to death in his bedroom here shortly before dawn yesterday. He died fighting, but unarmed, with indications that he had grappled with a gunman who fired several times at short range.

Bishop had assisted the government in the investigation of the Osage Indian country "reign of terror," in which nearly a score of persons were slain four years ago. Many of the victims were Indians, made wealthy by oil development.

Following the conviction this year of W. K. Hale, wealthy rancher, and John Ramsey, cowboy farmer, on a charge of killing Henry Roan, an Osage, Bishop had been active in the prosecution of a bank robbery case. His activity in breaking up bandit gangs gave him a wide knowledge of criminals operating in the Southwest and often he was called into consultation by State and Federal officers.

Make it a Write Christmas

A fountain pen, a pencil or a combination set of both in an attractive velvet lined box—nothing else you can buy is so perfectly adapted to gift purposes.

You want to give the best. Be sure it's Moore's.

Pens, \$2.50 up. Pencils \$1.00 up. Sets \$5.00 up.

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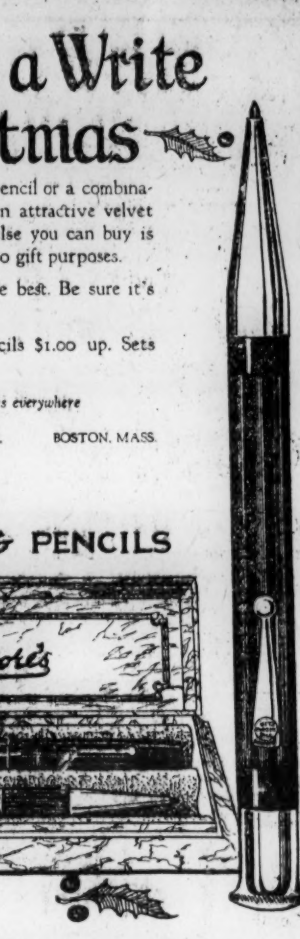
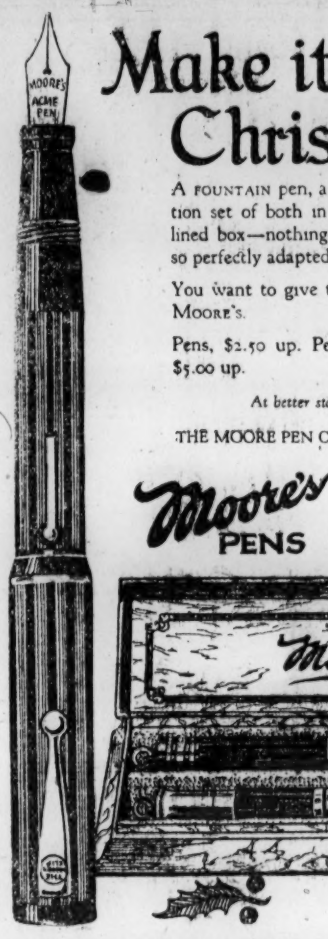
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"Splendid Results" obtained with AMOCO-GAS in Hudson Mileage Test

"Splendid Results"—just what you would expect in any test in which AMOCO-GAS, the Original Special Motor Fuel, was used. And splendid results were obtained when the Pierpoint Motor Co. made a test with four new Hudson cars equipped with the new Hudson carburetor and manifold.

Under the supervision of police and newspaper representatives these four cars averaged 20.7 miles per gallon over a total distance of 476 miles. A mighty fine showing for the Hudson and for AMOCO-GAS!

Here's what the Pierpoint Motor Co., one of the largest Hudson Distributors in the country, say:

Pierpoint Motor Co.
808 BAHAM BOULEVARD
Pittsburgh, Pa.
October 12, 1920.

AMOCO-GAS

Dear Sir:—

It is with great pleasure that I tell you of the splendid results we obtained with your Amoco gasoline in our recent gasoline mileage test on Hudson cars, conducted under police and newspaper supervision.

Four (4) new model Hudson cars were used, each having the new Hudson carburetor and manifold. These four (4) cars averaged a distance of 476 miles and averaged 20.7 miles per gallon. Amoco Gasoline was used on this test because we sell and use nothing else in our place of business.

You may use this letter as you see fit as I believe it a great tribute to the Hudson car and to your product.

Yours very truly,
Pierpoint
PIERPOINT MOTOR COMPANY

AMOCO-GAS

AMERICAN OIL COMPANY

PAH AMERICAN PETROLEUM & TRANSPORT COMPANY AND ITS SUBSIDIARY MEXICAN PETROLEUM CORPORATION.

Have Us Wire Your Home
We're wiring many VASES, making them into beautiful Electric Lamps. How about yours?

LAMPS

Make Fine Gifts!

You'll enjoy an inspection of this stock of new Lamps and Shades. Many exclusive effects in Floor, Bridge, Table Desk Lamps, etc. Included in the Stock are Novelty Lamps embellished with Birds, Figures and other Ornaments.

Every One a Splendid Value
We'll Reserve Christmas Purchases on payment of a small deposit.

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Electric Percolators, \$3.75 up
Electric Irons, \$2.85 up
In Set, complete, \$4.75
New Style Hair Dryers, \$4.95
Hair Drying Combs, \$1.25
Electric Toasters, \$3.50 up
Wiring Irons, \$95c up
General Electric Vacuum Sweepers, complete with attachments, \$49.50
Waffle Irons, \$6.50 up

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RAY—the Great Healer 1 cases of Rheumatism, Neuritis, Lumbago, Chest Cold, Neuralgia, Stiff Neck, Ovarian Colic, etc. \$8.00
It hangs, clamps or stands.
Electric Vibrator, \$13.75
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Real kitchen, completely equipped, with Frigidaire. Baths with real showers. Large closets; soundproof walls and floors.

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These apartments are being rented rapidly. Make your reservation NOW.

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E. H. Sothorn Is Starred in New Belasco Comedy

English Actress, Haidee Wright, Contends for Honors in Universal Drama, "What Never Dies."
Rosalinde Fuller Plays Opposite Star.

David Belasco presents E. H. Sothorn, in "What Never Dies," a comedy in three acts, by Alexander Engel, translated by Ernest Boyd.

Haidee Wright, English actress, plays the role of Rosalinde Fuller, who plays the role of Rosalinde Fuller.

A man, they say, is old as he feels. So sometimes an elderly gentleman may be quite young and debonair, blithe, and a youngster old as the ternal hills.

Upon such a premise as this, reversing the years of the ages and marrying a grandfather to a stripling, a girl her teens, Alexander Engel fashioned comedy. The work of the Austrian playwright, translated by Ernest Boyd, was brought here last evening for its American premiere by David Belasco.

Up to a point the comedy races along—and then settles into slow motion; merely because it can't carry itself over so long a time. The play is over about midway in the third and final act. There it should eventually be stopped. When the honorable David Belasco and his company, however, pruned knives and settle down to work there will come out of this one of the fine comedy pieces of the season; a hit.

The light of the old philosopher is played by Miss Rosalinde Fuller, who brings to the role all the verve and dash of glorious youth buoyancy, and contrast. The swabbing swain done by Mr. Sothorn—a portrait happily well framed.

Publicists like to call a brilliant audience attended the premiere presentation, in every respect worthy the play of Belasco. Save for several noticeable lapses of memory, necessitated by the intrusion of the prompter, the new offering moved along at a goodly pace, registered, as the saying is, "wood."

NOTABLE AUDIENCE SEES OPENING OF CAPITAL OPERA

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1)

by any other than a Slav, is not a happy medium as a rule. The chorus had the advantage of being trained by two Russians, however, Jacques Samosoud, conductor of the Washington National Opera, and M. Zlatin.

The story of the opera is a picturesque one. It was composed by Peter Tschalkowsky and the text is the work of his brother, Modeste Tschalkowsky. It was produced for the first time in St. Petersburg, 36 years ago and was the first of Tschalkowsky's operas to be given in the United States.

The music of the score is exceedingly beautiful with its haunting Slavic melodies and undercurrent of pathos. It is distinctly Russian in type and at times is very difficult, but last night's singers handled it well, generally speaking.

Melodrama prevails in the plot and tragedy and superstition play their parts as well. The Queen of Spades (Pique Dame), an elderly countess addicted to the card tables, hugs to herself the secret of the three cards which will bring inevitable luck to her. Lisa, her granddaughter, betrothed to Prince Jeleksi, nevertheless loves Hermann, a less penniless young officer. They plan to admit Hermann to the old countess's apartments at night, where he is to coax the secret of the lucky cards from her. The countess is obdurate, however, and when he draws his pistol to threaten her she falls dead from terror.

Hermann is next seen in the baroque room as the countess's funeral is passing outside. A gust of wind bangs the window open and the ghost of the Queen of Spades appears saying, "Your fate is sealed! The cards are—ace, seven and three."

Lisa, waiting for Hermann on the banks of the Neva, tries in vain to dissuade him from going to the gaming house when he finally appears. Finally, she throws herself in the Neva in the true cinema style.

The last act shows Hermann playing furiously at the gaming tables. He wins for a time, but when the queen of spades is turned up his winnings are swept away. To cap all the gloom of the countess appears and, Hermann, affrighted, stabs himself.

The text affords a background for much musical display of emotions and human passions. The composer has made the most of these opportunities, but has managed as well to put brightness into the score. The carnival scene is filled with sprightliness and gaiety.

Opera Handsomely Mounted.

Seldom has an opera in Washington been as handsomely mounted as "Pique Dame." The costumes in the carnival and ballroom scenes particularly were beautiful, and they were appropriate and helped to form lovely pictures and tableaux of the quaint period in which the opera was cast.

Before discussing the work of the principals in the cast it is only fair to give more than ordinary praise to the more than ordinary ensemble. It was a youthful chorus—at least the fresh sweet voices had all the charm of youth about them and they were well trained, too, and had stage presence.

The voice of a little child was heard first in the opera after Jacques Samosoud and his men had effectively given the overture, which was typically Tschalkowsky. This child was tiny Victoria Serafin, the 10-year-old daughter of the first director of the Metropolitan Opera. She sang her few measures very sweetly; then a dozen or so small Washington lads had their big moment in a soldiers' song led by the boys' sergeant, John Kiernan.

Smirnov, when he appeared in the opening scene as Hermann, gave an ovation. He soon displayed qualities that had evidently won him fame in Europe, for he has a tenor voice of beautiful quality, with a big range and good tone placement. His histrionic ability, marked by his lyric tenor, was very well added to the artist.

lately adorned front pages of the tabloids, a celebrated character in a notorious murder case.

Rather than let his young wife know of these two offspring, Tiburtius hides with her in a villa outside Rome, but the husband's anger is so intense that he finally swears upon the head of his sire, on such a slender thread as this is spun the comedy, but comedy that glitters and sparkles as it goes.

There is called a family council to settle upon the fate of the man who would be young. With the conferees come all generations, even to the fourth and fifth—so that the grandchildren of Tiburtius are at hand. He is called to explain his actions and his love for him he flees—back to his love nest—with the whole pack and canoodling his trip to the hotel out, to find him, and to realize bitter disappointment, for he beats them at the game.

With the exception of that fatal halt in the procession, a full that asserts itself in the final stages of a galloping general fear. A mental outline formed by fear, if kept before the thought, is gradually filled in, and the thing feared becomes a part of the thinker, or perhaps of some one near and dear upon whom this fear is delineated.

It is FEAR.

Although temporal relief has been gained in thousands of individual cases, and with gratitude, such relief has not lessened the general fear. A mental outline formed by fear, if kept before the thought, is gradually filled in, and the thing feared becomes a part of the thinker, or perhaps of some one near and dear upon whom this fear is delineated.

It is FEAR.

THE TYRANNY OF FEAR.

Mrs. Eddy drew our attention to the waves of mentally outlined fears broadcast throughout the thoughts of the people by the press. Medical research, patent medicines and surgical appliances are all advertised in abundance, and usually accompanied by lists of every conceivable symptom of disease. The reader's mind is thus filled with fears. Fed and watered by art and science on a material basis, the creative dream of disease, both individual and contagious, has gone on.

The sleep of the world had deepened nearly to the death, when Christian Science came with its glad message of healing and final prevention of every ill that flesh is heir to. It established the method of purely mental treatment and instituted public testimony meetings to give courage and increase hope.

ALL CAUSATION MENTAL.

This Science of Mind-power has established the facts that Mind is the first Cause and the one and only real power. It governs not only the individual but the collective body of mankind, and not only man but the so-called physical world in which he lives.

In the lives of men when it was recorded that the word of the Lord came to Moses or other great leaders, men listened to their fellow countrymen with a mental conviction that he was a channel through which the one Creator was communicating some vital truth to the people. Christian Science has reestablished in human consciousness the fact that the one Mind is reflected by every man in proportion as he grasps the truth.

THE COLLECTIVE MIND.

In proportion as the collective mind is in agreement in the right, to that extent is the regenerative power of Mind available to the individual. It follows that in proportion as the collective mind is in agreement in a wrong, the destructive elements of the human mind are released for the injury of all within the circle of such agreement.

Jesus foresaw that when human inventions should reach their highest application of physical force, so disastrous must be their collective application by the destructive element in human nature, that there must be a "shortening process" by which the truth of spiritual power could be brought to the rescue of humanity or no flesh could be saved. And he also declared that "the elect," otherwise the minority, would be able to accomplish this shortening through the right application of mental power.

THE SCIENTIFIC UNITY OF GOD.

We are taught to pray "OUR Father," not only my Father. "Our Father" is therefore the Father of every one in this city, in every State of the United States, and of the whole world; the parent of all people of all races, colors, nations, languages—all are children of the one Father to whom we pray in Christian Science. Through the scientific unity of good we can utilize the tremendous spiritual power of pure Mind, as expressed through man, against the opposite material beliefs that lead to sin, disease, WAR and death.

FOR WHAT IS WAR ON THE PHYSICAL PLANE BUT AN IDEA FORMED, JUST AS DISEASE, BY MENTAL OUTLINING IN ADVANCE. WAR IS ONLY A MAGNIFIED ILLUSTRATION OF A FAMILY QUARREL WHICH BEGINS WITH A WORD, AND CAN ALWAYS BE SETTLED BY A WORD SPOKEN WISERLY TO THE POINT. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN NATIONS LED IN LIKE MANNER UP TO A GREAT INTERNATIONAL FAMILY QUARREL SETTLED NOT BY THE WORD SPOKEN IN TIME, BUT BY THE FORCE, MAN BECOMING THE MURDERER OF HIS BROTHER ON A COLLECTIVE SCALE.

The recurrence of disease, of family discord, of crime and international wars, has led to the world catastrophes which have come in periods, like waves, all down the history of the world.

THE SCIENCE OF PAINLESS WORLD EVOLUTION.

The world has now come to a point of new departure. Spiritual organization has been introduced under the covenant of scientific Christianity, and Christian Science has this splendid contribution to offer to the peace of the world. It is a powerful active society, nobly striving to do their best, in establishing a world peace on a basis of arbitration and in other ways. But to wipe out war we must understand its mental basis.

We can not destroy any evil until we know what that evil is. It is useless to strike blindly. One can not hit the "bull's-eye" unless the central point at which we aim is clearly seen.

We have to realize the solemn fact that war will not, can not, end on earth until the wider recognition and acknowledgment comes that the true nature and origin of man and the entire universe in which he lives is purely mental.

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF WAR

From the Standpoint of Practical Operative Christian Science—Not Conscriptio

An Address by Mrs. Annie C. Bill

Delivered in Washington, Dec. 2, 1926

When the first case was healed in Christian Science by Mary Baker Eddy, no one in the world dreamed that there had been placed within the grasp of mankind the power which was to end war and establish the brotherhood of man, the dream of the ages; but so it was.

What is it that heals individual cases of disease and can heal the most destructive of all diseases, war? We know through Christian Science that it is the power of Mind alone. What ever the means used, whether it be drugs or surgery, neither can come to the aid of the human body without the directing power of Mind. And yet how pitifully small, unsuccessful and temporary have been the efforts to cope with the world's suffering! Despite the earnest humanitarian efforts of practitioners of many systems, they have never permanently ended a single disease. Christian Science has shown us why. There is a hidden enemy at work in the mental realm of unseen human thoughts.

It is FEAR.

Although temporal relief has been gained in thousands of individual cases, and with gratitude, such relief has not lessened the general fear. A mental outline formed by fear, if kept before the thought, is gradually filled in, and the thing feared becomes a part of the thinker, or perhaps of some one near and dear upon whom this fear is delineated.

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In the lives of men when it was recorded that the word of the Lord came to Moses or other great leaders, men listened to their fellow countrymen with a mental conviction that he was a channel through which the one Creator was communicating some vital truth to the people. Christian Science has reestablished in human consciousness the fact that the one Mind is reflected by every man in proportion as he grasps the truth.

Why is it that so little attempt has been made to utilize the universal power of Mind? Is it not because we have known so little of any method by which thoughts move, and Mind thus acts, and by which the irresistible force of the collective mind can be harnessed to impel uninterrupted progress? We had first to realize that every individual is a part of the one Mind, the true consciousness in which we ourselves live.

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All through human history the minorities have been despised and downtrodden, while the majorities have sailed ahead, triumphant in a legal support, no matter how mistaken that majority might be. The elect, foreseen by Jesus were, undoubtedly, the minority advancing in the higher demonstration of Christian Science today.

THE SCIENTIFIC UNITY OF GOD.

We are taught to pray "OUR Father," not only my Father. "Our Father" is therefore the Father of every one in this city, in every State of the United States, and of the whole world; the parent of all people of all races, colors, nations, languages—all are children of the one Father to whom we pray in Christian Science. Through the scientific unity of good we can utilize the tremendous spiritual power of pure Mind, as expressed through man, against the opposite material beliefs that lead to sin, disease, WAR and death.

For what is war on the physical plane but an idea formed, just as disease, by mental outlining in advance. War is only a magnified illustration of a family quarrel which begins with a word, and can always be settled by a word spoken wiser to the point. Differences between nations led in like manner up to a great international family quarrel settled not by the word spoken in time, but by the force, man becoming the murderer of his brother on a collective scale.

THE SCIENCE OF PAINLESS WORLD EVOLUTION.

The world has now come to a point of new departure. Spiritual organization has been introduced under the covenant of scientific Christianity, and Christian Science has this splendid contribution to offer to the peace of the world. It is a powerful active society, nobly striving to do their best, in establishing a world peace on a basis of arbitration and in other ways. But to wipe out war we must understand its mental basis.

We can not destroy any evil until we know what that evil is. It is useless to strike blindly. One can not hit the "bull's-eye" unless the central point at which we aim is clearly seen.

We have to realize the solemn fact that war will not, can not, end on earth until the wider recognition and acknowledgment comes that the true nature and origin of man and the entire universe in which he lives is purely mental.

It is also about to be seen and acknowledged that all so-called physical phenomena are but the palpitating hieroglyphics of energy, and in the final analysis are mental.

Man can be and is governed by laws, which are not and never could be material. Thus harmonious government on earth must come through utilization by man of true mental power, alone able to govern actions rightly.

A COVENANT THAT WILL HOLD.

The only hope of the overcoming of war on earth is to unite men in scientific unity. This brings out the vast Science underlying the institution of the covenant relationship between man and man, with his living Principle, God.

This fact was first recorded in the Bible and there declared to be the only method by which the world could be saved from final catastrophe. The flood was the first such catastrophe of which we have a record, though by no means the first that happened on this planet.

Man's life originates in God, the one Mind, and is inseparable from Him, therefore a covenant with man involves a covenant with his living Maker. There is no power on earth that can rival a covenant by men to stand together for the right, and at all cost.

When a majority of mankind accepts the fact that all physical discord, from a single disease to a world war, comes from evil thoughts, and that those evil thoughts can be destroyed mentally by means of the scientific covenant before coming to final

fruition in physical forms of discord, the end of war will be in sight.

Each one gathering under a covenant, solemnly giving his promise to obey its conditions which require him to turn away from evil beliefs to true thoughts imbued with Life and all good, quickly attains to a purer consciousness, better health and increased happiness.

Such mental purification and bodily health can be spread over wide areas in all lands. Christian Science has brought to light in the new generation of its own Church the fact that the sanctity of covenant is nothing less than the sanctity and preservation of life.

THE SANCTITY OF COVENANT.

The keeping of the common covenant was inculcated in the history of the people of Israel as the essential demand of God upon man. God, Principle, Life, Truth, Love are all synonymous terms for the Mind that is the Principle of all existence.

It is a solemn covenant to which we put our hand in the Christian Science Church, a covenant pledging ourselves to an obedient membership therewith at the cost of all else. It is a purely voluntary obedience—we can withdraw; but if we remain a part of the body of this Church it can only be through obedience. For it is by this obedience that the infinite power is accumulated that lies in the oneness of mental agreement in Truth, the spiritual unity that reflects omnipotence on earth.

The Christian Science Manual covenant is far in advance of all other agreements under the human systems of government, and of nations, or religious denominations. It is a model made for the good of all, and worked out in love for all, with no feeling of sectarian division.

It demonstrates the power to enforce its own final decision for the right under all circumstances, without resort to physical force or even unkind words.

The advancing Church of Christian Science, having left the old material basis of life, where the mental power of the covenant has been understood, is explaining it by a practical demonstration. The newly unfolding discovery of the design of Life is being uplifted for the impartial enlightenment of all mankind.

The minority of Christian Scientists are shortening the days of evil by demonstrating the collective dominion to be gained over it by the power of the covenant that holds men, few or many in visible number, as one in the right.

It is proving that even an opposing majority can be brought to the side of right, of justice, humanity and truth. When one great error has thus been overcome and the dominion gained over a single mistake deluding the many, the final downfall of all sin is proved to be concealed in the power made available by the scientific covenant.

For victory over one sin, we, as Christian Scientists, can indeed give thanks in our own field, for if we can contribute to the world's vain endeavor the one divine plan by which can be obtained the victory over all sin, sorrow and death.

THE HIGHER DEMANDS OF LIFE.

Christian Science is today unfolding for all mankind the higher demands of Principle. Its own struggle and victory is its pioneer contribution to the peace of the world in the fact that by means of the scientific covenant, not the advancing minority, but he who violates the revealed larger demands of life and progress, is the sufferer.

It has opened the way by which a mistaken majority can be caused to unite with the minority who have first seen the truth. By thus bringing all together they can march on reunited in the one great unified advance.

This demonstration of a voluntary and involuntary individual and collective obedience to the covenant is advancing quickly in our field, and the overcoming of disease is going on in the same proportion.

ONE EXPANDING CIRCLE.

The ideal of a world peace is being practically worked out by Christian Science, as it is by the movement of the movement advances, spreading its branches in all lands.

The individual overcoming of all troubles by its members is not limited to the extent of what one man knows, for himself, but in proportion to that which the whole company with which he is associated knows. So close is the unity of good under the covenant in Christian Science that "what blesses one blesses all."

Its message of peace is going out to the world today from its most attaining of regeneration. All the possible methods and means for bringing world peace come down at the last to the great question of how nations, who pledge themselves to resort to arbitration instead of war, can be held to their covenant promise.

WORLD PEACE REQUIRES NEW BASIS.

There is no way by which that can be done apart from the Science of Mind. There are two things that must be realized before peace can be consummated on earth.

All the fighting in the world will never bring peace or end war.

Peace is mental, spiritual; it comes through the power of Mind and not through material agencies. Man lives in God, Mind, and all things visible are correlated to Mind and are mental in their nature.

We have said that war will not cease on this plane of human experience until the basis of all life is recognized as Mind, and all phenomena as mental. That is a solemn statement to make, but it is true.

Suppose a plan of conscription were adopted by which not only the individual, but all his possessions, were to become consecrated by the government for the purposes of war, so that every one alike would have to contribute to it.

Such a plan would make war a financial disaster to the individual. Would it not therefore create another and worse evil if a nation should be attacked by a great wrong?

Would not the financial unreasonableness outweigh its willingness to sacrifice all in the cause of the radical right? What would happen to the honor of man and nation when the highest ideal was thus anchored to a financial basis? Nothing less than worse forms of death and world ruin!

DISHONORABLE PEACE WORSE THAN WAR.

Peace with national dishonor, in which a wrong has not been corrected, is worse than war. It locks up an enemy within the heart of a nation to break out in worse forms later on.

Jesus said:

"Fear not them which kill the body, but are not able to kill the soul; but rather fear him which is able to destroy both soul and body in hell." (Matt. 2:28.)

We have truly to pay the price for peace, and in the right way, with honor.

Advancing Christian Scientists must work day and night if mankind is to be saved from world catastrophes. But there is no weariness in Science, true Science, for Mind is Life, and its perpetual motion is mental alertness and bodily health.

Its work is done in Love that is universal; that which can gather together nations and peoples in one ideal, while each forms its own covenant, with the one parent Mind.

IN SCIENCE CHURCH AND STATE NEVER CONFLICT.

In Christian Science the covenants of Church and State never conflict with each other. But their function is to support each other in the higher right unfolding for the universal good. New ideas of good unfold naturally to the unified purposes and understanding. Because the Christian Science Church takes the first step in scientific organization, it has to fight the first mental battle in its own field.

The winning of this victory will bring the general understanding of scientific, and therefore, lasting peace, for Christian Science does not leave the wrong uncorrected. It heals the false belief by uplifting the opposite right until the majority, in its sore need, comes over to the right side.

It demonstrates thus the great saying of ages that "one on God's side is a majority."

This is not a person, alone, but one community, one whole church with its unified membership illustrating for the world the scientific unity that can end a quarrel, either individual, national or international, and advance all to a higher selfhood through learning how to love God supremely, and practically, by loving his neighbor as himself.

Additional copies of the above address and other Christian Science literature will be sent free upon request.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE WATCHMAN

20 Jackson Place N.W. Washington, D. C. Phone Main 8242.

Magazine Page of Fashions and Features

SECOND LOVE

By MALCOLM DUART.
(Copyright, 1926, Eugene MacLean.)

SYNOPSIS OF PRECEDING CHAPTERS.
Marcie Allen, lovely and young, having been raised by her father, a famous stage dancer, she was the love of Harry Morton. He is the father of Audrey, who just is becoming reacquainted after an estrangement with her husband, John Parish, whom Marcie has taken into her home. Marcie and her husband have quarreled, and she has just asked him to leave her home.

NOW GO ON WITH THE STORY.
(Names and situations in this story are fictitious.)

CHAPTER XIX.

MARCIE'S cry reached the ears of her father, who sat inside an open window of the house, enjoying the cool draft. He thrust his head out of doors.

"Better come in, Morton," he called. "The kid's determined—and if you don't come, she'll drag you in!" He laughed amiably.

"Can't come this time," said Morton, stepping out of the car and coming around to assist Marcie.

"Please!" she whispered. "Get my blasted old machine fixed up!" her father continued. "We start away in the morning—Marcie and the wife and I—be gone two months."

"Please come in!" persisted Marcie. "Where are you going?" called Morton to the man in the window.

"To White Sulphur Springs," Mr. Allen said.

"Well—that's odd. I expect to be there myself next week."

"Marcie clasped her hands. 'Are you really going there?'"

"Really and truly," he said. "Coming in my new roadster."

He stepped back, and clambered into the driver's seat again.

"I'll see you!" the girl persisted. "Absolutely," said he, as he started away. "Good-bye!" He waved at the other man, and nodded and smiled as Marcie, stepping behind a tree so her father could not see her, tossed him a kiss.

He wore an air of satisfaction as he turned the car through the moonlight traffic, avoiding the congested district and approaching Audrey's home from the direction opposite to that in which he had started.

Audrey was waiting for him on the lawn.

"Lunchon's been ready a long time," she said. "Where'd you go?"

"Took Marcie riding," he said. "I thought so," she told him, "but Nona doesn't know it. She's been wandering all over, looking for you."

"They went into the house. Parish and Nona appeared, and the four sat down to the table."

"Daddy," said Audrey, "John wants me to leave this house and live on his farm."

"Morton laid down his soup spoon. 'What's the idea?'"

"It's this way," Parish said. "I'm making \$30 a week now. Get a raise. But that won't keep up the servants. It won't even pay the rent. I can't pay for Audrey's clothes. But I don't want a woman supporting me. I won't have it. And I told Audrey that if she and I are ever going to be happy together, she's got to live on what I make."

"He was thumping on the table to emphasize his remarks."

"What do you think of it?" Morton asked his daughter.

"I'll do whatever John wants me to," said Marcie, bravely. "I'll start to learn to look right away."

"Good," said her father. "That's the spirit."

His son-in-law nodded in agreement. "You said it!"

"Audrey's willing to give up anything for your happiness, isn't she?" Morton went on.

"Yep—and that means we'll be happy," Parish boasted.

"And when I was some money, will you make me ask you for it?"

"Why—yes, I guess so."

"Then I'll be on my way. And just you work at your own job, where you won't have any nagging wife paying your wages. And don't let me buy things if you think I shouldn't, and you buy—buy everything—don't let me know anything about the money. Will you do that, boy?"

He cleared his throat. "It don't seem right," he said.

"John," said he, "I said, holding close to me—that money almost drove me wild while you were gone. I want you to handle it—do whatever you like about it, because—"

"A wife wants her husband to be boss."

"Not 'til of them by any means," Morton interrupted. "Will you two tattle doves kindly sit down and finish your luncheon?"

They complied, and tenderly began a discussion of plans for future house-keeping. Morton looked at Nona, smiled and winked. The young couple apparently had forgotten the existence of the man and girl who sat with them.

Later, they all went to the rear lawn. "Daddy," said Audrey, "it's settled that you are to keep your old room, and your study."

"It is not," said he. "I'm not going to load myself upon my daughter's household."

"But you mustn't go away," she cried. "You mustn't! You're always to live with us!"

"Not so," said he. "I don't ever propose to be an old gentleman, pottering about in somebody's else's house even if it is my daughter's. I have means enough to maintain a home of my own—and I'm going away next week."

"Next week?" The girl looked at Nona and Parish as if unable to believe her ears.

"I came to be here until you and John got past the hair-pulling stage. You looked safe, the two of you—though I should have spanked you both!"

"Hello, parson!" he said. "I have means enough to maintain a home of my own—and I'm going away next week."

"The laughing man and his daughter turned. Across the lawn, slowly, came Marcie Allen. They could see the glint of her yellow roadster through the vines on the fence."

Parish nodded curiously, arose, and went into the house.

"I came to say good-bye for a while," Marcie told them. "I'm starting tomorrow for White Sulphur Springs—shall Mr. Morton and I send you a post-card, Audrey?"

Her dark eyes flashed at Nona. (Continued tomorrow.)

Vast Prairie Lands Still Await Plow

Topeka, Kan., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Vast expanses of rolling prairie in the western part of Kansas, once the exclusive domain of jackrabbits, prairie dogs and their like, still beckon the farmer, and gradually the virgin sod and desolation that once were buffalo wallows are being broken.

A half million acres of virgin prairie sod have been turned by the plow in western Kansas this fall. It is but a portion of the 11,500,000 acres that is reported seeded to wheat in the State that the nation's bread basket may be full next year.

In addition to lime, Drs. Brown and Hunter examined the calcium content of the blood of many people who had asthma or other disorders of this group. They found a considerable lime shortage. They treated their cases on this basis. In addition to removing the exciting cause—the seed—they tried to supply the lime shortage in order to change the soil.

In the diets used, egg yolks, fresh milk, cheese, whole wheat, bran breads and milk breads, oranges and other fresh fruits, carrots, cabbage and other green vegetables, oatmeal, dried beans, prunes, almonds, walnuts and peanuts were conspicuous.

In addition, they gave calcium lactate. Others give calcium lactate and calcium chloride do not act in exactly the same way in lead poisoning, and they may not have exactly the same action in asthma. The Germans make use of lime breads.

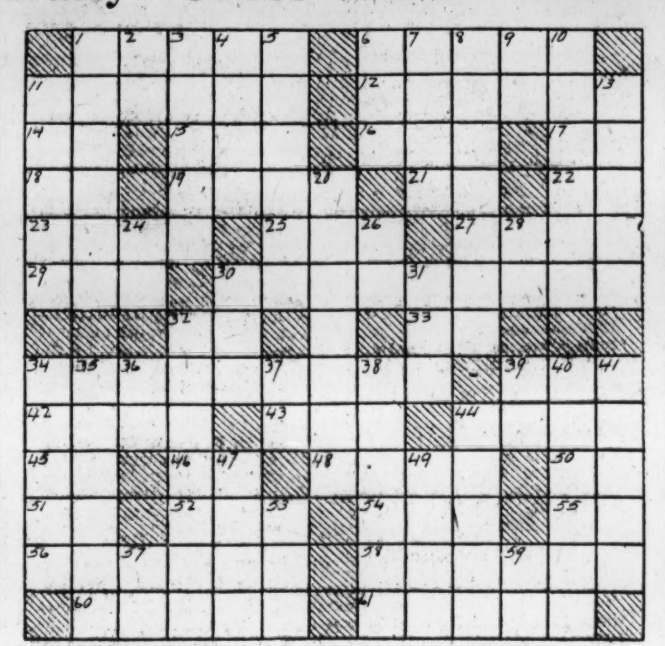
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Daily Cross-Word Puzzle



- HORIZONTAL.**
- 1 Burn with water
 - 6 Confusion
 - 11 Lifter
 - 12 Scenes of action
 - 14 College degree
 - 15 Understand
 - 16 Brounzed complexion
 - 17 Fourth note of the scale
 - 18 14150
 - 19 Street urchin
 - 21 Card game
 - 22 Elias (abbr.)
 - 23 Grudge
 - 24 Sound made by a cat
 - 27 Death
 - 28 Of God (Latin)
 - 30 Gets together
 - 32 Boyne
 - 33 True
 - 34 Achieved
 - 35 Lead
 - 36 Gulf in Siberia
 - 40 Symbol: "silver"
 - 50 A New England State (abbr.)
- VERTICAL.**
- 1 Pertaining to the peoples of Italy before the Romans came
 - 2 101
 - 3 Prove
 - 4 Amorous glance
 - 5 Hallucinations
 - 6 Flying mammal
 - 7 Sea in Asia
 - 8 Deadend
 - 9 Half an em-musical city in France
 - 10 World war famous city in France
 - 11 Carried off by force
 - 12 Seasons
 - 13 Also
 - 26 The writer and others
 - 28 Termination denoting alcohol
 - 30 Chopping tool
 - 31 Insane
 - 32 Periods or intervals of eight
 - 34 Ceases
 - 35 Suable
 - 36 French: "to gether"
 - 37 What?
 - 38 Rubber
 - 39 Thing
 - 40 Narrow piece of land
 - 41 Four children, three girls and one boy
 - 47 Look
 - 48 Exit
 - 57 Plural suffix
 - 59 Prefix: "from"

RESULT OF YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE

LAMEST BOWERS

AVENUE ANIMAL

BE DEALT TIDE

INW SCOOP TIE

AGES HONED AT

LEVERET WALLS

EVER SETA

CURE SHEETED

AN RIFLE JERE

RED WEARS RAP

EVIL APIAN JO

SENIOR FLORET

JINEERS FEEVERS

HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

AILMENT CAUSED BY DEFICIENT LIME.

IN a certain sense asthma, hay fever, eczema and hives are related diseases. In hay fever and asthma there is often blood relationship. Many people who enjoy hay fever in season finally acquire asthma in order that they may perform at all seasons. Hay fever leads to bacterial bronchitis, which, in turn, leads to bronchial asthma.

In all the group, whether there is a blood relationship or not, there is an underlying something which seems necessary for the disorder. The acute, provoking agent is a pollen, a microbe, a food protein or an occupational poison, as the case might be, but beside these—the seed—there is the soil.

The soil factor is sometimes spoken of as the constitution, sometimes as the dyscrasia, sometimes by other names. But these are words. Research is trying to uncover the real nature of this underlying cause. There is much that indicates that the real trouble is a deficiency in lime. Sherman says lime shortage is about the only outstanding mineral shortage in the American diet.

There have been many efforts to supply the lime shortage which is generally present in cases of hay fever, asthma, eczema and urticaria. It is easy to give lime, but having it absorbed and stored in the tissues is another matter. Making the horse drink is not as easy as leading him to water. To make the lime stick to the ribs physicians use light treatment, cod liver oil and extracts of parathyroid and thyroid.

Drs. Brown and Hunter examined the calcium content of the blood of many people who had asthma or other disorders of this group. They found a considerable lime shortage. They treated their cases on this basis. In addition to removing the exciting cause—the seed—they tried to supply the lime shortage in order to change the soil.

In the diets used, egg yolks, fresh milk, cheese, whole wheat, bran breads and milk breads, oranges and other fresh fruits, carrots, cabbage and other green vegetables, oatmeal, dried beans, prunes, almonds, walnuts and peanuts were conspicuous.

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Mr. Work's Pointer On Auction Bridge

(Milton C. Work, the international authority, will answer your auction bridge questions. A stamped, self-addressed envelope must accompany each request for replies.)

In yesterday's article, I urged the partner of a No Trump bidder to take out the No Trump with Major-suit length and strength on the ground that there might be game in the Major suit and not in the No Trump, while if there were game in the No Trump and not in the Major suit the No Trump could rebid his No Trump. In other words, with strong hands of this sort I resemble the little boy who desires the penny and the cake both. To illustrate with an extreme example: if the partner of a No Trump bidder holds:

Sp: Ace-King-x-x-x. Ht: Ace-x-x-x. Dia: King-Queen-x. Cl: x-x he apparently has wonderful assistance for the No Trump, but it is possible that his partner may have bid a No Trump with some such hand as:

Sp: Queen-Jack-10. Ht: King-Queen-Jack. Dia: Ace-Jack-x-x. Cl: x-x-x in which case a game, sure at Spades, might be lost at No Trump by the running of five adverse Clubs. On the other hand (transposing the No Trump's Clubs and Spades and the game would be there at No Trump and might not beat Spades; but with the take out, the goal would still be reached because the No Trump would rebid after his partner's announcement of strength.

Of course the No Trump rebid could not be made safely if the Major might have been called with weakness; therefore today's important pointer is:

Do not take out your partner's No Trump with Major suit weakness.

Passing now to the question of taking-out with a weak Major which our pointer for today prohibits: this is especially objectionable because, if the take-out may be a weak bid, the No Trump will not dare to rebid; and in many cases it is essential for game-getting purposes that he do so. With no strength on the side, the weakest hand with which a No Trump should be taken out with a Major suit is King-Queen-x-x-x, but with strength on the side, so that if the partner returns to the No Trump he will find the expected help for his declaration, it is advisable to give him the option between the Major and the No Trump with holdings which without the side strength, should not be bid. Two hands illustrative of this were given yesterday, viz:

1. Sp: Queen-Jack-x-x-x. Ht: x-x-x. Dia: x-x-x. Cl: x-x-x. 2. Sp: Queen-Jack-x-x-x. Ht: King-x-x-x. Dia: Ace-x-x-x. Cl: Queen-x-x-x. 3. Sp: Ace-King-Jack-x. Ht: Ace-x-x-x. Dia: King-x-x-x. Cl: x-x-x.

The consideration of the Major take-out will be continued tomorrow; and whether to take out should be made with the following two hands will be discussed:

1. Sp: Ace-King-Jack-x. Ht: Ace-x-x-x. Dia: King-x-x-x. Cl: x-x-x. 2. Sp: Ace-King-Jack-x. Ht: Ace-x-x-x. Dia: King-x-x-x. Cl: x-x-x.

(Copyright National Newspaper Service.)

WIVES OF TOMORROW

By FRANCES McDONALD

Mental Disturbance.

DEAR Miss McDonald: I have been reading your column for quite a long time and have read the advice that you give to others, now I wonder if you can give me any advice that I can use. My husband is a trouble maker. The trouble lies with the boy. He is

in his eighteenth year but acts and talks like an 8-year-old child. Now, for instance, his father and I do not know what to get him as a Christmas gift as he has all the jewelry he needs, so we had one of the girl's ask him. He told her he wanted a football and baseball outfit and a pair of these khaki overalls and a leather puttee. Now why he should want these I don't know as he never was a boy for sports. Some time ago, I will say about two months ago, he was in the breakfast room with the rest of the family when a young chap called him in the front of the house and thinking it was one of his friends I sent him out and they went to the movies together. Then I found out later it was a little boy. I asked him in the evening who it was and he said his boy friend. I asked him how old he was and he said 10 years old. He said to play with small children. "Now you know he should not do that. If you try to explain anything to him the standards and sense of it isn't that his father and I haven't talked to him or taught him different things. But no matter how much you show him how to do anything he can never do it right the second time. He can not even use the yard he needs. If he should say 'I asked him if he could see me tonight,' he will say 'I told him if he can see me tonight.' Miss McDonald, do not think we are on him for there wasn't a thing that we didn't buy him or try to do for him that his father and I didn't do. We have spoken kindly to him and found out it didn't do any good. He goes to night school now. We also send him to Sunday school, but to no avail. Miss McDonald, pardon my length of this letter, but don't have to print it all in the paper, but try and see what you think if it is our fault or his. He eats good and is in good health. I will close now and hoping to see an answer in the paper."

BROKEN-HEARTED MOTHER.

You say you live in Philadelphia so I want you to cut out this answer of mine and take it to Jefferson hospital and tell them that I have sent you there for advice as to the proper place to go for help in your problem. There is some cause for the peculiarities your boy evidences, and it is your duty to seek aid for him. Some gland may not be functioning, and Jefferson hospital, with one of the finest staffs in the world, can and will direct you to just the proper course. Do not be worried or alarmed. The one thing to fear is failing to get medical aid. Will you let me know just what physician you see at Jefferson hospital and what advice they give you there? I will be anxious to know so write to me again. And do not worry as many mental disturbances are curable—if cure is sought in time. Do not delay.

Golf Course on "Slag" Dump.

A golf course at Clifton, Greenlee county, Arizona, is laid out on a "slag" dump, residue from nearby copper mines.

200,000 New Homes in Six Months.

The Indiana limestone survey shows that during the first half of 1926 more than 200,000 houses were built in 78 cities of more than 100,000 population.

(Copyright, 1926, by Vogue.)

Chic Baby-Blue

ABY blue is very popular this year. But it is not the baby blue of the high-school dancer, so to speak. It is very chic when it is made in an evening gown of sophisticated cut, it should be worn by a striking, vivacious person on a charming, fragile blonde it may look insipid. It is best becoming to the brunettes, clear skin and to the woman with brilliant auburn hair.

In this case, a very striking brunette is wearing it. And the dress itself is most amusing with its zebra skirt and its low-cut bodice. The slippers are baby-blue satin with rhinestone buckles.

(Copyright, 1926, by Vogue.)

Mitzi Hesitates for Hats.

The grosgrain ribbon is brought around in front and tied in a flat bow in front so that the hat looks as you see it here. Mitzi admires it immensely because it is very smart and also very comfortable. It does not, however, make her forget that she has something to do especially.

(All rights protected by The George Matthews Adams Service—Trade Mark Registered U. S. Patent Office.)



For Your Fashion-Wise Friends
Replicas of the Smart
New Paris Handbags
In Antelope, of Course!

\$13.75

LeLong's New Bolero Bag!

made exactly like the small little bolero frocks, in splendid quality antelope piped with gold, mounted on a collapsible gold finish frame and ornamented with a gold-finished, simulated monogram. Black, brown and green—a stunning gift, \$13.75.

Vionnet's New Pouch Bag!

—that cleverly pretends to be box pleated and really isn't! Beautifully lined with moire silk, fitted with inside change compartment and mirror and finished with a green ornamented clasp that takes its shape from the popular lipstick. In black and tan, \$13.75.

Other Antelope Bags—\$5 to \$25.
Handbag Shop—Street Floor.

Gelleff's
A FASHION INSTITUTION
New York

BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

LOOSE POWDER.

E STELLA asks whether I consider a loose powder container better than a compact, and my answer is "Yes, if you can find one that works."

The loose powder container, to my way of thinking, has three advantages. The first is that it isn't always possible to find as large a range of shades in compact form, and yours may not be among those offered. This actually becomes an impossibility when one is devoted to personally-blended powder. Second, all compacts, in order to stay together, necessitate the use of a cer-

tain amount of "binder," which isn't so good for the skin. Third, on account of the nature of the compact and the puff that goes with it, one is apt to "scrub in" the powder. This is neither so satisfactory from the standpoint of one's appearance nor so good for the skin as patting on loose powder would be, and it is particularly bad for those who have large pores.

The same argument can be used against compact rouge. Liquid or cream rouge is much better for the skin, does not need to be renewed so often, and once one has learned to manage it, is more natural in appearance.

(Copyright, 1926, by Vogue.)

Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETON

TORN-UP LETTERS.

N OBODY has asked me any questions about this, but I have observed that nine people out of ten are stupidly untidy when dealing with torn-up letters, and I long to tell the world my opinion of them. I have seen scraps of letters littering the gut-

ters and the subway steps. I have seen women scatter fragments of letters on the windows of their richly rolling vehicles. I have even known them to tear up and throw upon the floor of the room they were sitting in nearly the whole contents of the morning's mail. Generally the kind of woman who is grossly untidy is a common woman, sometimes just being utterly inconsiderate and slovenly, sometimes being heedless, sometimes being what she thinks rugged and stylish. But once in a while she really is a lady and has developed these careless habits without thinking.

"It's not mean to make a fuss about," she might say, "a few torn papers on the carpet! And the housemaid picks them up." But why on earth take the time or anybody else to pick up scraps of letter-paper if the letter has been torn up fine—when the scraps needn't have been made?

JUST FOLKS

By EDGAR A. GUEST

MURDERER JACK FROST.

Jack Frost was here last night when the oldtime "sanitary pad" was used. Took every bloom in sight. And broke the dahlias down.

No cry for help we heard. No clamor of fright. No bitter, angry word. Disturbed us through the night.

So sly and swift was he. So ruthlessly he clipped. That every plant and tree. Of all its garb was stripped.

Oh, pitiful the sight! The dying and the dead! Jack Frost was here last night. While we were all in bed.

(Copyright, 1926, Edgar A. Guest.)

Water Taxi Service For Dutch Canals

Amsterdam, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—"Water taxi" are to be installed here for service in the canals, which will about the city. The taxis will accommodate two to four persons and are really small boats, with cabins, the taximeter being attached to the shaft of the propeller.

The taxis were decided upon to meet the increased growth of Amsterdam on both sides of the River IJ, as well as the other waterways of the city and nearby district.

Sheik Turbans Lose Popularity.

The makers of

ECONOMIST PREDICTS STRONG BOND MARKET

Paul Clay, of Moody's Investor Service, Speaks at Capital Club Dinner.

BANK SECURITIES ACTIVE

By F. W. PATTERSON.

"Practically speaking, our present financial system is only four years old, for the plethora of capital with all its manifold financial changes dates from 1922. Doubtless its real origin was in 1916 when the war boom started, but it was concealed for years by the war, the post-war inflation and deflation, and the necessity of taking huge inventory losses," said Paul Clay, economist of Moody's Investor Service, yesterday, speaking at the monthly luncheon of the Washington Bond Club, at the Metropolitan Club.

Describing the new factors and forces which are making the bond market so strong Mr. Clay said: "At present new capital production, meaning the process of saving out of earnings, is stimulated by the efficiency of plants and factory equipment. This efficiency is itself a creature of the war boom in productive thought. Output per man in manufacturing plants when measured in quantity are running 27 to 52 per cent ahead of 1914, and this means lower costs of production and larger savings.

Because of this excess of capital, bond prices are stronger than formerly as compared with stock prices, and stock prices are stronger than formerly as compared with any barometer or measure of trade activity, the speaker pointed out, declaring that "the bond market is the only market in which demand nearly three times as large as volume of new securities for investment as it did before the war."

"After the civil war the price of capital or average yield of new investment issues declined for 32 years; and in England it did the same after the Napoleonic wars," said the economist, who concluded his address by saying: "We need not be surprised if the existing fall in the price of capital and rise in security prices should continue subject to interruptions for 10 to 20 years."

Charles Carroll Morgan, manager of the bond department of G. M. P. Murphy & Co., president of the Bond Club, presided. Other guests of the club for the day were Howard Moran, president District Bankers association; Lester P. MacLachlan, president MacLachlan Banking Corporation; E. Percival Wilson, secretary National Savings & Trust Co. and E. M. Andrus, assistant cashier Riggs National Bank.

Associate members present were Robert V. Fleming, Charles J. Bell, William D. Hoover, Corcoran, Thom, John L. Lerner, John Poole, Joshua Evans, Jr. and E. Jackson Kimball.

Bank Shares Change Hands.

While there was no unusual turnover in bank stocks in yesterday's session of the Washington Stock Exchange, the financial institutions featured the trading. Stocks of the local banks are closely held and few share change hands on the exchange so that transactions in stocks of four institutions in one session is an event of unusual interest.

National Bank of Washington selling to the extent of 10 shares advanced 2 points to 285. National Metropolitan Bank sold 3 points up on the first sale of 10 shares and on the other transaction involving 10 shares advanced 4 points to 400. Riggs National Bank advanced a point to 444 with 10 shares changing hands, while 10 shares of District National Bank sold unchanged at 227.

Washington Railway & Electric preferred offered fractionally easier a single share changing hands at 90 1/2, but the loss was picked up on following sale and 32 shares moved at 90 1/2, the level of Saturday's close. Potomac Electric Power preferred advanced to 108 on a small lot sale. Capital Traction opened with a week-end gain of one-eighth, ten shares selling at 104 1/2, and a stock further to 104 1/2 on closing sale. Washington Gas Light was firm at 72, while National Mortgage & Investment preferred sold at 93 on a sale of 2,300 shares.

Seeks Tornado Insurance.

"In view of the recent tornadoes and heavy windstorms we have been having in this vicinity, we feel that it is now necessary for the members making real estate loans to obtain from their borrowers protection against tornado," says Lester P. MacLachlan, chairman of the committee on standardized banking insurance of the District Bankers' association, in a circular to member banks.

Members of the insurance committee, which has for its function a study of banking insurance problems with a view to standardization, in addition to Chairman MacLachlan, are Francis G. Addison, vice president Security Savings & Commercial Bank; J. A. Sluiter, vice president, Commercial National Bank, and C. H. Pope, executive vice president, Munsey Trust Co.

Bankers' Bulletin Issued.

The December Bulletin of the District Bankers' association was being circulated among the member banks yesterday. The current number contains a resume of important association events which transpired in November and carries announcements of coming events from Howard Moran, president.

Institute Draws Crowds.

A number of bank officers and directors availed themselves of the privilege of "visitation week" at the Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking, and attended the classes conducted last night. It is hoped that as many officers and directors of local financial institutions as possible will find an opportunity to drop in some evening this week to see the chapter "in action."

Tonight's classes will be conducted by

Y. S. Booker, of Y. S. Booker & Co., investment bankers, who is the instructor in the popular investment course, and E. J. Donohue, who conducts the large class in standard economics.

Beneficial Loan Report.

Report of the earnings of the Beneficial Loan society for October, compared with 1925, showed a corresponding month last year, according to statement yesterday by M. R. Kynaston & Co., local specialists in profit sharing bonds. Operating profits in October amounted to over three and a quarter times the bond interest on the \$8,000,000 debenture.

ture gold bonds which the society has outstanding, or a yearly rate above interest of over \$1,000,000.

Alumni Association Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Alumni association of Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking, which will be held tonight at the Franklin Square hotel, will be preceded by a dinner in the La Java room of the hotel, beginning at 6:30.

Peoples Drug Stores Sales.

Sales of Peoples Drug Stores, Inc., for November amounted to \$591,964, compared with \$490,935 for the corresponding month last year, an increase of \$101,031, or 40.63 per cent, according to M. G. Gibbs, president.

Returns for New York.

C. Bryan Pitts, chairman of the board of the F. H. Smith Co., was back in the city yesterday after passing a week in New York, where he attended the meetings of the American Construction Council. Mr. Pitts was named as one of a committee of eight who will make a study of the mortgage business throughout the country, reporting their findings to the American Construction Council at the January meeting.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKET.

BUTTER—Country packed, 20¢; creamery, 18¢; 1925, 17¢.

EGGS—Average receipts, 60; candled, 54¢; henner, 60¢.

POULTRY—Live: Turkey, top, 42¢; 43¢; spring chickens, 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; ducks, 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

LIVE STOCK—Calves, top, 19¢; medium, 18¢; thin, 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

APPLES—Supplies liberal; demand moderate; market slightly weaker. New York, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

LETTUCE—Supplies liberal; demand moderate; market slightly weaker. New York, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

CUCUMBERS—Supplies liberal; demand moderate; market slightly weaker. New York, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

EGGPLANT—Supplies light; demand moderate; market steady. Florida, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

SQUASH—Supplies liberal; demand moderate; market slightly weaker. Florida, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

SPRING BEANS—Supplies liberal; demand light; market slightly weaker. Florida, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

TOMATOES—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

PEPPERS—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Florida, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

ONIONS—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

SHRUBS—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

FRUIT—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

VEGETABLES—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

GRAIN—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

MEAT—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

POULTRY—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

EGGS—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢; 58¢; 59¢; 60¢; 61¢; 62¢; 63¢; 64¢; 65¢; 66¢; 67¢; 68¢; 69¢; 70¢; 71¢; 72¢; 73¢; 74¢; 75¢; 76¢; 77¢; 78¢; 79¢; 80¢; 81¢; 82¢; 83¢; 84¢; 85¢; 86¢; 87¢; 88¢; 89¢; 90¢; 91¢; 92¢; 93¢; 94¢; 95¢; 96¢; 97¢; 98¢; 99¢; 100¢.

POULTRY—Supplies light; demand light; market steady. Ohio, 10¢; 11¢; 12¢; 13¢; 14¢; 15¢; 16¢; 17¢; 18¢; 19¢; 20¢; 21¢; 22¢; 23¢; 24¢; 25¢; 26¢; 27¢; 28¢; 29¢; 30¢; 31¢; 32¢; 33¢; 34¢; 35¢; 36¢; 37¢; 38¢; 39¢; 40¢; 41¢; 42¢; 43¢; 44¢; 45¢; 46¢; 47¢; 48¢; 49¢; 50¢; 51¢; 52¢; 53¢; 54¢; 55¢; 56¢; 57¢;

RICKARD BUYS CONTROL OF HEAVYWEIGHT MARKET

Fohl Slated To Manage Toronto

Former Red Sox Pilot Appointed to Berth in Minors.

Convention Predicts Lower Salaries in Major Leagues.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—As baseball men gathered in record breaking numbers for the annual meeting of the National Association of Baseball Clubs, a record was also believed broken for trades and sales of baseball players discussed but not completed. From early morning until late tonight the relative merits and demerits of playing talent in many leagues were cited without serious change thus far in the rosters of clubs. Many a ball player was declared the "best in the league" by the man who would like to sell his contract and a "no good bum" by another club president willing to buy it, but not for much money.

As the club presidents, managers, scouts and even umpires, continued to arrive for the opening session tomorrow, Secretary John H. Farrell predicted a record breaking attendance. President Mike Sexton, detained by a death in his family, is expected to reach Asheville tomorrow in time to call the first session to order.

President Thomas J. Hickey, of the American association, who with Farrell played a prominent part in the organization of the national association 25 years ago, was given a Christmas present by his league in the form of a \$2,000-a-year increase in salary.

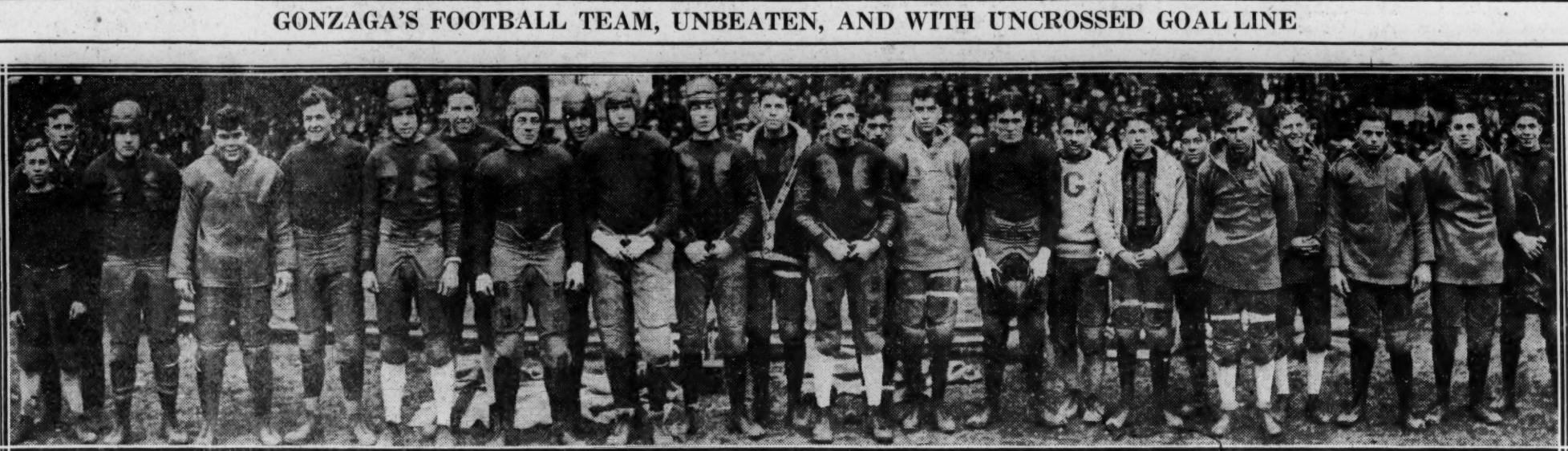
Hickey was reelected president of the league for a term of three years at a salary of \$10,000.

The American association, after congratulating itself on a record-breaking attendance last season, adjourned to meet next week in Chicago to talk of schedules for 1927. There were 1,700,000 paid admissions in 1926, President Hickey announced.

In the absence of an official announcement from the Boston Red Sox, it is believed that he will succeed Dan Howley as manager of the pennant-winning Toronto Leafs.

Clarence Rowland, American league

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 18, COLUMN 6.)



Kenneth Simondinger, former Holy Cross star, has turned out a football team at Gonzaga that is hailed as the Eastern Prep school champions and recognized as the scholastic champions of the District of Columbia. Johnny Bozek, brilliant halfback, has been the main stay of the team. Pictured above are, left to right: Carmon, mascot; Coach Simondinger, Byrne, Hinkle, Himmelberg, Garvin, A. Farrell, Tobin, Capt. Jim Farrell, Augusterfer, Fitzgerald, McVish, Bozek, Dugan, Mackey, Nolan, Tracy, Smith, John Farrell, Pete, Allman, Sullivan, Gaghan, T. Farrell.

Nats Seeking More Talent At Minor League Meeting

Harris and Engle at Asheville to Talk Trade. Exhibition Games to Be Arranged With Reds.

By FRANK H. YOUNG.

THE sudden shift in plans of the Washington club, which sent Manager Stanley Harris to the Asheville, N. C., minor league meetings, after it had been announced that Scout Joe Engel would be the Nats' sole representative, was made on the chance that, possibly, a little profitable business could be done there.

President Griffith and Harris first took the stand that, as the Nats already had their limit of 40 players on their list and as big league "hobby hunters" had pretty well combed the territory of capable material anyway, the duties of a Washington representative at the minor confab would be more or less social, with the "boy scout" a past master in this art.

The Washington club president and manager got their heads together Saturday, however, figured

WEST

MEN'S WEAR

Gift Suggestions

GOLF HOSE make a colorful, appropriate gift that's always acceptable. Our excellent selection of the latest novelty Golf Hosiery comprises many exclusive patterns and unique color combinations. Prices range from \$3 to \$12 a pair, and represent unusual values.

SIDNEY WEST, Inc.

Gifts That Are Assured A Warm Welcome

Imported Mufflers
Latest British creations in choice restricted patterns.

English Foulard, \$5 to \$10
Scotch Woolen, \$4
Silk, \$5 to \$22

Windbreakers
Of Buckskin and Suede. Ideal for Golf wear
\$15 to \$25

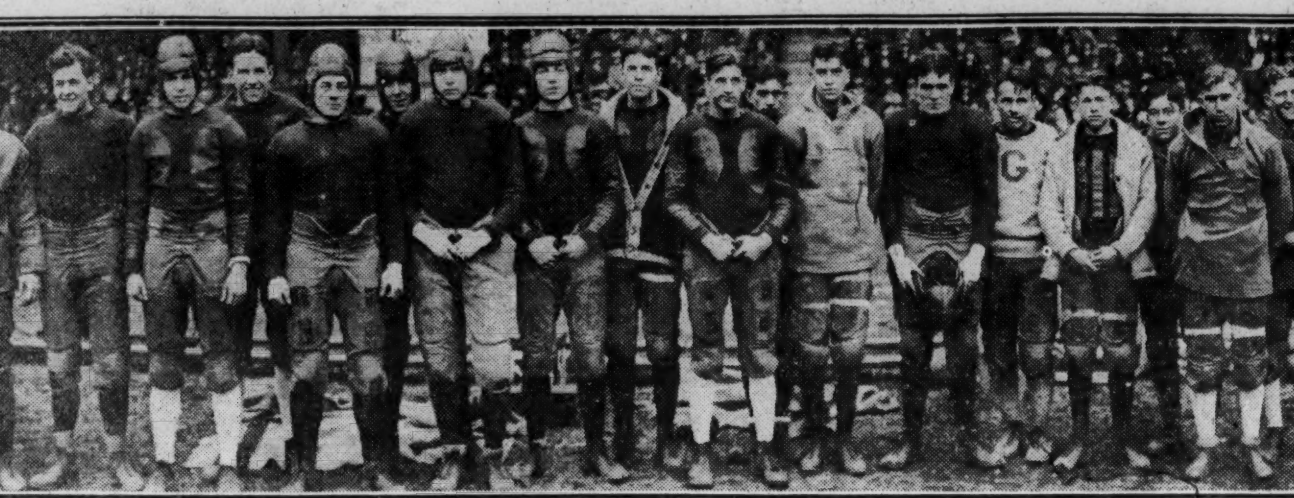
Golf Sweaters
Of Warm, colorful Woolen. Pullover and Button variety.
\$7.50 to \$25

Fownes Gloves
Of cape, mocha and Buckskin.
\$3 to \$6

Fownes Driving Gloves
\$4 to \$10

Sidney West
(INCORPORATED)
14th & G Streets N. W.

GONZAGA'S FOOTBALL TEAM, UNBEATEN, AND WITH UNCROSSED GOAL LINE



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PRESENT DAY FOOTBALL IS DEPLORED

College Heads Comment on Evil and Good of Game.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—A symposium of college presidents' views on William Allen White's assertion that the football ball is waging the college game is published by the Indianapolis Star today.

Says Louis B. Hopkins, newly inaugurated president of Washburn college: "Undergraduates constitute far less than 10 per cent of great crowds at football games and probably not 2 per cent of the reading public. One might as well contend that football is waging the American business world. We increase interest in the classroom, not by curtailing distracting influences like football, but only by making the classroom more interesting."

Several college presidents see grave dangers in continuance of the rise of football to heights of popularity never conceived a decade ago.

"Football is running away with itself," Dr. P. L. Powell, of Franklin college, says.

Dr. L. H. Murlin, of DePauw university, classes the growth of football as "unfortunate."

"William Allen White appears to have employed his well-known skill in the gentle art of exaggeration for commendable ends," says Edward C. Elliott, of Purdue university, "but the tail end of his argument is the real dog."

"It is one of the most serious problems confronting educational authorities," says Robert J. Avery, president of Butler college.

Less pessimistic, however, is Dr. William Bryan of Indiana university. "Intercollegiate athletics are a mixture of good and evil," he says, "but the good far outweighs the evil."

Jeanes, Former Nat, Is Bought by Giants

New York, Dec. 6.—The New York Giants announced today the purchase of E. L. (Tex) Jeanes, from the Birmingham club of the Southern association.

Jeanes has had considerable big league experience, having served both with Cleveland and Washington. He was with the Nationals for the greater part of last season, failing to earn his salary because of weakness with the willow. He is a converted pitcher.

Maryland Rated 4th In Lacrosse in U. S.

Maryland university is ranked fourth in the list of college lacrosse teams of 1926 recently announced by the United States Intercollegiate Lacrosse association. Johns Hopkins, of Baltimore, the Old Line school's ancient rival, is ranked at the top, with Syracuse and Navy following in the order named.

Other teams placed in the first ten are Yale; fifth, Cornell; sixth, New York university; seventh, Lehigh; and Hobart, tied for eighth; Rutgers, ninth, and Union, tenth.

Pennsylvania, Penn State, Dartmouth, Lafayette, Army, Harvard, Colgate and Virginia, schools which also had teams in the stick wielding sport, were not ranked due to the weakness of their schedules.

TWO GAMES SOUGHT.

A double-header for tomorrow night with a 115 or 125 pound basketball team is sought by the Red Shields. Telephone West 2400.

AUTOMOBILES BY AUCTION
AT
Weschler's
920 Penn Ave.
Tomorrow, 10 A. M.

Including:
25 Flint Touring; 26 Ford Delivery; and 22 Ford Delivery, by order Trustee in Bankruptcy.

HAWKINS
NASH
MOTOR CO.
Conveniently Located on Fourteenth Street
1433-37 14th St. Main 5780

Rice's All-American Names Connaughton

New York, Dec. 5 (By A. P.)—Michigan has its famous "Bennies," Osterman and Friedman, on the all-American football team selected by Grantland Rice for Collier's Weekly and made public today.

The make-up of the first eleven, with six representatives of the middle West, four of the East and one of the far West, follows: Ends, Hanson, Syracuse, Michigan; Michigan, Michigan; Wickhorst, Navy, and Smith; Brown, guards, Connaughton, Georgetown, and Shively, Illinois; center, Bozinger, Notre Dame; quarterback, Friedman, Michigan; halfbacks, Kaer, Southern California, and Baker, Northwestern; fullback, Joeston, Minnesota.

TROUSERS
To Match Your Old Coat
EISEMAN'S, 7th & F

ILLINOIS BODY MAY ACT ON PROTEST

Authority to Change Walker Decision Questioned.

CHICAGO, Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—The Illinois State athletic commission, at its regular meeting tomorrow afternoon, may pass upon a request of Walk Miller, manager of Tiger Flowers, for a reversal of Referee Benny Yanger's decision, which transferred the middleweight championship to Mickey Walker, after a ten-round contest at the Coliseum last Friday night.

Opinion was divided tonight on the possibilities of a reversal. The impression prevailed that the commission would not act favorably on Miller's suggestion and would consider the case closed.

Legal authorities said the commission had no power to reverse a decision unless evidence of a fraud or a mistake was brought forth. These authorities also said that nothing could be found in the law giving the commission authority to reverse the decision of the referee; and nothing could be found by which manager of a boxer could protest a decision.

John C. Righelmer, chairman of the commission, would issue no formal statement today, and Paul Prehn, another one of the commissioners, who was said to favor a reversal, was out of the city. It is expected that Righelmer would endeavor to persuade the third commissioner, O. W. Huncke, to vote on the problem, but Righelmer must first persuade Huncke to attend a meeting. To do so since he resigned as chairman and tendered his resignation as a commissioner several weeks ago.

Righelmer is convinced that if there was a mistake in Yanger's decision, it was an honest one. No one has produced any evidence of convicting on the part of the referee or the principals of the contest.

"I have passed the buck to the commission," said Miller tonight. "If the commission does not have the power to reverse the decision, it should at least look into the matter and officially disapprove of Yanger's decision. Yanger's decision, proved that he is incompetent. I am satisfied that there was no dishonesty in Yanger's decision, but I am convinced that he was not a fit official to judge the contest."

It is his honest belief that a serious mistake has been made, and since the commission is looked upon to uphold the sport, that body should take some action."

Cards Offer Hornsby One-Year Contract

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—President Sam Breadon, of the St. Louis Cardinals today took under advisement a request of Rogers Hornsby for his return for three years as a player and manager.

Hornsby made the request at a conference in which Breadon proposed that Hornsby retain his player's contract, which still has a year to run, or to combine the old contract with a one year contract at a salary of \$100,000.

"I told Hornsby," Breadon said, "that the three year contract he proposed ran into bigger money than the club's earning power for the past eight years justified and that one year was far as I could reasonably see my way to sign."

Breadon said that the fact that he and Hornsby did not reach an agreement today did not mean that they would not get together but that he did not know when he would give the Cardinal manager an answer.

Grange's Grid Gains Exceeded by Quarter

Urbana, Ill., Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—Four of this year's football stars exceeded the yardage record of 1,017, set by "Red" Grange in 1924, season totals compiled today revealed. It was recalled, however, that the famous iceman played only the equivalent of about five games in 1924, sitting on the bench or scouting opponents.

Welch, of the Pitt Panthers, set the high mark of the year and also the new record with 1,190 yards. Manuel Laramie, of the University of Southern California, was close behind, with 1,166 yards. Morton Kaer, his team mate on the Trojans, gained 1,121 yards for the season and Charles Rogers, of Pennsylvania, made an even 1,000.

Close behind the Grange record were Donahoe, of Carnegie, with 968 yards; "Cotton" Wilson, of Purdue, with 967 yards; and Herb Joesting, of Minnesota, with 922.

Grange started his remarkable record with four touchdowns against Michigan in twelve minutes of the first period, one from the opening kickoff and the second on the third play of the game. With four touchdowns on the score board, Grange rested for most of the remainder of the contest.

COURT GAMES WANTED.
Games may be arranged with the Columbia A. C. officers by calling Manager Larry O'Dwyer at Adams 8414.

Referee Favored His Health By Naming Walker Winner

Blackjacks and Pistols Again Playing Prominent Part in Awarding Fight Decisions in Chicago and New York, Says Pegler.

By WESTBROOK PEGLER.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6.—The blackjack and the shooting pistol, which are explicitly forbidden by the rules of fist fighting in refined communities, appear to be regaining their popularity of late. The groups in the smart tea places in New York has it that Mr. Benny Yanger, who refereed the bout between Mickey Walker and Tiger Flowers in Chicago, may have injured his reputation, but certainly did a very fine thing for his health when he picked Walker as the winner.

The inference is that certain of the neighborhood small-arms experts had ventured on Walker and would have diluted Yanger's system with an injurious foreign substance if he had decided otherwise.

This is interesting if true, but is nothing to arouse popular indignation, as the same influence may operate in the Tiger's favor next time, and such matters doubtless even themselves up in the long run.

For some time the blackjack and shooting tool have been frowned upon in New York, but the fad has never died out completely. The most prominent instance of the use of such extraneous influences was the time that Arlie Metcoven, then one of the most active referees in town, ignored the desires of some young men who wished a certain fighter to win a certain fight.

Full of defiance and ethical purity Arlie told the fight as he saw it, and he saw it in a most insubstantial way. He made a long detour to a hospital in returning home from that fight and during his convalescence he returned his license to the cauliflower commission with a note stating that he was resigning for the good of his health.

Another celebrated case that attracted the interest of the cauliflower commission involved Charlie Phil Rosenberg, the present bantamweight champion, and an Italian youth from Chicago named Eddie Shea. Although the record never was straightened out, it was understood that a delegation of young men who had bet on Rosenberg, appointed themselves an entertainment committee, and called on Shea before the fight. The young gentlemen of the entertainment committee are said to have flipped back the tails of coats revealing black-jack thongs and pistol butts and to have remarked that they were betting on Rosenberg.

10,000 Golf Finals At El Caballero Club

Los Angeles, Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—El Caballero Country club, north of Los Angeles, was chosen today as the site for the final play in the \$10,000 open golf championship.

Eighteen holes will be played Friday, Saturday, 18 on Saturday, and 36 on Sunday. From five to ten courses will be used to determine the finalists in the qualifying rounds January 5, depending on the number of entries.

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Star Fighters Signed by Promoter

Sharkey and Maloney Join Troupe for Bouts in Garden.

Dempsey May Also Be Available; Winner to Meet Tunney.

NEW YORK, Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—With four leading contenders under long-term contract, Tex Rickard apparently held a corner on the 1927 heavyweight market today after signing Jack Sharkey and Jim Maloney, of Boston, and Paulino Uzcudun, of Spain, within the last three days.

Their names were added to that of Harry Persson, the Swedish challenger, who will do all his boxing next year for Rickard. Jack Dempsey, dethroned champion, also has indicated that any future fighting he may do will be under the promotion of the Madison Square Garden fist impresario.

From this field and possibly Paul Berlenbach, erstwhile light-heavyweight title holder, Rickard said today he expected to produce Gene Tunney's next opponent through the elimination series which has been in progress at Madison Square Garden for several weeks.

Berlenbach still is outside the fold, but Rickard's friends predicted he would be added to the group soon. He twice has appeared before the State athletic commission recently, seeking to break a contract with Humbert J. Tugue, an order that he might participate in the elimination tests.

Sharkey, last of the candidates to sign under Rickard, will not be available until after February 1, at which time his agreement with Fugate will expire. He then will engage in four battles for Rickard.

If Rickard succeeds in corraling Berlenbach, which observers consider highly probable, the only possible contender would draw "a cool million" in a subsequent battle against Gene Tunney for the championship.

Rickard predicted that the survivor of his heavyweight elimination tournament would draw "a cool million" in a subsequent battle against Gene Tunney for the championship.

And when Tunney is ready to fight, "You can bet all the tea in China that I will be the man behind the helm," the promoter said.

Rickard expressed the hope that Dempsey would decide to make a comeback, claiming that the dethroned champion was the most "colorful heavyweight that ever lived."

"Tunney and Dempsey would draw another tremendous gate," he continued, "but you'll never live to see the day that the Philadelphia receipts are equalled. Two-million dollar gates are a thing of the past."

3 Fights Between Sharkey And Tunney, Buckley Says

Boston, Dec. 6 (By A. P.)—Jack Sharkey, Boston heavyweight, who conquered Harry Wills, will meet Gene Tunney for the world heavyweight title next September 15, provided he wins a heavy-scale battle, his manager, John Buckley, declared on his return from New York today.

Sharkey is signed to meet Henry Persson, Swedish fighter, on February 7; Paulino, of Spain, on March 14, and Paul Berlenbach, on June 9. Buckley declared that Tex Rickard had promised if Sharkey wins these three battles to pit him against the champion.

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(Bet. F and G Sts.—West Side)
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Footwear—

The most Scientifically designed Footwear that a man can obtain.

Built with Arch Support brace that supports and relieves Fallen Arch, Weak Ankle, so-called Foot Rheumatism, etc.

Such shoes put the elasticity of youth into the step, enabling one to walk tireless and really enjoy this most healthful of exercises.

Fitted by Professional Shoe Fitters.

To wives of EDMONSTON patrons:

Just phone us to lay aside the shoe or slipper of the size "He" wears.

We have a record of the Size. Sensible Christmas Gifts.

EDMONSTON & CO., Inc.

ANDREW BETZ, Manager

Advisers and Authorities on All Foot Troubles

DIAMOND

LOWEST RATES

Initial 15c Charge

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WALLACE MOTOR CO.

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NASH

New and Used Cars

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MAIN 7612

CENTRAL BUSINESS MEN MEET HERE TODAY

Stenogs Play Strayer's Team

Last Night's Bowling Results

Mt. Pleasant Quintet Tackles St. John's on Latter's Court.

Eastern Faces Saints Friday; Stars With Strayer's.

WASHINGTON's schoolboy basketball army starts to form solid ranks this week, the first move being due this afternoon at 3:15 o'clock, when Business Men Strayer's on the Business High school floor, and Central mixes with St. John's at the latter's court, Vermont avenue near St. Peter's north. These games are the opening of a card of six, scheduled up to and including Saturday.

Business action again Thursday in a game with American University at the Massachusetts avenue gym. Eastern will then march forward and engage St. John's on Friday, the game being due on the former's floor. Business and Central swing into action again on Saturday for out-of-town contests, the Stenog journeying to Manassas, Va., to meet Swavely Prep, and the Mount Pleasanters traveling to Frederick, Md., to oppose the Maryland School for the Deaf.

Today's games should be close arguments throughout, judging from what the four teams have done so far. In Strayer's the Business men will face two former scholars, stars in Tommy David, of Western, and "Cap" Cappell, of Eastern, who no doubt still are continuing the fast pace characteristic of their performances in high school series of the past.

Central's revamped five should encounter plenty of trouble from St. John's in trying to win its second game of the season, since the Saints push Business to the limit last week, despite the latter's army of veterans.

Company F Quintets Beat District Foes

Company F Regulars and Company F Reserves of Hyattsville, opened their court season last night with victories. The Regulars submerged Parkway Motor Co. 20-10, while the Reserves defeated the preliminary Reserves game the Park Memorial Seniors a 22-10 last evening.

Thursday night the Regulars will play St. Stevens, while in the preliminary the Reserves take on the Army. Both games are carded for the early at Hyattsville.

Fascisti Now Control All Italian Athletics

Rome, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Sporting activities in Italy henceforth will be under the control of the fascist party. After a lengthy inquiry into the operation of the various clubs and associations, the Italian government has announced tonight that it had ordered the nation's Olympic committee to become an instrument of the party.

Enrico Ferretti, president of the Olympic committee, will serve under orders from the secretary of the party, and the committee will be empowered with direct supervision of all training and physical educational activities of the nation.

7th Gold Football Awarded to Steger

Chicago, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—The miniature gold football, emblematic of a championship, is designed for a watch chain, but Herb Steger, backfield coach at Northwestern, has nearly enough for a necklace. Steger has just been awarded the seventh golden oval, as a tutor of the Big Ten champions of Northwestern.

He won four just like it as a backfield star at Oak Park, Ill., high school, and two more at Michigan, in 1922 and 1923.

135-Pound Grid Title To Be Decided Sunday

The St. Stephen's A. eleven will clash with "Pop" Dulin's Crescent A. C. next Sunday on the Monument grounds to decide the 135-pound championship of the District. These two teams met two years ago for the 135-pound title in a game which ended in a 6-6 tie.

The feature of the 1924 game was the broken-field running of Augie Roberts, of the Crescents, and Santo Zumbo, of the Saints. This year "Pop" Dulin has another star in Simmons. The Saints will center their attack around Zumbo.

Cochin Jim Kenyon requests that all the Saints show up for practices listed for Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 p. m. at Twenty-fifth street and Pennsylvania avenue northwest.

PONTIACS TO CONVEY

All members of the Pontiacs are requested to report to a meeting Friday night at the home of Maxine Orndier, 1022 South Carolina avenue, at 7:30 o'clock. Basketball players are asked to report at Eastern high, gymnasium Saturday night at 6:45 o'clock.

BASKETBALL STATISTICS

Washington, W. L. Per. 1.00
Cleveland, W. L. Per. 1.00
Park Wayne, W. L. Per. 1.00
Chicago, W. L. Per. 1.00
Detroit, W. L. Per. 1.00
No game scheduled.

LADIES AVIATION LEAGUE.

Parker	68	78	82	Schaefer	75	75	75
Wilson	68	78	82	Jarvis	75	75	75
Schroeder	68	78	82	Partridge	75	75	75
W. Sullivan	68	78	82	W. Sullivan	75	75	75
Totals	271	406	410	Totals	292	277	290

COMMERCIAL BOWLING LEAGUE.

M. Grayson	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
B. Baker	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

MASOULI LEAGUE.

Blue	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Red	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
White	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Totals	330	330	330	330	330	330	330

BEST GIRLS LEAGUE.

W. Sullivan	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
W. Sullivan	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
W. Sullivan	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Totals	240	240	240	240	240	240	240

PERSONNEL.

Daily	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Platt	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Reed	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Meredith	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Totals	160	160	160	160	160	160	160

REG. ACCOUNTS.

M. Grayson	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
B. Baker	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

EAST WASHINGTON CHURCH (LADIES).

Shab	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
De Shazo	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Bray	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Totals	330	330	330	330	330	330	330

SOUTHERN AYS. DISBURSING OFFICE.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

ATHLETIC LEAGUE.

Lavender	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Brown	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Palmer	120	120	120	120	120	120	120
Totals	360	360	360	360	360	360	360

TERMINAL YOUTH LEAGUE.

Leidner	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Mash	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
McGill	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
Totals	240	240	240	240	240	240	240

LUTHERAN DUKES LEAGUE.

J. Erdman	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
H. Wells	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
H. Wells	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

REFORMATION.

Schiller	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Kitts	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Hall	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
Totals	330	330	330	330	330	330	330

CONSOLIDATED RETURNS LEAGUE.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

SHIPPING BOARD.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

RECORDS.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

RECORDS.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

RECORDS.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

RECORDS.

W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
W. Sullivan	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Totals	300	300	300	300	300	300	300

2 SOUTHERN TITLES FOR TARHEELS

University Athletes Win Track and Hike Honors.

CHAPLAIN, N. C., Dec. 6.—Winning two Southern championships in track in the brief period of half a year is the remarkable record justifying a year by cinder path athletes at the University of North Carolina, who added further glory and brought the season to a happy ending here Saturday by winning the State championship.

The Tar Heels won the Southern conference title in track—winning in the brief period of half a year is the remarkable record justifying a year by cinder path athletes at the University of North Carolina, who added further glory and brought the season to a happy ending here Saturday by winning the State championship.

The rise of the Tarheels to the peak of Southern cinderpath and distance running has been accompanied largely within the last five years. Although there were a few scattered road races in the early years, the emphasis was given cross-country as a varsity sport until about 1921.

The Carolina runners won the State title in that year for the first time. The record for the last three years is remarkable, for the Tarheels have not suffered a single defeat during the seasons of 1925, 1926 and 1927. The 1926 team, composed of Daniels, Turner, Russ, Lashley and Goodwin, won the State title over rather stiff opposition.

Last fall "Red" Pritchett, sensational sophomore two-miler, galloped home ahead of the field in the State championship race at Duke, followed in order by Bell, Elliott and Daniels. Henderson, the fifth man, finished well up in the rear.

This year's squad has continued the brilliant record by winning the Southern conference title at Athens, Ga. The Tarheels, holders of the title since 1925, defeated the University of Georgia, 1925 and 1926, the 1926 team, composed of Daniels, Turner, Russ, Lashley and Goodwin, won the State title over rather stiff opposition.

Cox finished in the order named for the Tarheels. All of the five runners were in the first 15 men, while Brown took sixteenth and Cox was seventeenth. Cox finished with only one shoe.

Gray Mist, in the opinion of the gallery, was the outstanding dog of the day. The Georgia Field Trials association, which is held for the first time in the afternoon, will not be announced the winners at conclusion of the day's program. The weather was clear and cool.

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Beneficial Influence Cast By Pros on School Tossers

Youngsters, Watching Paid Performers, Have Gained Clearer Insight to Game; Coaches' Instruction Absorbed More Easily.

By MIKE KELLEY.
Central High School Coach.

PROFESSIONAL basketball, introduced by Washington followers of the court game nearly five years ago, with the first appearance here by the original Celtics, has had a marked influence on the cage game of the local high schools and has aided considerably in the development of the young players.

Viewing the paid performers exhibit their wares at the old Coliseum and the Arcade has made the youngsters great admirers of the style of game and the methods employed by the professionals. Nowadays the coach's instructions in the art of cutting, controlling the ball, blocking and shooting are more readily understood.

The tendency of most young high school basketball players to continually throw the ball away, to shoot from any and all impossible positions and to telegraph their intentions has been made more acute by the fact that they can see for themselves the skill of a professional in making a basketball in cutting, blocking and shooting.

In the games in which these two teams played each other an interesting side light was thrown on the fans, in the efforts of Moser of Central and Heike of Eastern to work the net for the first time in the repertoire of the Celtics.

Most of the high school teams have had the opportunity to work out with the pros in the past few years and a clearer insight to the game has been made possible for them. There is no doubt but that the advent of professional basketball here has been a great factor in the development of the young players hereabout.

G. P. O. Pinmen Score At Convention Hall

Members of the Government Printing Office team in the District league, who also roll with the Union Printers and the Athletic circuit, are making a strong bid for leadership in the second annual Convention Hall tournament which opened yesterday.

The selection of the 1926 All-American hockey team at the Baltimore tournament last week proves that the people are playing better hockey than at any other time in the history of the game in this country.

Until this tournament a few good players held their positions on the team and the rest were "fill-ins." The team was not sufficiently good to threaten the supremacy. This year, however, only three of the 1925 team members remained in the line-up.

The girls who held their places are Anne B. Townsend, captain of the All-American team, and Margaret Jacobs, left back, and Kitty McLean, left half, all of whom are from Philadelphia. The team is a combination of the best players in the country.

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LONDON SMOKING ROOMS OVERCROWDED BY WOMEN

Men Glare and Rattle Their Papers, but It Does Them No Good.

WANT COMPANY OF MEN

London, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Feminine smoke rings are being blown with increasing defiance from the exclusive masculine armchairs in London smoking cafes. Astonished glances and angrily rustled newspapers fail to disturb the innumerable Lady Nicotines who are slowly ousting men from their own strongholds.

"A few years ago no woman would ever have dared pass our doors," said the director of a firm which operates 50 smoking cafes in the London city district. "Today we could not keep them out if we tried. A few years ago if any woman did succeed in entering we certainly would not have permitted her to indulge in a cigarette—not even a scented one with a strip of pink satin around the end."

"But everything is different now. Women have been smoking for years—at homes, at dances and in the cafes and restaurants of the West End, but lately they have even swarmed into the smoking cafes of the city which, even after smoking for women had received universal sanction, were by common consent regarded as the exclusive resort of men."

"Why not smoking cafes for women if they are so keen on their coffee and cigarettes?" it was suggested.

"Because they don't want it," he replied. "They want to go where the men are. If any one started smoking cafes for women you'd find they wouldn't go there, and if they did, the men would start a counter invasion. Mixed smoking cafes will be the recognized thing in the future—and a not very distant future either."

Many business girls in London are adopting the 11 o'clock coffee and cigarette habit, and some employers allow them a ten-minute interval definitely for this purpose.

Father and Son Are Kansas Lawmakers

Topeka, Kans., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—A Kansas father and his son are partners in the making of laws. Although both are lawyers, they are not partners in the practice of law, living in different cities.

The senior member of the "firm" is Edgar Bennett, of Washington, State senator from Washington county. The son, Edgar C. Bennett, of Marysville, represents Marshall county in the lower house of the Kansas legislature.

TYPICAL JOHN BULL CALLED PRE-SAXON

British Scientist Declares Cartoon Is Not a Bit Like Englishman.

London, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—John Bull is not a Saxon at all, as generally supposed. John Bull, it seems, is sort of a prehistoric creature.

Sir Arthur Keith, the famous anthropologist, has been coldly examining this world known figure who started on his path to fame in 1712, and concluded that the typical John Bull as seen by the cartoonist is not in the least typical of Englishmen. Said Sir Arthur to the Royal Society of Medicine:

"Neither in face nor coloring is John Bull a true Saxon, and to find his prototype it is necessary to go far back to certain invaders early in the second millennium B. C., who appear to have originated beyond the Caucasus where big noses and round heads still abound."

Is Mayor 5 Terms; Only Hostile Votes

Shreveport, La., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—To have been elected mayor of a town of 3,500 for five consecutive terms, and to have received a total of 5 votes against him in the five elections, is the record of E. M. Bodenheimer, 60-year-old "booster" of South Highlands, La.

South Highlands, a strictly residential town, adjoins the city of Shreveport, but has its own municipal government and its own public utilities.

STOP THAT COLD
Menth-Ol-Pins
50¢
ALL DRUG STORES

For the ONLY GIRL

Read the Christmas Gift Suggestions today—under the heading of "Gifts for Her." There you will find an array of gifts suggested that will make you appreciate the

SAVE TIME, TROUBLE AND WORRY

HOLIDAY HINTS every day in the

Washington Post

Alaska May Raise All Hay It Needs

Anchorage, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Alaska live stock will eat Alaska hay in winter as well as summer if experiments conducted by H. W. Alberts, director of demonstration farms in the Territory, are a success. Alberts feels Alaska can be made self-supporting in agriculture and animal industry. At present cattle are fed oat-hay, clover and other roughage shipped in from Canada and the States.

SOUTH DAKOTA FINDS PHEASANTS DO WELL

State Now Will Introduce Hungarian Partridge in Big Numbers.

Pierre, S. Dak., Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—A graceful, aristocratic and vari-colored bird, the Chinese ring-necked pheasant, is thriving on the prairies of South Dakota. The game bird has grown beyond the most optimistic hopes of the State department of agriculture, which introduced it, and is attracting more and more hunters each year from a dozen middle Western States and a few beyond.

Gratified with the success of pheasant introduction, the agricultural department now plans to bring in a vast number of Hungarian partridges, another bird which is counted among the game of kings and which is expected to find an agreeable environment in Dakota.

Hunting fees are used mostly to provide protection for the game birds when the hunting season is closed and for establishing preserves where young birds are cared for until they may be released.

DOGS FURNISH POWER FOR ALASKAN RAILWAY

Line Covers 67 Miles of Narrow-Gauge Track to Kougarkok Area.

Nome, Alaska, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—Sheer novelty of transportation is the claim to fame of the Pupmobile railroad between Nome and Shetler, for the trains are minus both locomotives and engines.

The motive power is furnished by husky dogs, and the railroad crew is composed of the passengers themselves. Operation of the trains consists solely in wielding a whip, except in cases where two trains meet between sidings. In that contingency, the one with the lighter load is lifted from the track while the other passes. Then the "engine" is hitched on again and the journey continues.

The railroad has 87 miles of narrow-gauge track. It was built in the early days of Alaska mining to connect the Kougarkok mining district with the coast, and was bought by the Territory three years ago. It is now operated by the Alaska road commission for the public use.

POINCARÉ ABOLISHES CABINET FORMALITY

Insists That Familiar Thee and Thou Be Used in Conversations.

Paris, Dec. 6 (By A. P.).—"Thee" and "thou" and "thine," exchanged in French between members of the cabinet, make its meetings resemble, in phraseology at least, the old Quaker gatherings.

M. Poincaré has insisted that the ministers, drawn from all parties as they are, use the second person singular in talking to one another—regardless of whether they like each other. The equivalent in English would be to oblige them to call each other by their first name or nicknames.

"Be thou prudent, Aristide!" warned M. Barthou, minister of justice, when he saw M. Briand holding lengthy conversation with newspapermen. "Thou must remember that Raymond warned thee not to divulge what happened in our conference!"

"Be thou tranquil, Louis," retorted Briand. "Thou knowest I am just as prudent as our colleague, Paul-Prudent Painlevé."

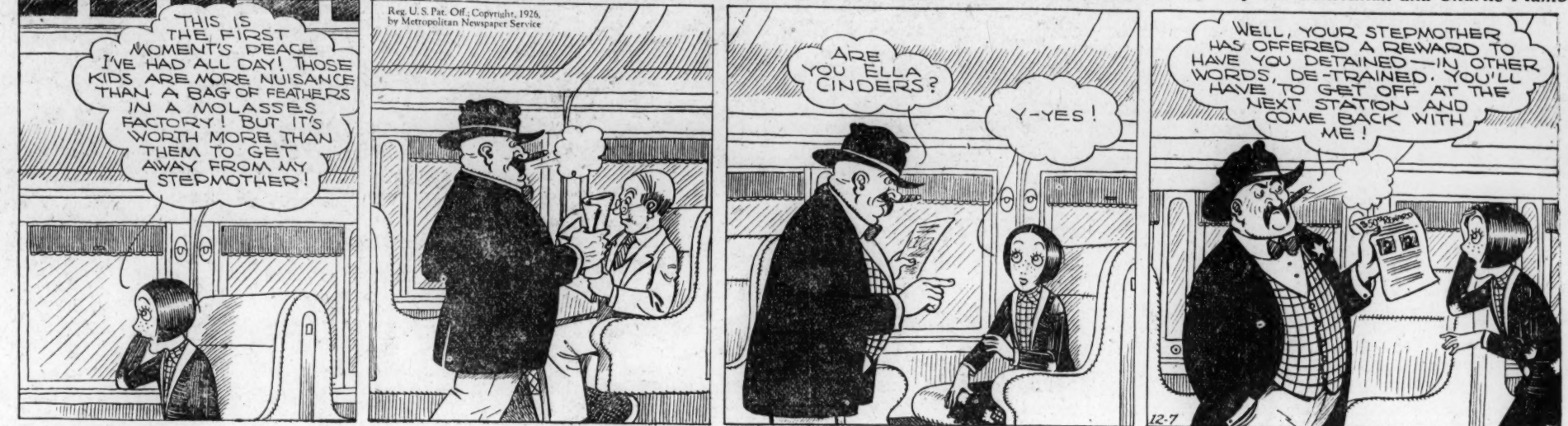
Crystal Spheres for Lamps. Crystal spheres are supplanting the more ornate china and pottery bases for table lamps.

THE GUMPS



ELLA CINDERS—Here's Double Trouble!

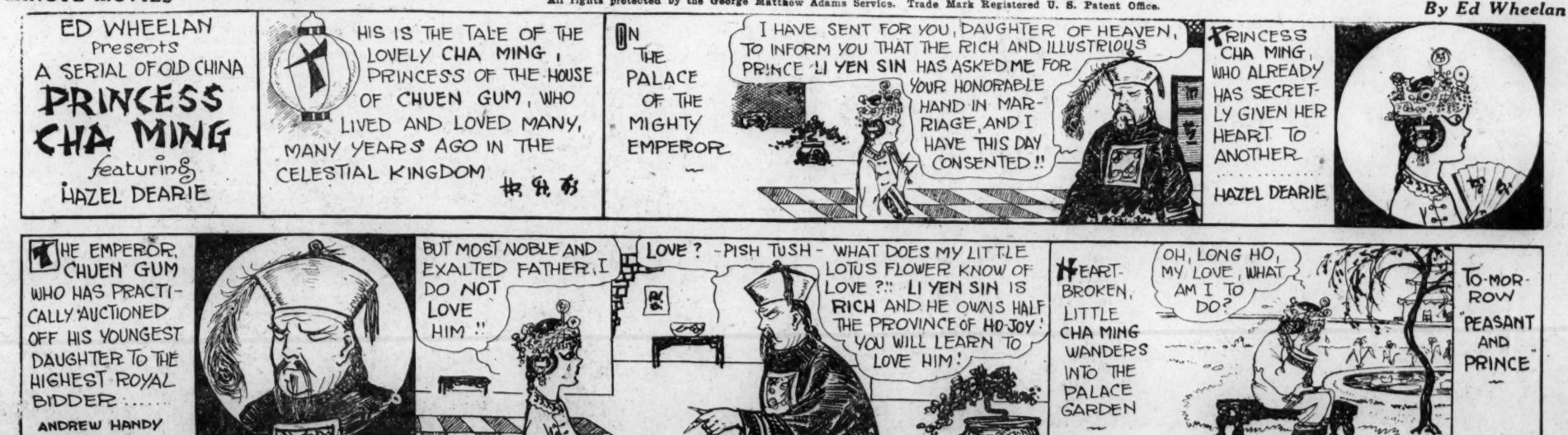
Ella Cinders will be on a full page in next Sunday's comic section of The Washington Post By Bill Conselman and Charlie Plumb



GASOLINE ALLEY



MINUTE MOVIES



CICERO SAPP



WINNIE WINKLE, THE BREADWINNER



FINANCE AND RATE
CURBS BONDS' ACTIVITY

Prices, However, Hold Up
Well—Rail Issues Make
Good Showing.

FOREIGN LOANS STRONG

New York, Dec. 6 (By the Associated Press).—An advance in the call money rate to 5 1/2 per cent, reflecting a temporary drain on funds to repair the deficit in the reserve of local banks and to prepare for the mid-month settlements, curbed activity in the bond market today, but failed to depress prices.

Fluctuations in bonds of the local traction companies showed unusual interest following the publication of reports that interests affiliated with the Brooklyn-Manhattan Co. had obtained control of the other systems and were planning a consolidation. Interborough issues maintained a firm tone around the year's top prices, but obligations of the other companies were under selling pressure.

Railroad issues made a satisfactory showing although most of the gains were limited to fractions. New York Central, Pennsylvania, Frisco, Wash. & Annapolis and Norfolk Southern issues were active and higher.

Selling within fractions of the year's peak prices, foreign obligations were among the strongest features of the market. French and Belgian bonds headed upward at the start, but soon encountered resistance from the forced prices fractionally lower. Trading in German issues was quiet with interest centered on prospects for new industrial financings.

A \$10,000,000 bond issue was said to be under negotiation for the United Industrial Corporation, which placed a \$6,000,000 loan here a year ago.

Public offering will be made tomorrow of \$10,000,000 North Carolina 4 1/2 per cent bonds at prices to yield 4 1/2 per cent.

LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Sales—Regular call, 11:15 a. m.
Washington Gas Co. 10 at 10 1/2
Wash. Ry. & Elec. Co. 10 at 10 1/2
District Nat. Bank 10 at 10 1/2
Nat. Bank of Wash. 10 at 25 1/2
Riggs Nat. Bank 10 at 44 1/2
Wash. Ry. & Elec. Co. 10 at 10 1/2
Washington Gas Co. 10 at 10 1/2
Nat. Met. Bank 10 at 40 1/2
Wash. Gas Light Co. 10 at 40 1/2
Nat. Mtge. & Inv. Co. 10 at 4 1/2

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Am. T. & C. conv. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 4s. 104 1/2

MISCELLANEOUS

Chestnut Farm Inc. 104
D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
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D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Am. T. & C. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 104 1/2
Am. T. & C. 104 1/2
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Am. T. & C. 104 1/2

NATIONAL BANKS

Capital 270
Commercial 232
District 226
Farmers & Merchants 211
Federal Reserve 320
First Nat. 350
Fourth Nat. 400
Metropolitan 400
Security 400
Union 400
Washington 400

TRUST COMPANIES

Am. Sec. & Trust 970
Continental Trust 84
Merch. Bank & Trust 151
Nat. Savings & Trust 228
Union Trust 228
Washington Trust 470

SAVINGS BANKS

Commerce & Savings 256
East Washington 26
Sec. Sav. & Com. 225
Seventh St. 225
United States 225
Washington Mechanics 225

FIRE INSURANCE

American 300
Firemen's 21
National Union 21
Real Estate 180
Title Insurance 180

TITLE INSURANCE

Columbia 10 1/2
Real Estate 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180
Title Insurance 180

TITLE INSURANCE

D. C. Paper Mfg. Co. 104
Federal Reserve 320
First Nat. 350
Fourth Nat. 400
Metropolitan 400
Security 400
Union 400
Washington 400

BOSTON CLOSING BIDS.

Special to The Washington Post.
American T. & C. 52 1/2
Boston Elevated 17 1/2
Boston & Maine 52 1/2
Columbian & Atlantic 16 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2
Edison 22 1/2

OIL QUOTATIONS.

Oil City Pa. 45.00 (B. A. P.)
Credit balance, 45.00; runs, 46.40;
average runs, 43.97; shipments, 44.71;
average shipments, 42.94.

FLOUR QUOTATIONS.

Minnesota, Minn. Dec. 6 (By A. P.)
100 lb. barrel—Shipments, 41.80; barrels,
41.80—50.00.

BOND SALES ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1926.
(Reported direct from the New York Stock Exchange by J. & W. Seligman & Co.)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR BONDS.				UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR BONDS.				UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR BONDS.				UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT WAR BONDS.			
(The following sales are given in lots of \$10,000.)				(The following sales are given in lots of \$10,000.)				(The following sales are given in lots of \$10,000.)				(The following sales are given in lots of \$10,000.)			
Quotations in dollars and cents of a dollar.				Quotations in dollars and cents of a dollar.				Quotations in dollars and cents of a dollar.				Quotations in dollars and cents of a dollar.			
Issue.	Open.	High.	Last.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Last.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Last.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Last.
Liberty 3 1/2's.	100.14	100.15	100.14	Liberty 4's.	100.7	100.7	100.7	Liberty 4 1/2's.	101.2	101.2	101.2	Liberty 5's.	101.4	101.4	101.4
Liberty 5 1/2's.	101.6	101.6	101.6	Liberty 6's.	101.8	101.8	101.8	Liberty 6 1/2's.	102.0	102.0	102.0	Liberty 7's.	102.2	102.2	102.2
Liberty 7 1/2's.	102.4	102.4	102.4	Liberty 8's.	102.6	102.6	102.6	Liberty 8 1/2's.	102.8	102.8	102.8	Liberty 9's.	103.0	103.0	103.0
Liberty 9 1/2's.	103.2	103.2	103.2	Liberty 10's.	103.4	103.4	103.4	Liberty 10 1/2's.	103.6	103.6	103.6	Liberty 11's.	103.8	103.8	103.8
Liberty 11 1/2's.	104.0	104.0	104.0	Liberty 12's.	104.2	104.2	104.2	Liberty 12 1/2's.	104.4	104.4	104.4	Liberty 13's.	104.6	104.6	104.6
Liberty 13 1/2's.	104.8	104.8	104.8	Liberty 14's.	105.0	105.0	105.0	Liberty 14 1/2's.	105.2	105.2	105.2	Liberty 15's.	105.4	105.4	105.4
Liberty 15 1/2's.	105.6	105.6	105.6	Liberty 16's.	105.8	105.8	105.8	Liberty 16 1/2's.	106.0	106.0	106.0	Liberty 17's.	106.2	106.2	106.2
Liberty 17 1/2's.	106.4	106.4	106.4	Liberty 18's.	106.6	106.6	106.6	Liberty 18 1/2's.	106.8	106.8	106.8	Liberty 19's.	107.0	107.0	107.0
Liberty 19 1/2's.	107.2	107.2	107.2	Liberty 20's.	107.4	107.4	107.4	Liberty 20 1/2's.	107.6	107.6	107.6	Liberty 21's.	107.8	107.8	107.8
Liberty 21 1/2's.	108.0	108.0	108.0	Liberty 22's.	108.2	108.2	108.2	Liberty 22 1/2's.	108.4	108.4	108.4	Liberty 23's.	108.6	108.6	108.6
Liberty 23 1/2's.	108.8	108.8	108.8	Liberty 24's.	109.0	109.0	109.0	Liberty 24 1/2's.	109.2	109.2	109.2	Liberty 25's.	109.4	109.4	109.4
Liberty 25 1/2's.	109.6	109.6	109.6	Liberty 26's.	109.8	109.8	109.8	Liberty 26 1/2's.	110.0	110.0	110.0	Liberty 27's.	110.2	110.2	110.2
Liberty 27 1/2's.	110.4	110.4	110.4	Liberty 28's.	110.6	110.6	110.6	Liberty 28 1/2's.	110.8	110.8	110.8	Liberty 29's.	111.0	111.0	111.0
Liberty 29 1/2's.	111.2	111.2	111.2	Liberty 30's.	111.4	111.4	111.4	Liberty 30 1/2's.	111.6	111.6	111.6	Liberty 31's.	111.8	111.8	111.8
Liberty 31 1/2's.	112.0	112.0	112.0	Liberty 32's.	112.2	112.2	112.2	Liberty 32 1/2's.	112.4	112.4	112.4	Liberty 33's.	112.6	112.6	112.6
Liberty 33 1/2's.	112.8	112.8	112.8	Liberty 34's.	113.0	113.0	113.0	Liberty 34 1/2's.	113.2	113.2	113.2	Liberty 35's.	113.4	113.4	113.4
Liberty 35 1/2's.	113.6	113.6	113.6	Liberty 36's.	113.8	113.8	113.8	Liberty 36 1/2's.	114.0	114.0	114.0	Liberty 37's.	114.2	114.2	114.2
Liberty 37 1/2's.	114.4	114.4	114.4	Liberty 38's.	114.6	114.6	114.6	Liberty 38 1/2's.	114.8	114.8	114.8	Liberty 39's.	115.0	115.0	115.0
Liberty 39 1/2's.	115.2	115.2	115.2	Liberty 40's.	115.4	115.4	115.4	Liberty 40 1/2's.	115.6	115.6	115.6	Liberty 41's.	115.8	115.8	115.8
Liberty 41 1/2's.	116.0	116.0	116.0	Liberty 42's.	116.2	116.2	116.2	Liberty 42 1/2's.	116.4	116.4	116.4	Liberty 43's.	116.6	116.6	116.6
Liberty 43 1/2's.	116.8	116.8	116.8	Liberty 44's.	117.0	117.0	117.0	Liberty 44 1/2's.	117.2	117.2	117.2	Liberty 45's.	117.4	117.4	117.4
Liberty 45 1/2's.	117.6	117.6	117.6	Liberty 46's.	117.8	117.8	117.8	Liberty 46 1/2's.	118.0	118.0	118.0	Liberty 47's.	118.2	118.2	118.2
Liberty 47 1/2's.	118.4	118.4	118.4	Liberty 48's.	118.6	118.6	118.6	Liberty 48 1/2's.	118.8	118.8	118.8	Liberty 49's.	119.0	119.0	119.0
Liberty 49 1/2's.	119.2	119.2	119.2	Liberty 50's.	119.4	119.4	119.4	Liberty 50 1/2's.	119.6	119.6	119.6	Liberty 51's.	119.8	119.8	119.8
Liberty 51 1/2's.	120.0	120.0	120.0	Liberty 52's.	120.2	120.2	120.2	Liberty 52 1/2's.	120.4	120.4	120.4	Liberty 53's.	120.6	120.6	120.6
Liberty 53 1/2's.	120.8	120.8	120.8	Liberty 54's.	121.0	121.0	121.0	Liberty 54 1/2's.	121.2	121.2	121.2	Liberty 55's.	121.4	121.4	121.4
Liberty 55 1/2's.	121.6	121.6	121.6	Liberty 56's.	121.8	121.8	121.8	Liberty 56 1/2's.	122.0	122.0	122.0	Liberty 57's.	122.2	122.2	122.2
Liberty 57 1/2's.	122.4	122.4	122.4	Liberty 58's.	122.6	122.6	122.6	Liberty 58 1/2's.	122.8	122.8	122.8	Liberty 59's.	123.0	123.0	123.0
Liberty 59 1/2's.	123.2	123.2	123.2	Liberty 60's.	123.4	123.4	123.4	Liberty 60 1/2's.	123.6	123.6	123.6	Liberty 61's.	123.8	123.8	123.8
Liberty 61 1/2's.	124.0	124.0	124.0	Liberty 62's.	124.2	124.2	124.2	Liberty 62 1/2's.	124.4	124.4	124.4	Liberty 63's.	124.6	124.6	124.6
Liberty 63 1/2's.	124.8	124.8	124.8	Liberty 64's.	125.0	125.0	125.0	Liberty 64 1/2's.	125.2	125.2	125.2	Liberty 65's.	125.4	125.4	125.4
Liberty 65 1/2's.	125.6	125.6	125.6	Liberty 66's.	125.8	125.8	125.8	Liberty 66 1/2's.	126.0	126.0	126.0	Liberty 67's.	126.2	126.2	126.2
Liberty 67 1/2's.	126.4	126.4	126.4	Liberty 68's.	126.6	126.6	126.6	Liberty 68 1/2's.	126.8	126.8	126.8	Liberty 69's.	127.0	127.0	127.0
Liberty 69 1/2's.	127.2	127.2	127.2	Liberty 70's.	127.4	127.4	127.4	Liberty 70 1/2's.	127.6	127.6	127.6	Liberty 71's.	127.8	127.8	127.8
Liberty 71 1/2's.	128.0	128.0	128.0	Liberty 72's.	128.2	128.2	128.2	Liberty 72 1/2's.	128.4	128.4	128.4	Liberty 73's.	128.6	128.6	128.6
Liberty 73 1/2's.	128.8	128.8	128.8	Liberty 74's.	129.0	129.0	129.0	Liberty 74 1/2's.	129.2	129.2	129.2	Liberty 75's.	129.4	129.4	129.4
Liberty 75 1/2's.	129.6	129.6	129.6	Liberty 76's.	129.8	129.8	129.8	Liberty 76 1/2's.	130.0	130.0	130.0	Liberty 77's.	130.2	130.2	130.2
Liberty 77 1/2's.	130.4	130.4	130.4	Liberty 78's.	130.6	130.6	130.6	Liberty 78 1/2's.	130.8	130.8	130.8	Liberty 79's.	131.0	131.0	131.0
Liberty 79 1/2's.	131.2	131.2	131.2	Liberty 80's.	131.4	131.4	131.4	Liberty 80 1/2's.	131.6	131.6	131.6	Liberty 81's.	131.8	131.8	131.8
Liberty 81 1/2's.	132.0	132.0	132.0	Liberty 82's.	132.2	132.2	132.2	Liberty 82 1/2's.	132.4	132.4	132.4	Liberty 83's.	132.6	132.6	132.6
Liberty 83 1/2's.	132.8	132.8	132.8	Liberty 84's.	133.0	133.0	133.0	Liberty 84 1/2's.	133.2	133.2	133.2	Liberty 85's.	133.4	133.4	133.4
Liberty 85 1/2's.	133.6	133.6	133.6	Liberty 86's.	133.8	133.8	133.8	Liberty 86 1/2's.	134.0	134.0	134.0	Liberty 87's.	134.2	134.2	134.2
Liberty 87 1/2's.	134.4	134.4	134.4	Liberty 88's.	134.6	134.6	134.6	Liberty 88 1/2's.	134.8	134.8	134.8	Liberty 89's.	135.0	135.0	135.0
Liberty 89 1/2's.	135.2	135.2	135.2	Liberty 90's.	135.4	135.4	135.4	Liberty 90 1/2's.	135.6	135.6	135.6	Liberty 91's.	135.8	135.8	135.8
Liberty 91 1/2's.	136.0	136.0	136.0	Liberty 92's.	136.2	136.2	136.2	Liberty 92 1/2's.	136.4	136.4	136.4	Liberty 93's.	136.6	136.6	136.6
Liberty 93 1/2's.	136.8	136.8	136.8	Liberty 94's.	137.0	137.0	137.0	Liberty 94 1/2's.	137.2	137.2	137.2	Liberty 95's.	137.4	137.4	137.4
Liberty 95 1/2's.	137.6	137.6	137.6	Liberty 96's.	137.8	137.8	137.8	Liberty 96 1/2's.	138.0	138.0	138.0	Liberty 97's.	138.2	138.2	138.2
Liberty 97 1/2's.	138.4	138.4	138.4	Liberty 98's.	138.6	138.6	138.6	Liberty 98 1/2's.	138.8	138.8	138.8	Liberty 99's.	139.0	139.0	139.0
Liberty 99 1/2's.	139.2	139.2	139.2	Liberty 100's.	139.4	139.4	139.4	Liberty 100 1/2's.	139.6	139.6	139.6	Liberty 101's.	139.8	139.8	139.8
Liberty 101 1/2's.	140.0	140.0	140.0	Liberty 102's.	140.2	140.2	140.2	Liberty 102 1/2's.	140.4	140.4	140.4	Liberty 103's.	140.6	140.6	140.6
Liberty 103 1/2's.	140.8	140.8	140.8	Liberty 104's.	141.0	141.0	141.0	Liberty 104 1/2's.	141.2	141.2	141.2	Liberty 105's.	141.4	141.4	141.4
Liberty 105 1/2's.	141.6	141.6	141.6	Liberty 106's.	141.8	141.8	141.8	Liberty 106 1/2's.	142.0	142.0	142.0	Liberty 107's.	142.2	142.2	142.2
Liberty 107 1/2's.	142.4	142.4	142.4	Liberty 108's.	142.6	142.6	142.6	Liberty 108 1/2's.	142.8	142.8	142.8	Liberty 109's.	143.0	143.0	143.0
Liberty 109 1/2's.	143.2	143.2	143.2	Liberty 110's.	143.4	143.4	143.4	Liberty 110 1/2's.	143.6	143.6	143.6	Liberty 111's.	143.8	143.8	143.8
Liberty 111 1/2's.	144.0	144.0	144.0	Liberty 112's.	144.2	144.2	144.2	Liberty 112 1/2's.	144.4	144.4	144.4	Liberty 113's.	144.6	144.6	144.6
Liberty 113 1/2's.	144.8	144.8	144.8	Liberty 114's.	145.0	145.0	145.0	Liberty 114 1/2's.	145.2	145.2	145.2	Liberty 115's.	145.4	145.4	145.4
Liberty 115 1/2's.	145.6	145.6	145.6	Liberty 116's.	145.8	145.8	145.8	Liberty 116 1/2's.	146.0	146.0	146.0	Liberty 117's.	146.2	146.2	146.2
Liberty 117 1/2's.	146.4	146.4	146.4	Liberty 118's.	146.6	146.6	146.6	Liberty 118 1/2's.	146.8	146.8	146.8	Liberty 119's.	147.0	147.0	147.0
Liberty 119 1/2's.	147.2	147.2	147.2	Liberty 120's.	147.4	147.4	147.4	Liberty 120 1/2's.	147.6	147.6	147.6	Liberty 121's.	147.8	147.8	147.8
Liberty 121 1/2's.	148.0	148.0	148.0	Liberty 122's.	148.2	148.2	148.2	Liberty 122 1/2's.	148.4	148.4	148.4	Liberty 123's.	148.6	148.6	148.6
Liberty 123 1/2's.	148.8	148.8	148.8	Liberty 124's.	149.0	149.0	149.0	Liberty 124 1/2's.	149.2	149.2	149.2	Liberty 125's.	149.4	149.4	149.4
Liberty 125 1/2's.	149.6	149.6	149.6	Liberty 126's.	149.8	149.8	149.8	Liberty 126 1/2's.	150.0	150.0	150.0	Liberty 127's.	150.2	150.2	150.2
Liberty 127 1/2's.	150.4	150.4	150.4	Liberty 128's.	150.6	150.6	150.6	Liberty 128 1/2's.	150.8	150.8	150.8	Liberty 129's.	151.0	151.0	151.0
Liberty 129 1/2's.	151.2	151.2	151.2	Liberty 130's.	151.4	151.4	151.4	Liberty 130 1/2's.	151.6	151.6	151.6	Liberty 131's.	151.8	151.8	151.8
Liberty 131 1/2's.	152.0	152.0	152.0	Liberty 132's.	152.2	152.2	152.2	Liberty 132 1/2's.	152.4	152.4	152.4	Liberty 133's.	152.6	152.6	152.6
Liberty 133 1/2's.	152.8	152.8	152.8	Liberty 134's.	153.0	153.0	153.0	Liberty 134 1/2's.	153.2	153.2	153.2	Liberty 135's.	153.4	153.4	153.4
Liberty 135 1/2's.	153.6	153.6	153.6	Liberty 136's.	153.8	153.8	153.8	Liberty 136 1/2's.	154.0	154.0	154.0	Liberty 137's.	154.2	154.2	154.2
Liberty 137 1/2's.	154.4	154.4	154.4	Liberty 138's.	154.6	154.6	154.6	Liberty 138 1/2's.	154.8	154.8	154.8	Liberty 139's.	155.0	155.0	155.0

SIX ITEMS PRESSED IN ANNUAL REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS

Equitable Fiscal Relation Is First, Merger Second and Borland Law Third.

ELIMINATION OF GRADE CROSSINGS IS URGED

Many Public Improvements in Progress; Congress Told of District Affairs.

Six of the many items of proposed District legislation pending before Congress were stressed in the annual report of the commissioners for the last fiscal year, submitted yesterday. In the order in which they are named in the report the six items are:

Placing the fiscal relations between the District and Federal governments on "a permanent and equitable basis."

To bring about a merger of local traction lines.

Repeal of the Borland law relative to assessing against abutting property the cost of roadway paving.

Elimination of remaining grade crossings.

Reconstruction of bridges "now in poor condition or not suitable for modern traffic."

Elimination of the present price limitation governing acquisition of land for school site, park and playground purposes.

Many Improvements in Progress.

The report said, in part: "The appropriations for the last fiscal year were, in general, more adequate than those for any previous year since the United States entered the world war. As a consequence, many public improvements have been made."

"The five-year school building program is well under way. The new water supply system is near completion."

"Considerable progress has been made in the installation of new street lights, in accordance with a plan approved for the whole District. Considerable improvement has been made in the condition of downtown streets, and several streets have been widened, but we still have over 700,000 square yards of street paving over 30 years old."

Traffic Conditions Better.

"The construction of permanent buildings at the District workhouse and reformatory is going ahead, and the building construction at the new District training school is progressing satisfactorily. Traffic conditions have been improved by the installation of traffic lights, and the public is becoming accustomed to the new regulations."

Private buildings construction in the District exceeded all previous records, and as a consequence appropriations for many purposes, such as water and sewer main extensions, suburban roads, street cleaning, garbage, ash and trash collection, playgrounds and the street trees have hardly sufficed to maintain the standards of service heretofore furnished."

"Notable in the legislation beneficial to the District, enacted at the first session of the Sixty-ninth Congress, were the act creating the National Capital park and planning commission and the act creating the board of public welfare."

Asks Utilities Commission.

"The bill creating a new public utility commission passed both Houses of Congress on the last day of the session but was not engrossed or signed. This bill should be made a law as soon as possible when Congress convenes."

"The cash receipts of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1926, amounted to \$31,564,805.48, made up as follows: Revenue of the District of Columbia from taxes and miscellaneous sources, \$22,564,805.48; amount transferred to the revenues of the District of Columbia by the United States, \$9,000,000."

"The collections from taxes on real estate for the fiscal year 1926 amounted to \$14,352,605.44; collections from taxes on personal property, including taxes on gross earnings and receipts of public utilities, banks and building associations and on gross receipts of street railway companies, \$3,389,022.88; and collections from taxes on intangible personal property, \$2,057,943.34. Collections from miscellaneous sources amounted to \$2,765,253.82."

"The cash expenditures for the fiscal year 1926, from appropriations, amounted to \$29,869,450.16."

Veterans in Prisons To Be Given Aid

The Veterans of Foreign Wars will canvass all prisons in order to assist incarcerated former service men in applying for their Federal bonus, Theodore Stitt, commander-in-chief of that organization, told President Coolidge at the White House yesterday.

Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, director of the veterans' bureau, told the President he would cooperate with the Veterans of Foreign Wars in its undertaking.

The Veterans of Foreign Wars is not moved by "foolish sentimentality" toward the convict, Stitt said, but is trying to help the dependents of the imprisoned veterans. Many of the veterans, he said, believe they are ineligible for the bonus. He said they are entitled to the bonus, and he is eager that the dependents of these men receive its benefits.

Walter Reed Patients Guests.

Patients at Walter Reed hospital will be guests at "What Price Glory," which is running at the Gayety theater this week. General Manager Ira J. La Motte announced yesterday. The patients will go in groups of from 75 to 150 to each performance until all have seen the show.

BAND CONCERTS TODAY

SOLDIERS' HOME BAND ORCHESTRA. Stanley Hall, beginning at 8:45 o'clock. John S. Zimmerman, bandmaster; Emil J. Festad, assistant leader.

March, "The Blue Bird".....Von Blot Overture, "Life for the Cause".....Glinka

Ensemble, (a) "Heart Throbs".....Herbert (b) "If You Should Die".....Finston Grand selections from operas, "Homes and Tunes".....Gounod

Fox Trot, "Where'd You Get Those Eyes".....Donaldson Waltz, "Sweet Reflections".....Carl Fischer Finale, "While the Years Go Drifting By".....Burke

"The Star-Spangled Banner".....

MARINE BAND ORCHESTRA. Marine Barracks, beginning at 9:15 o'clock. William H. Zimmerman, bandmaster; Taylor Branson, second leader, conducting.

March, "The Blue Bird".....Von Blot Overture, "Life for the Cause".....Glinka

Ensemble, (a) "Heart Throbs".....Herbert (b) "If You Should Die".....Finston Grand selections from operas, "Homes and Tunes".....Gounod

Fox Trot, "Where'd You Get Those Eyes".....Donaldson Waltz, "Sweet Reflections".....Carl Fischer Finale, "While the Years Go Drifting By".....Burke

"The Star-Spangled Banner".....

ROSEMARY BAND ORCHESTRA. Rosemary Hotel, beginning at 9:30 o'clock. Rosemary Band, bandmaster; Rosemary Band, second leader, conducting.

March, "The Blue Bird".....Von Blot Overture, "Life for the Cause".....Glinka

Ensemble, (a) "Heart Throbs".....Herbert (b) "If You Should Die".....Finston Grand selections from operas, "Homes and Tunes".....Gounod

Fox Trot, "Where'd You Get Those Eyes".....Donaldson Waltz, "Sweet Reflections".....Carl Fischer Finale, "While the Years Go Drifting By".....Burke

"The Star-Spangled Banner".....

ROSEMARY BAND ORCHESTRA. Rosemary Hotel, beginning at 9:30 o'clock. Rosemary Band, bandmaster; Rosemary Band, second leader, conducting.

March, "The Blue Bird".....Von Blot Overture, "Life for the Cause".....Glinka

Ensemble, (a) "Heart Throbs".....Herbert (b) "If You Should Die".....Finston Grand selections from operas, "Homes and Tunes".....Gounod

Fox Trot, "Where'd You Get Those Eyes".....Donaldson Waltz, "Sweet Reflections".....Carl Fischer Finale, "While the Years Go Drifting By".....Burke

"The Star-Spangled Banner".....

Army Engineers Here To View River Work

Twenty-six regular army engineer officers, now students at the engineer school at Fort Humphreys, Va., will come here today to inspect work being carried on by the local U. S. engineer's office in the Virginia channel and on Columbia Island, as well as construction on Arlington Memorial bridge.

Following their inspection of river and harbor work, they will be given an introductory talk by Maj. Brecken Somerville, district U. S. engineer, and lectures by Messrs. E. A. Schmitt and E. J. Merrick, Jr., assistant U. S. engineers, of the local office.

Plans for Exposition Outlined at City Club

Martin A. Leese, president of the Washington Chamber of Commerce, outlined plans for the city's third annual industrial exposition at a meeting yesterday in the City club. The exposition will be held at the Washington auditorium in March.

After describing how industry in and near Washington has broadened in scope, Mr. Leese expressed the hope that manufacturers in Alexandria, Rockville and other nearby places would have exhibits at the exposition. Others who spoke at the meeting were Frank Weld, Charles W. Dary, Col. Robert N. Harper and Dorsey W. Hyde, Jr.

APPEALS COURT UPHOLDS STATUS OF SEIZED LIQUOR

Rules Intoxicants Should Be Returned if Case Is Not Proved.

LITIGATION BY DICKHAUTS

Pre-Volstead or any other liquors seized and held as evidence in prohibition cases which are not proved by the prevailing authorities have the same status as any other property, according to a ruling yesterday by the Court of Appeals. It is the practice of the courts to order returned all other property to the person from whom it was seized, but the local courts and many other agencies have refused to return seized liquors in such cases.

The ruling arises in the case of Walter Dickhaut and his wife, Mrs. Anna Dickhaut, whose home, then at 916 Virginia avenue southwest, was raided July 3, 1924, and a quantity of pre-Volstead liquor seized. The case against Mrs. Dickhaut was nolle prossed and the case against her husband dismissed, principally because the "informant" had disappeared and because his statements were not believed by the prosecution.

The police court ruled the liquor could not be returned because it was contraband. Attorney Robert E. Lynch, as counsel for the Dickhauts, obtained a writ of error. Lynch opposed the theory of the government that its clients had failed to prove the liquor was lawfully possessed.

The appellate court decided that as the cases against the Dickhauts were ended the liquor no longer could be used as evidence, and, that as it had the same status as any other property which had been wrongfully seized, it should be returned.

LORD BUDGET BUREAU PRAISED BY CITIZENS

Dupont Circle Association Also Indorses Fish's Stadium Bill.

Faith was expressed in the administration of the present bureau of the budget, and recommendation made that the five-year school building program be placed under the supervision of a schoolhouse commission when the Dupont Circle Citizens association met yesterday afternoon at Rauscher's.

James G. Yaden, president of the Federation of Citizens Associations, urged closer cooperation with the federal government to make the body effective in its representation of District needs. The association indorses a bill to be introduced in Congress by Representative Hamilton Fish, providing for the erection here of a memorial stadium to Theodore Roosevelt, with a seating capacity of 100,000.

The expression of faith in the budget bureau referred to recent proposed changes in the present method of submitting estimates. The resolution was presented by Snowden Ashford, as was the proposal to place the building program in the hands of a commission. The latter will be forwarded to the District subcommittee in the form of a bill. It was announced that 70 members had been enrolled during the recent membership drive.

500 Dolls Dressed For Salvation Army

Five hundred dolls are being dressed and packed by the women resident of Evangeline, the Salvation Army hotel, in L street near Fourteenth street northwest, and will be distributed to poor girls of the city at the tree celebration Christmas in the army headquarters, Sixth and E streets northwest.

The dolls are only a part of the gifts which will go to gladden the hearts of 1,000 poor children this year. After the dolls have been prepared, a contest will be held by officials of the organization, and prizes will be awarded for the best dressed dolls.

Taliaferro Has Busy First Day as City Head

Sidney F. Taliaferro served his first active day as District commissioner yesterday. It was a busy day, embracing many calls by friends and new official associates, as well as a special meeting of the commissioners.

Pressed for an expression of opinion concerning his new work, the new commissioner asked to be excused from comment until he had familiarized himself with his new duties. He also voiced reluctance to submit to being continually photographed.

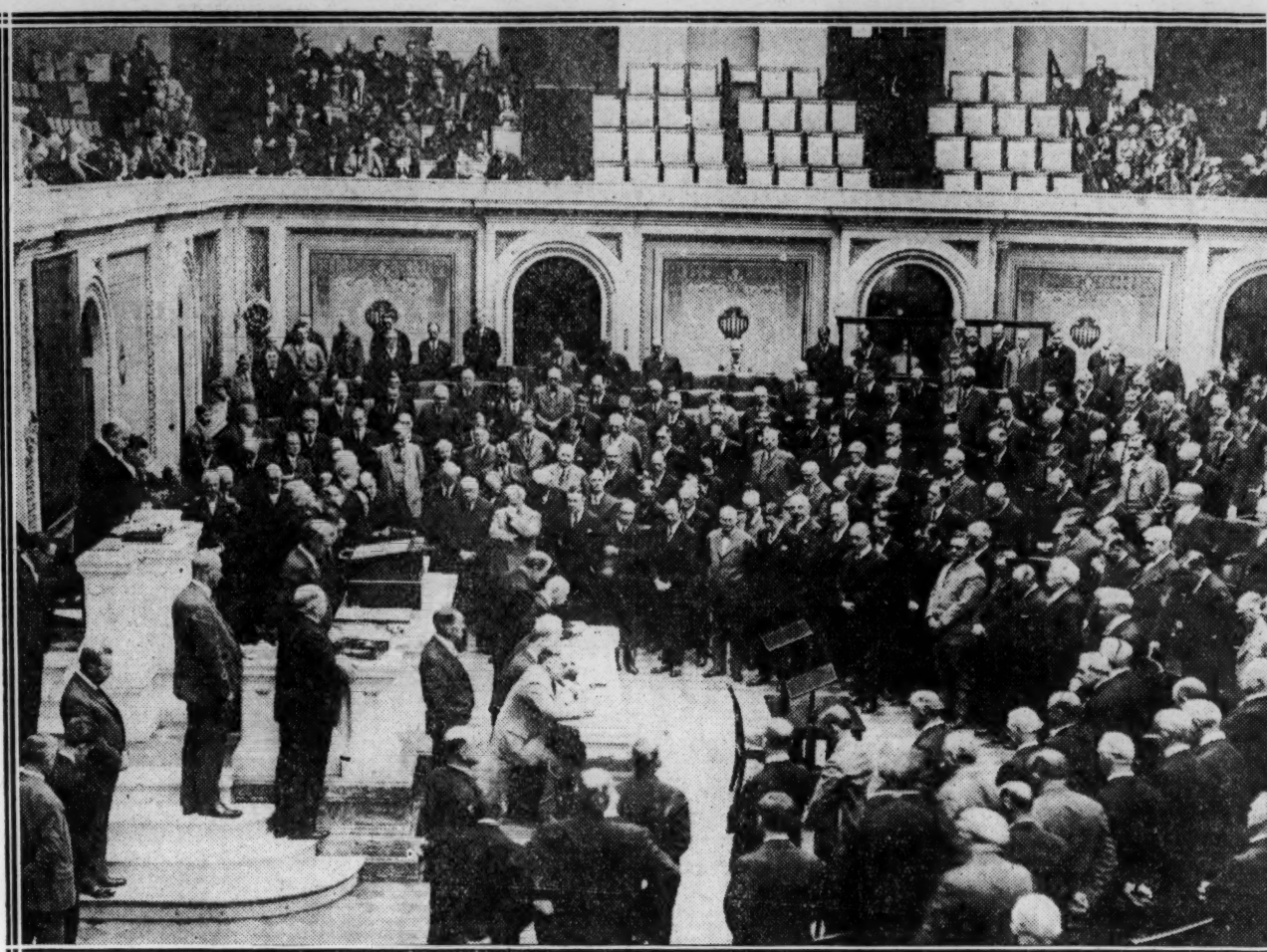
Nurse Injured In Collision.

Miss Ann C. Wiler, 31 years old, 113 Seventh street southeast, was cut on the nose and bruised on the knees yesterday when a "hit-and-run" driver crashed with the car she was driving at Twenty-ninth and M streets northwest. Miss Wiler is a nurse of Georgetown university hospital. She refused hospital treatment.

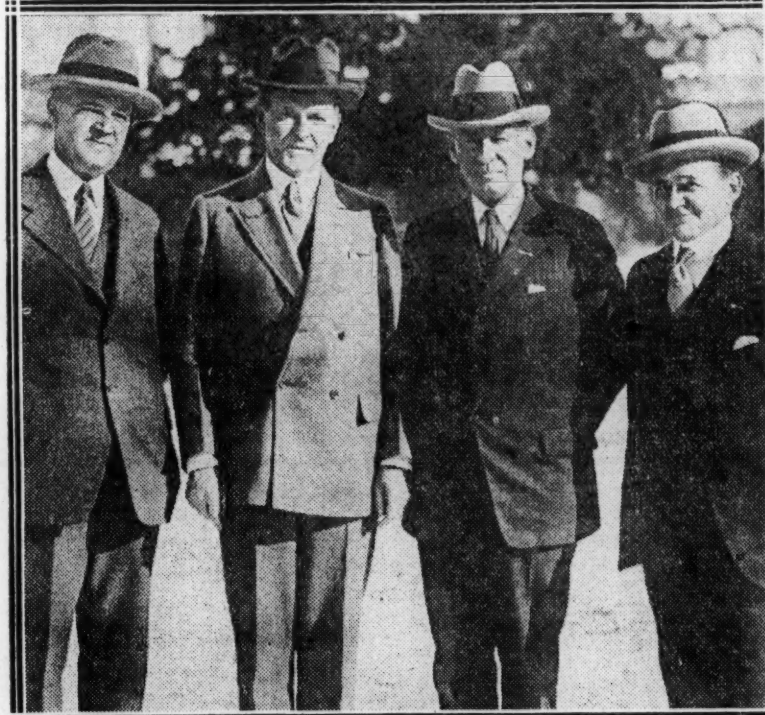
Man Held In Wife's Death.

A coroner's jury yesterday found Douglas Griffith, colored, 22 years old, for the grand jury in connection with the fatal shooting Sunday of his wife, Rosie Griffith, 22 years old, during a quarrel in their home, 1133 Sixteenth street northwest. Griffith also is accused of shooting Farhanah Green, colored, 23 years old, and Jim Payton, colored, 42 years old, of the same address, who participated in the argument.

NEWS OF THE DAY IN PICTURES



"LAME DUCK" SESSION OPENS. The Rev. James Shera Montgomery saying the opening prayer in the House of Representatives for the final session of the Sixty-ninth Congress.



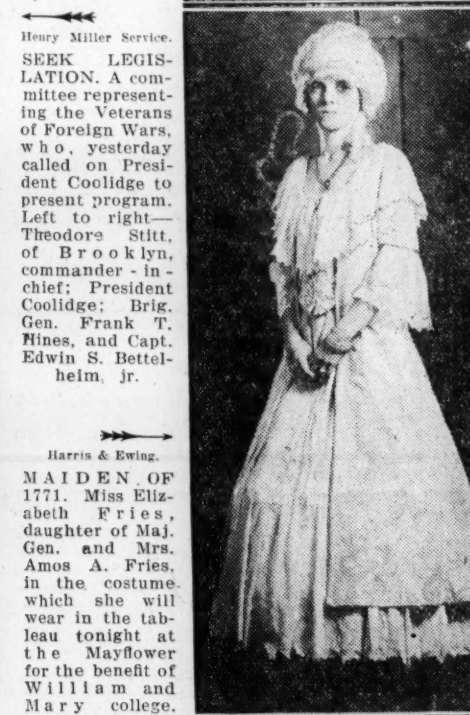
MAIDEN OF 1771. Miss Elizabeth Fries, daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Amos A. Fries, in the costume which she will wear in the tableau tonight at the Mayflower for the benefit of William and Mary college.



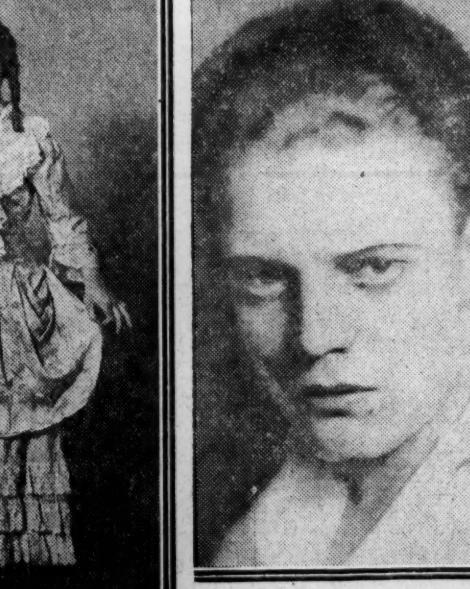
NEW PRESIDENT. Mrs. Josiah Van Orsdel, wife of Justice Van Orsdel, of the Court of Appeals, elected president of the Children of the American Revolution.



WILL HE ROAR? William A. Westfall, of Mason City, Iowa, international president of the Lions club, who was a visitor to the Washington Lions club yesterday.



TO PLAY. Carlisle Ruddy and Frederick Renner as they will appear in the Gonzaga Dramatic association's production of "A Celebrated Case," next Tuesday.



ELOPER. Richard Leibert, organist at Loew's Palace theater, who eloped to Baltimore yesterday with Miss Mary McClintic, daughter of Representative James V. McClintic, of Oklahoma.



RIBBONS FOR HEALTH. Health Officer Fowler, presenting ribbons yesterday to mothers of 100 per cent physically perfect children at a meeting of the Parent-Teacher association of the John Eaton school. Left to right—Mrs. E. C. Wallington, Mrs. Margaret Schwab, Mrs. George Peterson, Mrs. Ernest A. Back and Dr. Fowler.

Georgetown Hospital Benefit Is Presented

A crowded house rewarded the efforts of the women's board of Georgetown university hospital at the benefit performance given last night at the National theater.

The Rev. Charles W. Lyons, S. J., president of Georgetown university, here drew the list of names and proceeds from the performance will be used to promote the charity work done at the hospital. The women's board of which Mrs. Harry V. Haynes is president, recently raised \$30,000 for this work and opened three additional free wards at the hospital.

International Head Addresses Lions Club

William A. Westfall, international president of the Lions club, addressed the local Lions yesterday at a luncheon in the Mayflower hotel. He outlined the work of the local club and outlined the work of the organizations throughout the country.

The Lions had as their special guest the heads of the local civic organizations, among them Harry Cunningham, of Rotary; Thomas M. Stearns, of Civitan; E. E. Herrell, of Cosmopolitan; S. R. Rettler, of American Business Men; S. M. Pierce, of Optimist; Steven Talles, of Thirteen; P. M. Hutchinson, of Round Table, and Mark Lansburgh, of Kiwanis.

COURT UPHOLDS RIGHT TO DISCHARGE VETERAN

Appellate Tribunal Reverses Lower Decision Against Officials of Bureau.

EMPLOYEE LOSES PLACE

The head of a government department is not required to keep on the payroll any employee whose services are not needed, even if there are no charges pending against the employee and even if the employee is entitled to military preference, according to a decision yesterday by the Court of Appeals, which reversed the lower court. The latter tribunal ordered Brig. Gen. Frank T. Hines, director of the veterans' bureau, and H. W. Longfellow, chief of the personnel division of the bureau, to reinstate Mrs. Annette F. Guder, of Richmond, as a stenographer at the Richmond branch of the bureau. The defendant officials appealed.

Mrs. Guder was a yeoman (F.) and was a "war time" employee. Because of her service as a yeoman she was entitled to military preference. She became a surplus employee and was discharged on December 15, 1925. There were no charges pending against her. She came to the lower court with the plea that there should have been charges preferred against her and sustained before she could legally be discharged. Assistant District Attorney Edgar E. Rorer, on behalf of the defendant officials, contended that there was no need to prefer charges and that whether Mrs. Guder's rating was good or otherwise, the mere fact that she was not needed was sufficient and legal cause to discharge her. The appellate court sustained his contention.

Difference Between Applications.

The appellate court stressed the difference between these two applications of the "front foot rule" by noting that when it was applied for sewer or water mains it was applied for what might be termed the individual benefit of the property owners, and that when it was applied to cover costs of paving it was applied to a few property owners for the benefit of the public.

The lower court was reversed not only because of the discrimination but because, in the case on appeal, it was found that the property against which the "front foot rule" was assessed varied in depth of lots and cross-section of the streets and thoroughfares.

A front foot of property which goes back onto the street is assessed just as much of the paving cost as the front foot which ran back 300 feet or more, the court found.

Mail Gifts This Week. Postmaster Requests

Postmaster William M. Mooney yesterday called on Washingtonians to try and do the bulk of their Christmas gift mailing this week. By the first of next week, he said, the annual overload of Christmas mailings will have been thrown on postal departments throughout the country, with the consequent strain on postal employees.

The postmaster also pointed out that the dead-line for certain types of Christmas packages is rapidly approaching. Gift packages destined for European countries, he said, must be received at the local post office not later than Tuesday if they are to catch the ocean mails. Only one week remains, he said, in which to mail packages destined for California and other Pacific coast States.

Shifting of Potomac Avenue Recommended

The District Commissioners yesterday recommended to the National Capital park and planning commission the shifting of the roadway of Potomac avenue to follow more faithfully the contour of the bluffs overlooking the Potomac river and five other changes in the highway plan, as follows:

Elimination of all projected streets through Rock Creek cemetery and of Fifteenth street northeast, as projected; changing Brentwood road to connect with Rhode Island avenue; rerouting of Rhode Island avenue so that the latter will include the present Rock Creek Ford road and changing Ridge Hill road and Burns street and Burns street around the District tree nursery at Fort Dupont.

Traffic Deaths Drop To 3 in November

Director of Traffic M. O. Eldridge yesterday expressed gratification that November traffic deaths, this year numbered only 3, compared to 10 in November, 1925.

"In this connection," he added, "it must be remembered, as an offset, that the October deaths were 10 this year and only 4 last year."

Traffic deaths in December 1 this year were 68, one less than for the same period a year ago.

TODAY'S HAPPENINGS

Meeting—Botanical Society of Washington; Cosmos club, 8 o'clock.

Meeting—Columbia Citizens association; St. Stephen's hall, 3017 Fourteenth street northwest, 8 o'clock.

Luncheon—Civitan club; Lafayette hotel, 12:30 o'clock.

Meeting—Washington chapter, Trinity college alumnae; Willard hotel, 8 o'clock.

Luncheon—Day Nursery of the Ursuline Sisters; Elks hall, 919 H street northwest, 11:30 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Card party—League of Republican Women of the District; New Willard hotel, 2:30 o'clock.

Dance—National Fellowship club; City club, 8 o'clock.

Barbecue and turkey dinner—Takoma Park Baptist Ladies Aid; Sunday school house, Finney Branch road and Aspen street; barbecue from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. and dinner 5 to 7 p. m.

Luncheon—Coal Merchants board of trade; Lee house, 12:30 o'clock.

Meeting—Burnside post, G. A. R. G. A. H. hall, 8 o'clock.

Luncheon—Advertising club; City club, 12:30 o'clock.

Turkey dinner and barbecue—Lafayette Aid; Eastern Presbyterian church, 7 o'clock.

Concert—Y. W. C. A. business women; Y. W. C. A. building, 614 E street northwest, 7 o'clock.

Conviction Is Affirmed.

The conviction of May Cooper and Helen Spencer and the sentence of three years each in prison on a joint charge of grand larceny was affirmed yesterday by the Court of Appeals. The defendants were alleged to have stolen three dresses and fourteen handkerchiefs from a Connecticut avenue store. Assistant District Attorney William H. Collins appeared for the government.

Housekeepers Alliance Meeting.

Representative David H. Kincheloe, of the House committee on agriculture, will address the Housekeepers Alliance this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Ambassador theater. The board will have luncheon at the Hob-Nob, 1767 Columbia road northwest, at 12:30 o'clock.